

Converting Colors

YUV(50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	273F11
RGB	39, 63, 17
RGB Percent	15%, 25%, 7%
CMY	0.8471, 0.7529, 0.9333
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.73, 0.75
HSL	91°, 58%, 16%
HSV	91°, 73%, 25%
XYZ	2.7154, 4.0268, 1.1645
YIQ	50.5800, 0.4620, -19.3940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

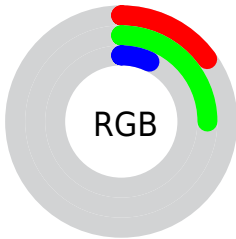
Format	Color
R_{YB}	17, 63, 41
Decimal	2572049
CIE _{Lab}	23.76, -18.53, 24.49
CIE _{LCh}	24, 30.707, 127.112
Yxy	4.0268, 0.3434, 0.5093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280762129 (0xFF273F11)
YUV	50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557
Hunter-Lab	20.0669, -10.9632, 10.6064

Details

The YUV color **50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **29.4200, 16.5549, 10.1557**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.9390, -17.7179, -10.4705**, and **12.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.9990, -18.7335, -11.4001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.1610, -14.3764, -8.9112**.

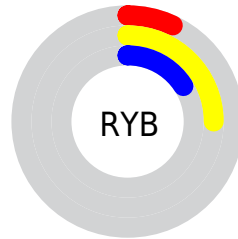
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (25%)

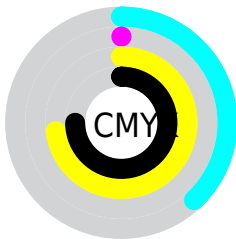
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (16%)

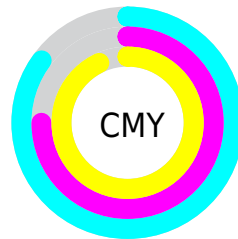


Cyan (38%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (73%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557

■ 50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,
0.8998

■ 29.7480, -14.6658,
-9.4260

■ 97.9390, -17.7179,
-10.4705

■ 12.9140, -6.3666,
-11.3256

■ 122.7110,
-18.5915, -10.2705

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.1840,
-19.3177, -10.6854

■ 176.0700,
-19.7545, -10.5854

■ 203.5430,
-20.4807, -11.0002

■ 231.4290,

-20.9175, -10.9002

■ 248.5750,
-15.5665, -0.5043

■ 50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557

■ 50.5800, -16.5549,
-10.1557

■ 48.9990, -18.7335,
-11.4001

■ 52.1610, -14.3764,
-8.9112

■ 47.0050, -21.2015,
-13.1594

■ 54.1550, -11.9084,
-7.1519

■ 45.9510, -22.6538,
-13.9890

■ 55.7360, -9.7298,
-5.9075

■ 57.3170, -7.5513,
-4.6630

■ 59.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185

■ 60.8920, -2.9048,
-1.6593

■ 62.4730, -0.7262,
-0.4148

■ 64.0540, 1.4524,
0.8296

■ 66.0480, 3.9203,
2.5889

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8660, -23.5979, 8.8875



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



43.0740, -2.5015, -37.7759

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



48.8540, 24.7220, -42.8450



55.7750, -1.8611, 37.0313

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



29.4200, 16.5549, 10.1557

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.0540, 8.3544, 27.1396



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



49.5720, 25.8470, -30.3196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



48.9050, 17.3018, -42.8897



58.2130, 17.1500, 5.9522



55.3050, -12.4754, 34.8125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



45.4850, 4.1979, -39.8903



58.2130, 17.1500, 5.9522



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



76.9580, -6.3883, -4.3482



44.8420, -13.7261, 15.9246



37.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557



62.4300, -25.8480, -16.1631



44.1160, -12.8752, -23.7807



30.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



68.6330, -33.8361, -20.7261



162.0080, -79.8699, -49.1190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.4200, 16.5549, 10.1557



29.2710, 25.9954, 15.5483



35.8840, 12.8752, 23.7807



28.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



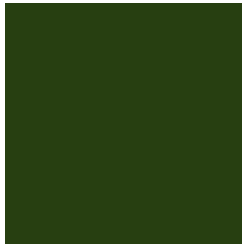
25.3670, 33.8361, 20.7261



59.9920, 79.8699, 49.1190

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

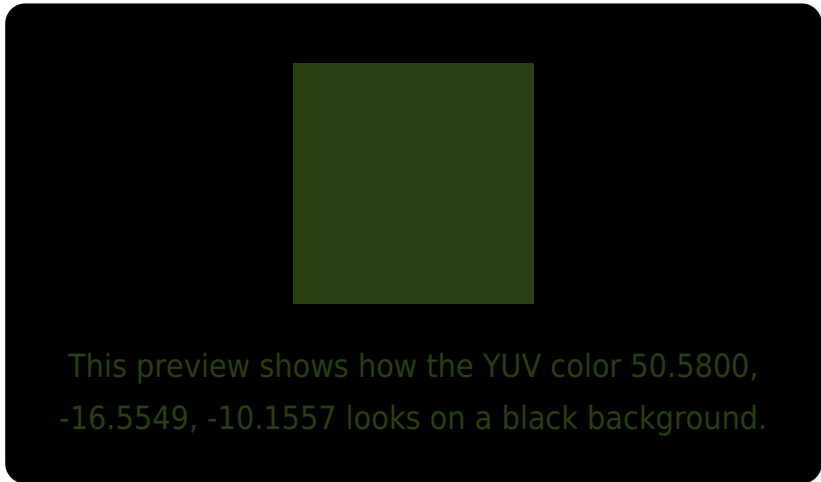
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557.

-10.1557.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557

Protanopia

54.0060, -19.2300, 7.8877

Deuteranopia

55.3210, -16.9203, 13.7505



Tritanopia

55.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557

Protanomaly

52.6030, -18.0453, 1.2252

Deuteranomaly

53.3800, -16.4563, 4.9287

Tritanomaly

53.3210, -3.6093, -9.0515

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557

Achromatopsia

51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.7840, -5.8095, -3.3186

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 63, 17)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 63, 17)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 63, 17) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 63, 17) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 63, 17) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 63, 17) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 63, 17)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 63, 17); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 63, 17);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 63, 17)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.5800, -16.5549, -10.1557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 63, 17) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 63,  
17) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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