

Converting Colors

YUV(50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289)
contains.

YUV(50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(50.4060, -12.5252,
4.0289)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	373519
RGB	55, 53, 25
RGB Percent	22%, 21%, 10%
CMY	0.7843, 0.7922, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.55, 0.78
HSL	56°, 38%, 16%
HSV	56°, 55%, 22%
XYZ	3.0241, 3.4286, 1.4221
YIQ	50.4060, 10.1800, -8.2840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

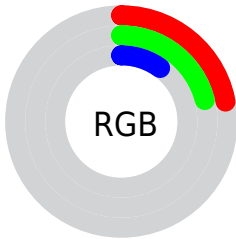
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 55, 25
Decimal	3618073
CIE Lab	21.68, -4.00, 17.87
CIE LCh	22, 18.315, 102.605
Yxy	3.4286, 0.3840, 0.4354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281808153 (0xFF373519)
YUV	50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289
Hunter-Lab	18.5165, -3.2513, 8.4080

Details

The YUV color **50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **29.5940, 12.5252, -4.0289**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.7760, -13.6936, 5.4584**, and **5.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.7220, -15.1459, 4.6288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **50.9760, -10.3412, 3.5290**.

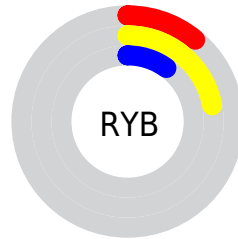
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (21%)

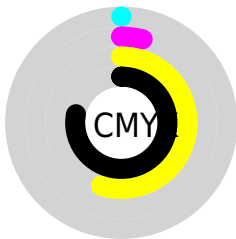
Blue (10%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (10%)

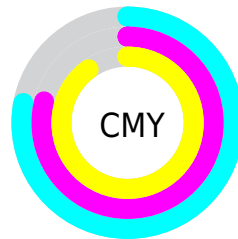


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (55%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.4060, -12.5252,
4.0289

■ 50.4060, -12.5252,
4.0289

■ 254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 28.9500, -14.2723,
4.4289

■ 96.7760, -13.6936,
5.4584

■ 5.2830, -2.6045,
-4.6332

■ 121.6620,
-14.1304, 5.5584

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 147.4340,
-15.0040, 5.7584


■ 174.3200,
-15.4408, 5.8584


■ 201.6190,
-15.5882, 6.4731


■ 229.5050,


-16.0250, 6.5731


 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993


 50.4060, -12.5252,
4.0289


 50.4060, -12.5252,
4.0289


 49.7220, -15.1459,
4.6288


 50.9760, -10.3412,
3.5290


 48.5650, -17.0405,
5.6435


 52.2470, -8.0098,
2.4144


 47.8810, -19.6613,
6.2434

 52.8170, -5.8258,
1.9145

 47.3110, -21.8453,
6.7433

 53.5010, -3.2050,
1.3146

 46.3820, -22.8663,
7.5580

 54.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 55.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 56.6130, 3.6418,
-1.4146

■ 57.1830, 5.8258,
-1.9145

■ 57.8670, 8.4466,
-2.5144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.1730, -12.4103, 13.8803



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



48.4800, -8.1246, -7.4370

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



42.0260, 13.7912, -36.8568



53.3210, 3.2927, 17.2585

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



29.5940, 12.5252, -4.0289

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.4490, 9.1456, 6.6222



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



45.9500, 15.8006, -28.0202

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



41.1310, 7.8234, -36.0719



51.0880, 13.2676, -8.8472



52.7470, -2.8333, 22.1469

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



47.1630, -4.0244, -15.9290



51.0880, 13.2676, -8.8472



53.5810, 5.6296, 14.3995

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



69.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998



34.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434



34.6150, -2.7682, 1.2146



163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289



63.9950, -19.2245, 6.1434



47.6930, -11.1876, -4.9928



27.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999



77.9900, -38.4491, 12.2868



185.8160, -91.6073, 29.1024

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.5940, 12.5252, -4.0289



32.0050, 19.2245, -6.1434



32.3070, 11.1876, 4.9928



25.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



14.0100, 38.4491, -12.2868



33.7710, 91.3179, -29.6172

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

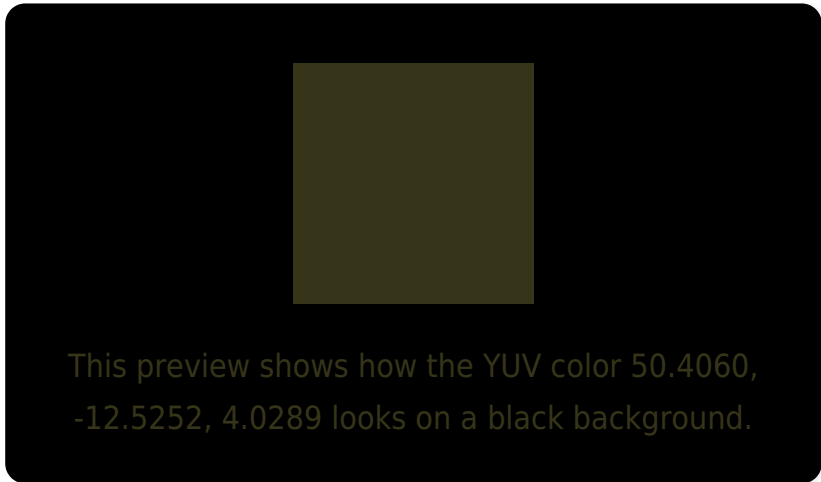
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

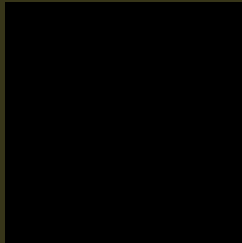
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289.

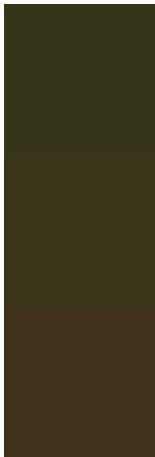


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.4060, -12.5252,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289

Protanopia

50.7160, -12.6780, 6.3881

Deuteranopia

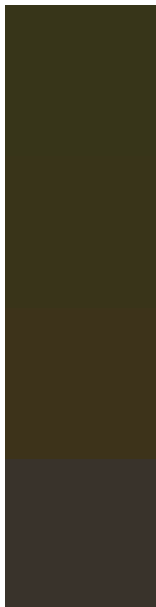
51.4500, -12.5468, 11.0064



Tritanopia

52.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289

Protanomaly

50.4170, -12.5306, 5.7733

Deuteranomaly

51.1400, -12.3940, 8.6472

Tritanomaly

51.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289

Achromatopsia

50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.1590, -4.5154, 1.6146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 53, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 53, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 53, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 53, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 53, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 53, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 53, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 53, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 53, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 53, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.4060, -12.5252, 4.0289 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 53, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 53,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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