

Converting Colors

YUV(50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(50.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A3D3D
RGB	26, 61, 61
RGB Percent	10%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.8980, 0.7608, 0.7608
CMYK	0.57, 0.00, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	180°, 40%, 17%
HSV	180°, 57%, 24%
XYZ	2.9371, 3.8940, 5.0117
YIQ	50.5350, -20.8600, -7.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

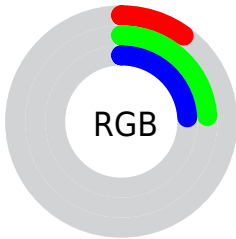
Format	Color
RYB	26, 44, 61
Decimal	1719613
CIELab	23.32, -12.57, -3.89
CIElCh	23, 13.159, 197.177
Yxy	3.8940, 0.2480, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279909693 (0xFF1A3D3D)
YUV	50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172
Hunter-Lab	19.7333, -7.9657, -1.2447

Details

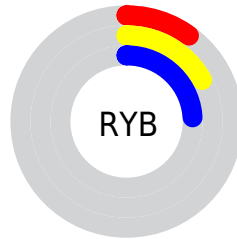
The YUV color **50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **36.4650, -5.1592, 21.5172**, and the grayscale version is **50.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.1220, 4.8699, -22.0320**, and **13.9060, 2.5113, -12.1956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.7410, 6.0437, -25.2059**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.3290, 4.2748, -17.8285**.

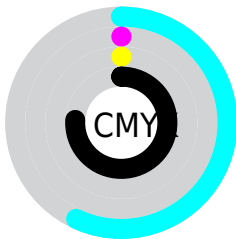
Distribution



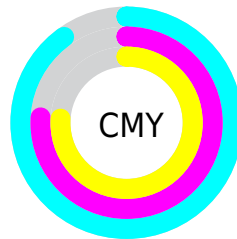
- Red (10%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 50.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 27.9370, 5.4541,
-22.7467

■ 98.1220, 4.8699,
-22.0320

■ 13.9060, 2.5113,
-12.1956

■ 123.2360, 5.3067,
-22.1320

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 148.9370, 5.4541,
-22.7467

■ 175.9370, 5.4541,
-22.7467

■ 203.5240, 5.1647,
-23.2615

■ 231.6380, 5.6015,

-23.3615

■ 248.4220, 3.2430,
-13.5251

■ 50.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 50.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 48.7410, 6.0437,
-25.2059

■ 52.3290, 4.2748,
-17.8285

■ 46.9470, 6.9281,
-28.8945

■ 54.1230, 3.3904,
-14.1399

■ 45.1530, 7.8126,
-32.5832

■ 55.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 43.3590, 8.6970,
-36.2718

■ 57.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 42.7610, 8.9918,
-37.5014

■ 59.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 61.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 63.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 65.1860, -2.0637,
8.6069

■ 66.9800, -2.9481,
12.2955

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



51.7870, -0.3880, -15.5992



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



50.9740, 9.3798, -21.9022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



56.9390, 5.9461, 6.1925



55.0630, -8.9051, 9.5917

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



36.4650, -5.1592, 21.5172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9650, -6.8847, 14.9397



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



57.1310, 1.4144, 13.0401

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



55.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587



56.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



54.7200, -8.7360, 1.9996

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



52.8220, 9.9478, -17.3839



56.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



55.4870, -8.6211, 11.8509

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



75.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921



46.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180



38.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172



62.8540, 7.9600, -33.1980



40.5560, 10.0789, -12.7656



30.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



65.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



155.6220, 32.7244, -136.4805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.4550, 10.1287, 18.0180



47.3020, 15.6271, 27.7991



47.0310, -10.3683, 12.2508



29.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



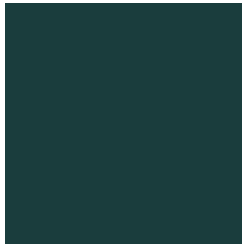
38.8220, 27.2028, 48.3911



91.6860, 64.2448, 114.2854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

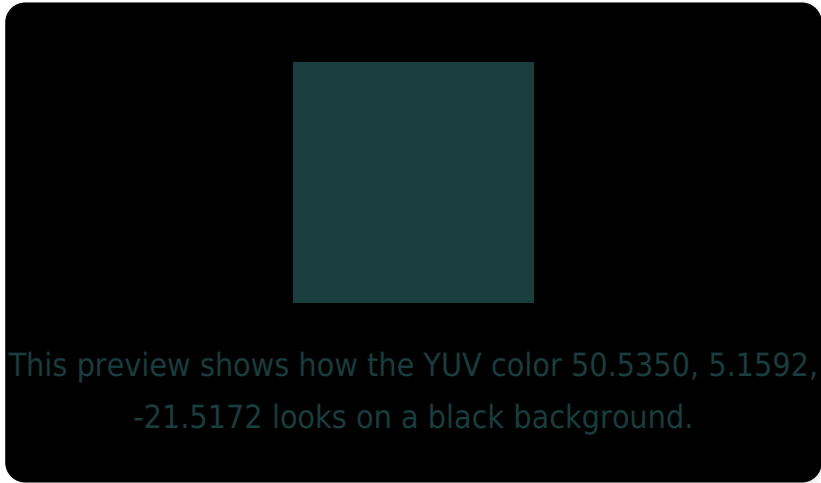
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

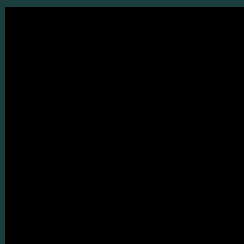
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

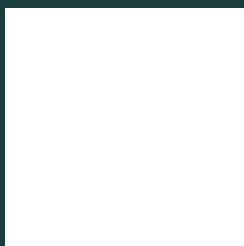
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172.

-21.5172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172

Protanopia

55.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

Deuteranopia

56.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593



Tritanopia

51.0020, 6.9010, -20.1728

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172

Protanomaly

53.5260, 2.2057, -7.4773

Deuteranomaly

54.2810, 3.8055, -7.2624

Tritanomaly

50.5890, 6.6116, -20.6876

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172

Achromatopsia

51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

51.1130, 1.9163, -7.9921

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 61, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 61, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 61, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 61, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 61, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 61, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 61, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 61, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 61, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 61, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 61, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 61,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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