

Converting Colors

YUV(49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A2A1A
RGB	74, 42, 26
RGB Percent	29%, 16%, 10%
CMY	0.7098, 0.8353, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.65, 0.71
HSL	20°, 48%, 20%
HSV	20°, 65%, 29%
XYZ	3.8385, 3.1864, 1.3900
YIQ	49.7440, 24.2080, 1.8080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

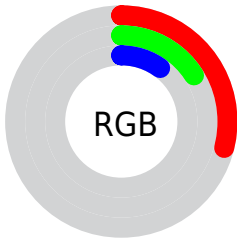
Format	Color
R_{YB}	74, 50, 26
Decimal	4860442
CIE Lab	20.78, 13.03, 16.66
CIE LCh	21, 21.153, 51.975
Yxy	3.1864, 0.4562, 0.3787
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283050522 (0xFF4A2A1A)
YUV	49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725
Hunter-Lab	17.8504, 7.1456, 7.8784

Details

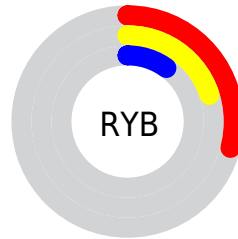
The YUV color **49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **50.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725**, and the grayscale version is **50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.0110, -13.3164, 24.5464**, and **8.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **46.0110, -13.3164, 24.5464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.4770, -10.0952, 17.9987**.

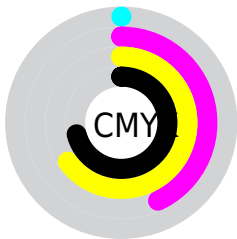
Distribution



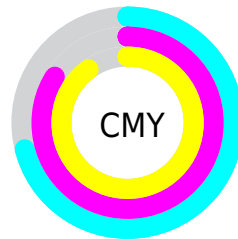
- Red (29%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725

■ 49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725

■ 254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 27.5760, -13.5950,
20.5428

■ 97.0110, -13.3164,
24.5464

■ 8.3720, -4.1274,
17.2138

■ 121.7940,
-14.1954, 26.4907

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.9790,
-14.7796, 27.2054

■ 174.5770,
-15.0745, 28.4350

■ 202.0610,
-15.8061, 29.7645

■ 227.2560,

-14.9162, 24.3315

■ 247.4710,
-11.0782, 6.6029

■ 49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725

■ 49.7440, -11.7058,
21.2725

■ 46.0110, -13.3164,
24.5464

■ 53.4770, -10.0952,
17.9987

■ 42.1640, -15.3639,
27.9202

■ 57.3240, -8.0477,
14.6249

■ 38.4310, -16.9745,
31.1940

■ 61.0570, -6.4371,
11.3510

■ 36.8010, -18.1429,
32.6235

■ 64.9040, -4.3897,
7.9772

■ 68.6370, -2.7790,
4.7034

■ 72.3700, -1.1684,
1.4295

■ 76.2170, 0.8790,
-1.9443

■ 79.3630, 2.7790,
-4.7034

■ 83.2100, 4.8265,
-8.0772

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.3730, -5.6069, 25.1059



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



49.1790, -14.8782, 12.1210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



39.4750, 2.7238, -33.7426



50.6370, 13.9830, -4.9436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



50.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43.3350, 18.5688, -29.2348



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



41.0000, 9.8600, -35.9570

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



45.2620, -7.5242, -13.3848



41.3080, 16.1172, -36.2271



51.9550, 8.4032, 11.4405

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



47.8360, -14.7091, 4.5288



41.3080, 16.1172, -36.2271



48.3480, 15.6044, -11.7062

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



87.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772



44.0000, 6.9020, 26.3100



42.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725



58.9860, -18.7271, 33.3383



63.8320, -18.6512, 8.9173



36.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



50.4560, -24.8748, 45.2041



113.3820, -55.8973, 102.2740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725



59.6010, 18.4377, -33.8531



36.1680, 18.6512, -8.9173



36.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



51.5440, 24.8748, -45.2041



116.0310, 56.1867, -101.7592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

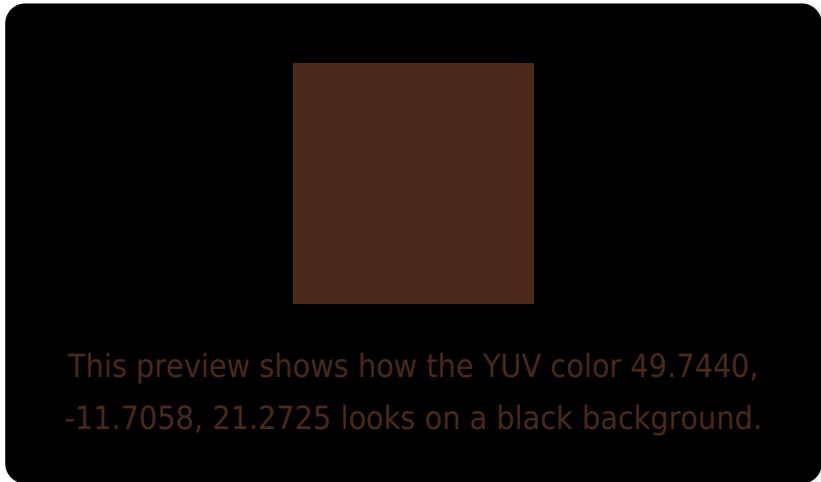
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

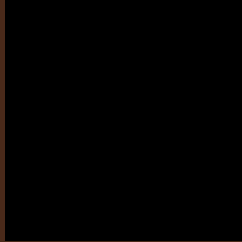
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725.

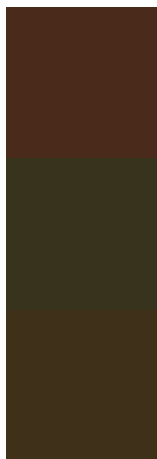


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 49.7440, -11.7058,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725

Protanopia

49.6880, -10.1992, 4.6586

Deuteranopia

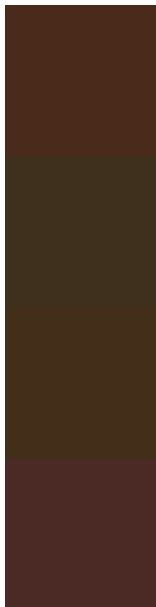
49.5640, -12.1101, 10.9064



Tritanopia

50.8070, -3.8489, 21.2173

Trichromacy



Original Color

49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725

Protanomaly

49.9060, -10.7997, 10.6064

Deuteranomaly

49.5860, -12.1209, 14.3951

Tritanomaly

50.7100, -6.7590, 21.3023

Monochromacy



Original Color

49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725

Achromatopsia

50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

49.9040, -4.3897, 7.9772

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 42, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 42, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 42, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 42, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 42, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 42, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 42, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 42, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 42, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 42, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 49.7440, -11.7058, 21.2725 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 42, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 42,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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