

Converting Colors

YUV(50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(50.5760, -7.1860,
-28.5692)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	124624
RGB	18, 70, 36
RGB Percent	7%, 27%, 14%
CMY	0.9294, 0.7255, 0.8588
CMYK	0.74, 0.00, 0.49, 0.73
HSL	141°, 59%, 17%
HSV	141°, 74%, 27%
XYZ	2.7581, 4.6363, 2.4186
YIQ	50.5760, -20.0780, -21.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

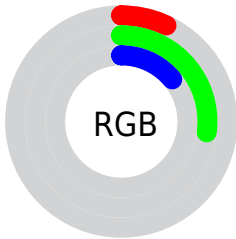
Format	Color
R_{YB}	18, 57, 70
Decimal	1197604
CIE _{Lab}	25.67, -25.98, 15.63
CIE _{LCh}	26, 30.314, 148.967
Yxy	4.6363, 0.2811, 0.4725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279387684 (0xFF124624)
YUV	50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692
Hunter-Lab	21.5320, -14.8169, 8.4127

Details

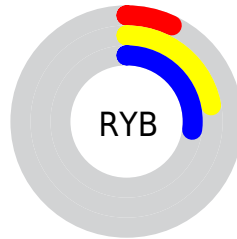
The YUV color **50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **37.4240, 7.1860, 28.5692**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.4190, -9.0806, -27.5545**, and **16.4360, -8.1029, -14.4144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.9130, -8.3381, -32.3727**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53.2390, -6.0338, -24.7656**.

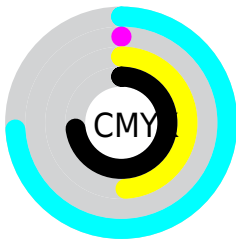
Distribution



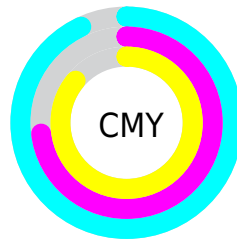
- Red (7%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5760, -7.1860,
-28.5692

■ 50.5760, -7.1860,
-28.5692

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 29.2990, -7.0494,
-25.6952

■ 99.4190, -9.0806,
-27.5545

■ 16.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

■ 124.8920, -9.8068,
-27.9693

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.4790,
-10.0961, -28.4841

■ 178.0660,
-10.3855, -28.9989

■ 205.9520,
-10.8223, -28.8989

■ 233.5390,

-11.1117, -29.4137

■ 245.5160, -2.7194,
-14.4845

■ 50.5760, -7.1860,
-28.5692

■ 50.5760, -7.1860,
-28.5692

■ 47.9130, -8.3381,
-32.3727

■ 53.2390, -6.0338,
-24.7656

■ 45.3640, -9.0535,
-36.2762

■ 55.7880, -5.3185,
-20.8621

■ 43.8260, -9.7742,
-38.4354

■ 58.4510, -4.1663,
-17.0585

■ 61.0000, -3.4510,
-13.1550

■ 63.6630, -2.2989,
-9.3515

■ 66.2120, -1.5835,
-5.4479

■ 68.8750, -0.4314,
-1.6444

■ 71.5380, 0.7208,
2.1592

■ 74.0870, 1.4361,
6.0627

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0430, -18.7552, -4.4227



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



48.9900, 4.9349, -42.9642

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



49.7660, 28.2164, -43.6448



59.7120, -9.7180, 37.0866

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



37.4240, 7.1860, 28.5692

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.8610, 1.0545, 35.2019



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



61.7390, 19.3557, -1.5251

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



51.9030, 23.7118, -45.5189



62.4170, 11.1334, 22.4363



59.5400, -19.0002, 27.5904

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



50.8140, 11.9237, -44.5639



62.4170, 11.1334, 22.4363



60.2220, -6.5184, 37.5163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



84.5380, -2.7302, -10.9958



58.9890, -20.2076, -5.2524



41.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692



61.3260, -11.4997, -45.0129



53.4260, 3.7340, -31.0686



34.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



61.9890, -13.7986, -54.3644



142.2550, -31.1847, -124.7576

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4240, 7.1860, 28.5692



40.6740, 11.4997, 45.0129



34.5740, -3.7340, 31.0686



33.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



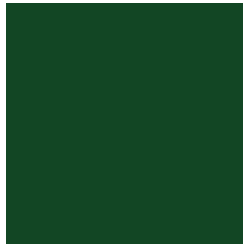
37.0110, 13.7986, 54.3644



84.7450, 31.1847, 124.7576

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

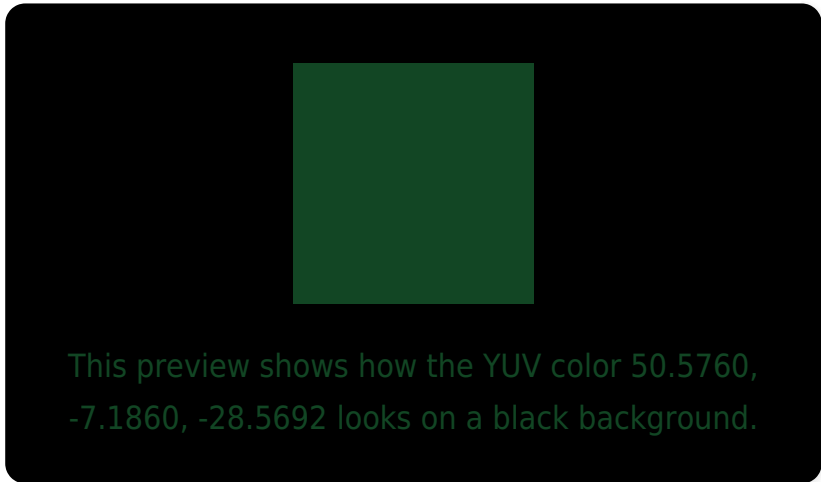
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

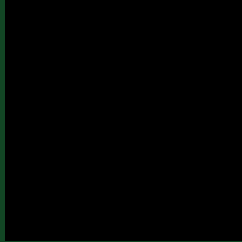
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692.

-28.5692.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692

Protanopia

59.6020, -13.1148, 6.4880

Deuteranopia

60.3190, -10.5103, 11.1212



Tritanopia

56.1050, 7.3432, -22.0171

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692

Protanomaly

56.0950, -10.8928, -6.2223

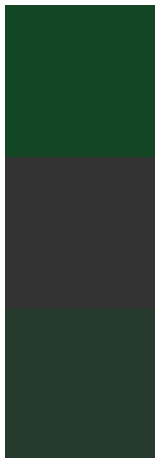
Deuteranomaly

56.5730, -9.1565, -3.1335

Tritanomaly

53.7150, 2.1125, -24.3061

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692

Achromatopsia

51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.9510, -2.4408, -10.4810

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 70, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 70, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 70, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 70, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 70, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 70, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 70, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 70, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 70, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 70, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.5760, -7.1860, -28.5692 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 70, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 70,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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