

Converting Colors

YUV(50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(50.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E3147
RGB	46, 49, 71
RGB Percent	18%, 19%, 28%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8078, 0.7216
CMYK	0.35, 0.31, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	233°, 21%, 23%
HSV	233°, 35%, 28%
XYZ	3.3624, 3.2324, 6.4079
YIQ	50.6110, -8.8500, 6.2060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

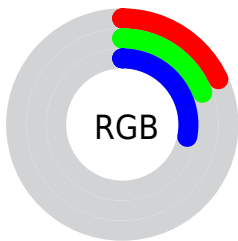
Format	Color
R_YB	46, 49, 71
Decimal	3027271
CIE Lab	20.95, 4.86, -14.08
CIE LCh	21, 14.901, 289.046
Yxy	3.2324, 0.2586, 0.2486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281217351 (0xFF2E3147)
YUV	50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438
Hunter-Lab	17.9789, 1.9195, -8.5466

Details

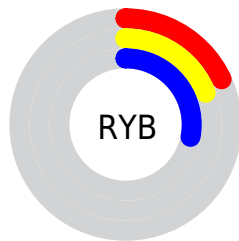
The YUV color **50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **66.3890, -10.0518, 4.0438**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.1380, 10.7780, -3.6290**, and **3.7790, 11.9410, -3.3142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **44.9960, 12.8200, -5.2585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292**.

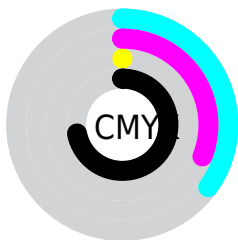
Distribution



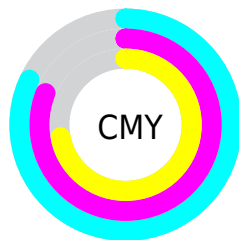
- Red (18%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (72%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

■ 50.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 29.1980, 9.7624,
-4.5586

■ 97.1380, 10.7780,
-3.6290

■ 3.7790, 11.9410,
-3.3142

■ 122.2520, 11.2148,
-3.7290

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.4800, 12.0884,
-3.9290

■ 174.4800, 12.0884,
-3.9290

■ 201.5940, 12.5252,
-4.0289

■ 229.5940, 12.5252,

-4.0289

254.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 50.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

■ 50.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

■ 44.9960, 12.8200,
-5.2585

■ 56.2260, 7.2836,
-2.8292

■ 39.3810, 15.5882,
-6.4731

■ 61.8410, 4.5154,
-1.6146

■ 33.1790, 18.6458,
-7.1730

■ 68.0430, 1.4578,
-0.9147

■ 27.5640, 21.4139,
-8.3876

■ 73.6580, -1.3104,
0.2999

■ 21.6500, 24.3296,
-10.2170

■ 79.5720, -4.2260,
2.1294

■ 16.0350, 27.0977,
-11.4317

■ 85.1870, -6.9942,
3.3440

■ 13.3770, 28.4081,
-11.7316

■ 91.3890, -10.0518,
4.0438

■ 97.0040, -12.8200,
5.2585

■ 102.6190,
-15.5882, 6.4731

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.9900, 11.8369, -16.6542



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



51.7650, 6.5249, 7.2221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



50.9220, -8.3425, 15.8544



45.5910, 0.2016, -18.0583

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



66.3890, -10.0518, 4.0438

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.7510, -5.7932, -8.5516



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



49.7210, -10.2155, 9.8917

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



51.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434



49.0790, -9.8989, 1.6847



42.9580, 6.9227, -27.1502

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



51.8860, 3.0142, 13.2550



49.0790, -9.8989, 1.6847



46.3310, -2.1352, -15.1993

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



83.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



63.1830, 2.3748, -15.0695



41.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438



60.3810, 15.5882, -6.4731



51.5410, 9.5933, 3.0335



33.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



18.3300, 39.7703, -16.0754



41.7270, 91.3396, -36.5946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.8170, -2.3748, 15.0695



65.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



65.4590, -9.5933, -3.0335



33.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



30.9690, -9.3517, 59.6632



70.9510, -21.6678, 136.8550

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

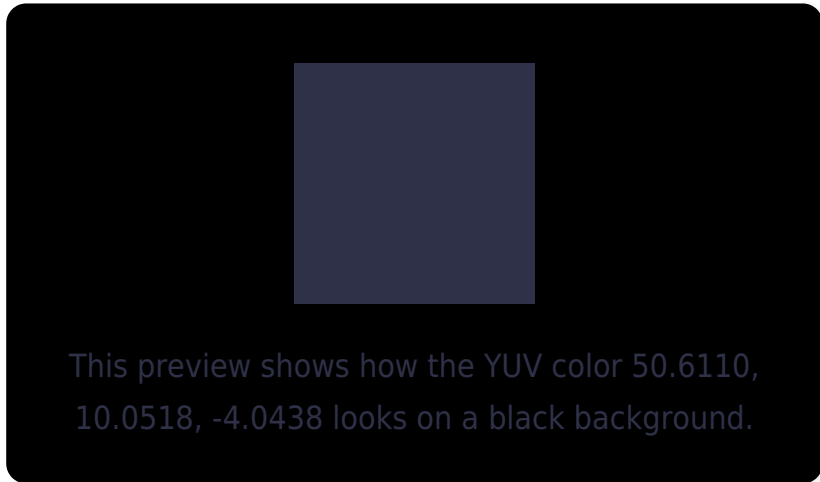
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

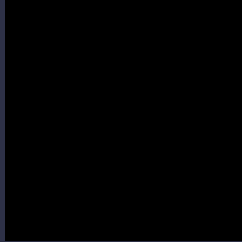
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438.



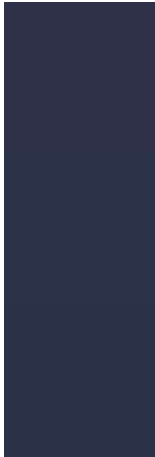
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.6110, 10.0518,

-4.0438.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438

Protanopia

50.6000, 10.0572, -5.7882

Deuteranopia

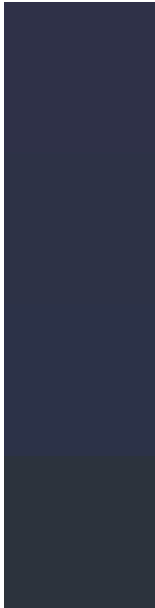
50.3010, 10.2046, -6.4030



Tritanopia

49.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438

Protanomaly

50.8990, 9.9098, -5.1734

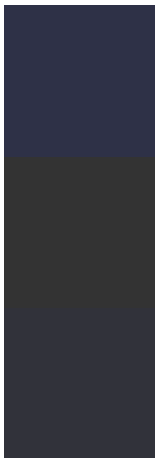
Deuteranomaly

50.6000, 10.0572, -5.7882

Tritanomaly

50.0470, 5.3998, -5.3032

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438

Achromatopsia

51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

50.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 49, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(46, 49, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 49, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 49, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 49, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 49, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 49, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 49, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 49, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 49, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.6110, 10.0518, -4.0438 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 49, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 49,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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