

# Converting Colors

YUV(49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731)  
contains.

<b>YUV(49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F4A0F
RGB	15, 74, 15
RGB Percent	6%, 29%, 6%
CMY	0.9412, 0.7098, 0.9412
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.80, 0.71
HSL	120°, 66%, 17%
HSV	120°, 80%, 29%
XYZ	2.7320, 5.0336, 1.2795
YIQ	49.6330, -16.2250, -30.8570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

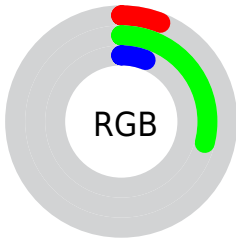
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	15, 74, 74
Decimal	1001999
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	26.83, -31.45, 28.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	27, 42.360, 137.943
Yxy	5.0336, 0.3020, 0.5565
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279192079 (0xFF0F4A0F)
YUV	49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731
Hunter-Lab	22.4357, -17.5265, 12.3236

# Details

The YUV color **49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **39.3670, 17.0741, 30.3731**, and the grayscale version is **50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.3730, -19.4109, -27.5141**, and **18.7840, -9.2605, -16.4736** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.7420, -19.0998, -33.9767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.5240, -15.0483, -26.7695**.

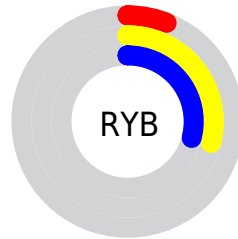
# Distribution



Red (6%)

Green (29%)

Blue (6%)



Red (6%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (29%)

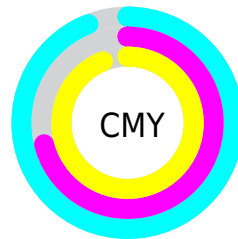


Cyan (80%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (80%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (94%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731

■ 49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,  
0.8998

■ 29.9370, -14.7589,  
-26.2547

■ 100.3730,  
-19.4109, -27.5141

■ 18.7840, -9.2605,  
-16.4736

■ 125.8460,  
-20.1371, -27.9289

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.3190,  
-20.8633, -28.3438


■ 179.2050,  
-21.3001, -28.2438


■ 207.2650,  
-22.3156, -29.1734


■ 231.7430,


-20.5793, -26.0846


 243.6060,  
-12.6238, -11.0555


 49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731


 49.6330, -17.0741,  
-30.3731


 46.7420, -19.0998,  
-33.9767


 52.5240, -15.0483,  
-26.7695

 43.4380, -21.4149,  
-38.0951

 55.8280, -12.7332,  
-22.6512

 58.7190, -10.7075,  
-19.0476

 62.0230, -8.3923,  
-14.9292

 64.9140, -6.3666,  
-11.3256

■ 67.8050, -4.3409,  
-7.7220

■ 71.1090, -2.0257,  
-3.6036

■ 74.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 77.3040, 2.3151,  
4.1184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.8560, -28.5230, 1.8803



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



50.7850, -0.8800, -44.5384

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



56.1550, 34.9266, -49.2479



57.5600, -5.6991, 54.7599

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



39.3670, 17.0741, 30.3731

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.0010, 8.8735, 47.3571



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



58.8420, 33.1089, -26.1714

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



57.2660, 26.4909, -50.2223



64.9250, 20.7430, 20.2368



59.8410, -22.1066, 43.9894



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



53.8800, 8.4402, -47.2528



64.9250, 20.7430, 20.2368



57.5260, -0.7523, 54.7897

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



87.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404



67.2740, -25.7711, 5.8987



42.2180, -4.0515, -7.2072



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731



58.5910, -26.9134, -47.8763



53.0530, -3.9701, -33.3725



36.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



59.8740, -29.5179, -52.5095



135.0100, -66.5599, -118.4038



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.3670, 17.0741, 30.3731



42.4090, 26.9134, 47.8763



36.0610, 4.4069, 33.2725



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



42.1260, 29.5179, 52.5095

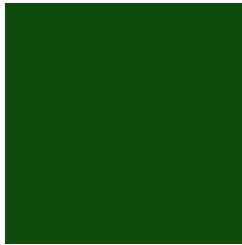


94.9900, 66.5599, 118.4038



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

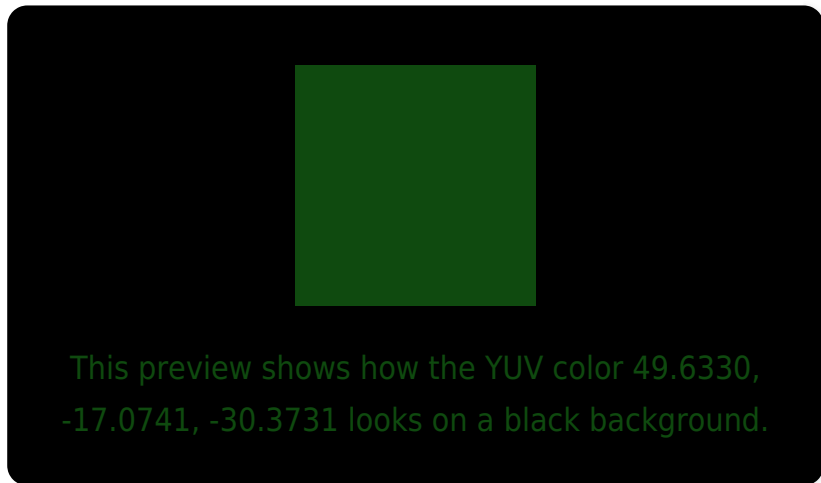
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

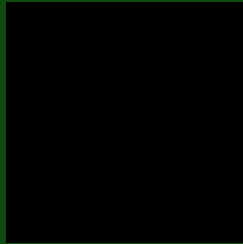
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731.

-30.3731.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731

### Protanopia

60.4640, -23.8928, 10.1171

### Deuteranopia

61.2350, -19.8359, 15.5799



## Tritanopia

58.8060, 7.4906, -22.6319

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731

## Protanomaly

56.6470, -21.5180, -4.9524

## Deuteranomaly

57.0650, -18.7660, -0.9340

## Tritanomaly

55.4930, -1.2290, -25.8654

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731

## Achromatopsia

50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

49.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 74, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 74, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 74, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 74, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 74, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 74, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 74, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 74, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 74, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 74, 15)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 49.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 74, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 74,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor