

Converting Colors

YUV(49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(49.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 29372A |
| RGB | 41, 55, 42 |
| RGB Percent | 16%, 22%, 16% |
| CMY | 0.8392, 0.7843, 0.8353 |
| CMYK | 0.25, 0.00, 0.24, 0.78 |
| HSL | 124°, 15%, 19% |
| HSV | 124°, 25%, 22% |
| XYZ | 2.6986, 3.3710, 2.6989 |
| YIQ | 49.3320, -4.1710, -7.0110 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

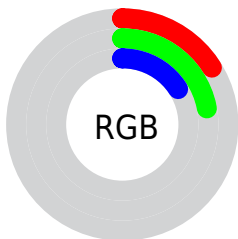
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_YB | 41, 54, 55 |
| Decimal | 2701098 |
| CIE Lab | 21.47, -8.98, 6.29 |
| CIE LCh | 21, 10.969, 144.988 |
| Yxy | 3.3710, 0.3078, 0.3844 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280891178 (0xFF29372A) |
| YUV | 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 |
| Hunter-Lab | 18.3602, -5.8946, 4.1366 |

Details

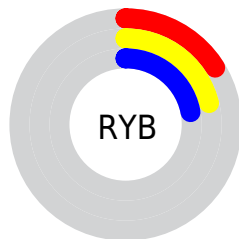
The YUV color **49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **46.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072**, and the grayscale version is **49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.5060, -4.1935, -8.3368**, and **5.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **51.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184**.

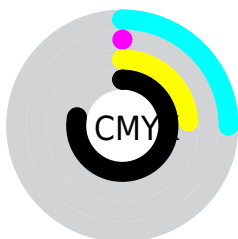
Distribution



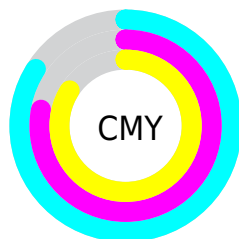
- Red (16%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (78%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

■ 49.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 28.4460, -3.1779,
-7.4071

■ 95.5060, -4.1935,
-8.3368

■ 5.8700, -2.8939,
-5.1480

■ 120.5060, -4.1935,
-8.3368

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 146.0930, -4.4828,
-8.8516

■ 172.9790, -4.9196,
-8.7516

■ 199.9790, -4.9196,
-8.7516

■ 227.9790, -4.9196,

-8.7516

251.3970, -2.1677,
-4.7332

49.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

49.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

47.2670, -5.0616,
-9.8812

51.6960, -2.3151,
-4.1184

44.9030, -6.3612,
-13.0699

53.7610, -0.8682,
-1.5444

42.8380, -7.8081,
-15.6439

56.1250, 0.4314,
1.6444

40.4740, -9.1077,
-18.8327

58.1900, 1.8783,
4.2184

38.2950, -10.9914,
-21.3067

60.6680, 3.6147,
7.3072

■ 35.9310, -12.2910,
-24.4955

■ 62.7330, 5.0616,
9.8812

■ 33.5670, -13.5905,
-27.6843

■ 65.0970, 6.3612,
13.0699

■ 32.7410, -14.1693,
-28.7139

■ 67.1620, 7.8081,
15.6439

■ 69.5260, 9.1077,
18.8327

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.2790, -6.5465, -0.2447



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



48.4390, 0.7696, -13.5400

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



50.7090, 8.0315, -9.3918



52.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



46.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



52.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



48.5510, 7.6164, -16.2692



52.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



52.0570, -6.4371, 11.3510

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



47.8130, 3.5432, -16.4990



52.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



52.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



68.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



53.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849



34.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



62.1420, -5.4930, -11.5255



50.1300, -0.5571, -8.0070



26.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



54.8020, -23.5664, -48.0614



130.3770, -56.3879, -114.3406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072



57.9720, 5.9298, 11.4256



45.8700, 0.5571, 8.0070



26.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



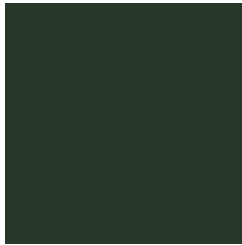
37.1980, 23.5664, 48.0614



88.7370, 56.8247, 114.2407

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

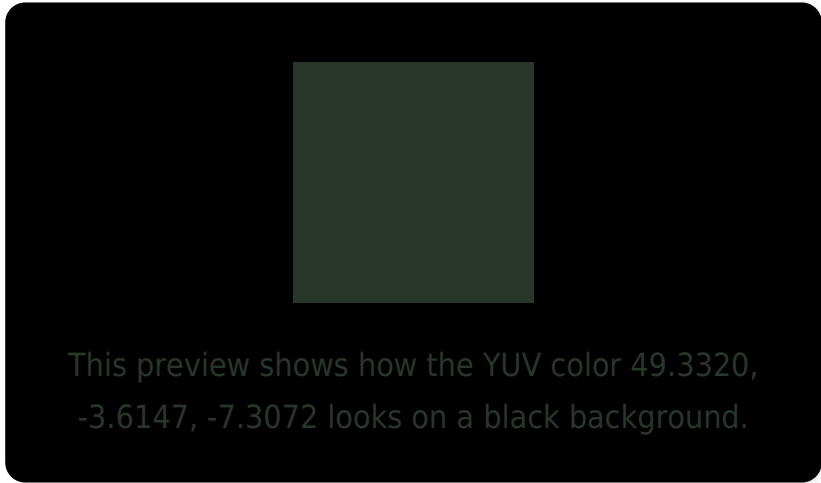
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072.



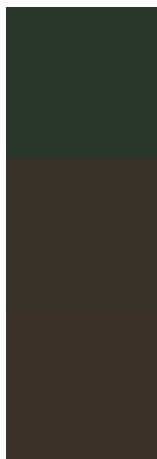
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072.

-7.3072.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072

Protanopia

50.9420, -5.3944, 3.5589

Deuteranopia

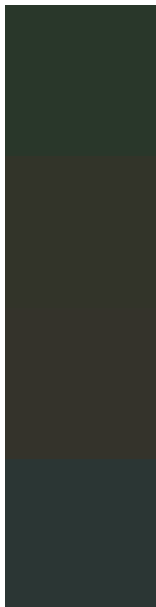
51.3060, -4.0949, 6.7476



Tritanopia

50.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072

Protanomaly

50.1480, -4.5100, -0.1298

Deuteranomaly

50.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146

Tritanomaly

50.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072

Achromatopsia

49.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

48.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 55, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 55, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 55, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 55, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 55, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 55, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 55, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 55, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 55, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 55, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 49.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 55, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 55,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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