

Converting Colors

YUV(49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(49.6740, 1.1467,
5.5479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	382E34
RGB	56, 46, 52
RGB Percent	22%, 18%, 20%
CMY	0.7804, 0.8196, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.07, 0.78
HSL	324°, 10%, 20%
HSV	324°, 18%, 22%
XYZ	3.2277, 3.0427, 3.6660
YIQ	49.6740, 4.0340, 3.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

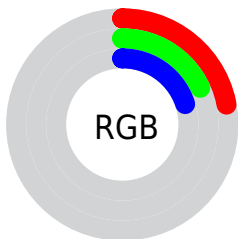
Format	Color
R_{YB}	56, 46, 52
Decimal	3681844
CIE Lab	20.21, 5.82, -2.14
CIE LCh	20, 6.203, 339.785
Yxy	3.0427, 0.3248, 0.3062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281871924 (0xFF382E34)
YUV	49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479
Hunter-Lab	17.4433, 2.5040, -0.2505

Details

The YUV color **49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **52.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479**, and the grayscale version is **50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627**, and **4.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.9240, 2.0095, 8.8367**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592**.

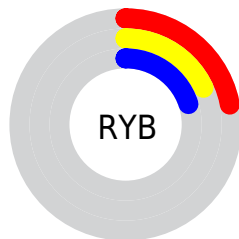
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (18%)

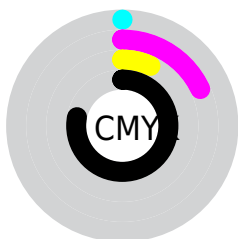
Blue (20%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (20%)

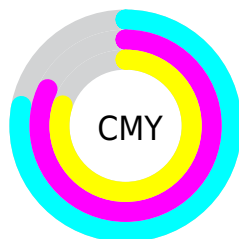


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.6740, 1.1467,
5.5479

■ 49.6740, 1.1467,
5.5479

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 28.3750, 1.2941,
4.9331

■ 95.9730, 0.9993,
6.1627

■ 4.5710, 0.7045,
7.3922

■ 120.3860, 1.2887,
6.6775

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 146.3860, 1.2887,
6.6775

■ 172.7990, 1.5781,
7.1923

■ 200.3860, 1.2887,
6.6775

■ 228.0980, 1.4307,

7.8071

253.2390, 0.8682,
1.5444

■ 49.6740, 1.1467,
5.5479

■ 49.6740, 1.1467,
5.5479

■ 45.9240, 2.0095,
8.8367

■ 53.4240, 0.2840,
2.2592

■ 42.7610, 2.5828,
11.6106

■ 56.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 38.8970, 3.0088,
14.9993

■ 60.4510, -0.7153,
-3.9035

■ 35.7340, 3.5821,
17.7733

■ 63.6140, -1.2887,
-6.6775

■ 31.9840, 4.4449,
21.0620

■ 67.3640, -2.1515,
-9.9662

■ 28.2340, 5.3076,
24.3508

■ 71.1140, -3.0142,
-13.2550

■ 24.9570, 5.4442,
27.2247

■ 74.3910, -3.1508,
-16.1289

■ 21.2070, 6.3069,
30.5135

■ 78.1410, -4.0135,
-19.4177

■ 20.6200, 6.5963,
31.0283

■ 81.3040, -4.5869,
-22.1916

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



49.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



49.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



48.5720, -4.2260, 2.1294



47.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



52.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.9990, 1.4795, -7.8921



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



47.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



48.5940, -4.2368, 5.6181



47.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



47.8080, 4.5317, -6.8476

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



49.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773



47.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



47.0420, 2.9373, -8.8068

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



71.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



48.3360, 3.7784, 1.4593



36.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



166.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



38.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



63.9240, 2.0095, 8.8367



49.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478



26.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



33.7780, 10.4624, 51.0607



80.5290, 25.3752, 121.4391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



63.9240, 2.0095, 8.8367



52.8960, 1.0373, -6.0478



26.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



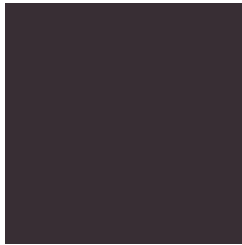
33.7780, 10.4624, 51.0607



80.5290, 25.3752, 121.4391

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

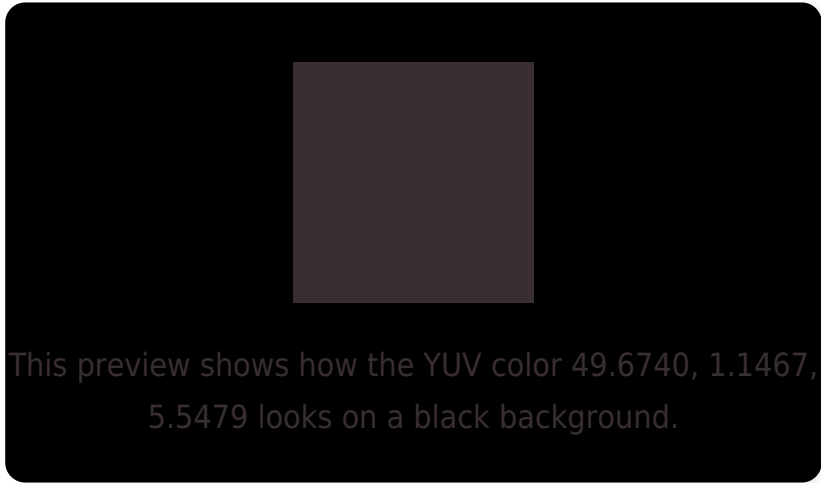
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

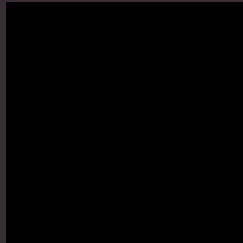
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479.

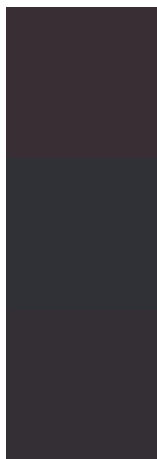


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.6740, 1.1467,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479

Protanopia

49.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147

Deuteranopia

49.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



Tritanopia

49.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479

Protanomaly

49.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

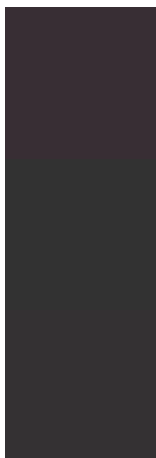
Deuteranomaly

49.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888

Tritanomaly

49.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479

Achromatopsia

50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 46, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 46, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 46, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 46, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 46, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 46, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 46, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 46, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 46, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 46, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 49.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 46, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 46,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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