

# Converting Colors

YUV(50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>               |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex           | 1F4217                     |
| RGB           | 31, 66, 23                 |
| RGB Percent   | 12%, 26%, 9%               |
| CMY           | 0.8784, 0.7412, 0.9098     |
| CMYK          | 0.53, 0.00, 0.65, 0.74     |
| HSL           | 109°, 48%, 17%             |
| HSV           | 109°, 65%, 26%             |
| XYZ           | 2.6679, 4.2496, 1.4903     |
| YIQ           | 50.6330, -7.0570, -20.7930 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

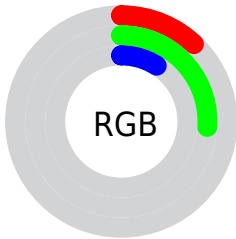
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 23, 66, 58                     |
| Decimal                             | 2048535                        |
| CIELab                              | 24.48, -22.53, 21.95           |
| CIELCh                              | 24, 31.455, 135.740            |
| Yxy                                 | 4.2496, 0.3173,<br>0.5054      |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4280238615<br>(0xFF1F4217)     |
| YUV                                 | 50.6330, -13.6231,<br>-17.2181 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 20.6146, -12.9739,<br>10.1440  |

# Details

The YUV color **50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **38.3670, 13.6231, 17.2181**, and the grayscale version is **51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.9920, -14.7861, -17.5330**, and **14.0880, -6.9454, -12.3552** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.3400, -15.9436, -19.5922**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.9260, -11.3025, -14.8441**.

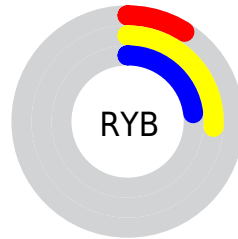
# Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (26%)

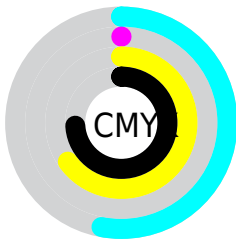
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (23%)

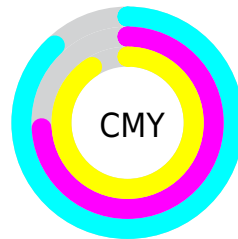


Cyan (53%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181

■ 50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181

■ 254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 27.9320, -13.7705,  
-16.6034

■ 97.9920, -14.7861,  
-17.5330

■ 14.0880, -6.9454,  
-12.3552

■ 123.3510,  
-15.9490, -17.8478

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 149.8240,  
-16.6752, -18.2626


■ 176.4110,  
-16.9646, -18.7774


■ 204.2970,  
-17.4014, -18.6775


■ 232.1830,


-17.8382, -18.5775


 246.6820,  
-11.1822, -6.7371


 50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181


 50.6330, -13.6231,  
-17.2181


 48.3400, -15.9436,  
-19.5922


 52.9260, -11.3025,  
-14.8441


 45.8620, -17.6800,  
-22.6810


 55.4040, -9.5662,  
-11.7553

 43.5690, -20.0005,  
-25.0550

 57.6970, -7.2456,  
-9.3813

 42.3300, -20.8687,  
-26.5994

 59.8760, -5.3619,  
-6.9073

 62.4680, -3.1887,  
-3.9184

■ 64.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 67.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 69.5320, 3.1887,  
3.9184

■ 71.7110, 5.0725,  
6.3925

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.2460, -23.2923, 4.1693



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



45.7470, 0.1247, -40.1201

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



49.4240, 26.9060, -43.3448



56.6890, -4.7767, 38.8607

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



38.3670, 13.6231, 17.2181

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1040, 5.8647, 32.3578



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



55.4920, 23.9144, -17.0945

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



50.4040, 20.5068, -44.2043



59.8010, 15.3811, 13.3295



56.4960, -15.5275, 33.7680



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



47.5710, 7.1135, -41.7198



59.8010, 15.3811, 13.3295



57.0140, -0.9929, 38.5757

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



80.7620, -5.7987, -6.8073



55.8150, -16.1778, 8.9322



39.4680, -3.1887, -3.9184



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181



62.8030, -21.5949, -27.0142



49.7230, -6.7654, -23.4361



31.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



62.3210, -30.7243, -38.8695



144.0460, -71.0147, -89.4943



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.3670, 13.6231, 17.2181



43.1970, 21.5949, 27.0142



39.2770, 6.7654, 23.4361



31.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



34.6790, 30.7243, 38.8695

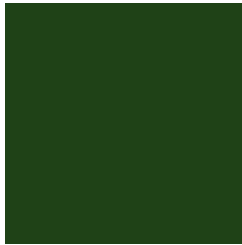


80.2530, 70.8673, 90.1091



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

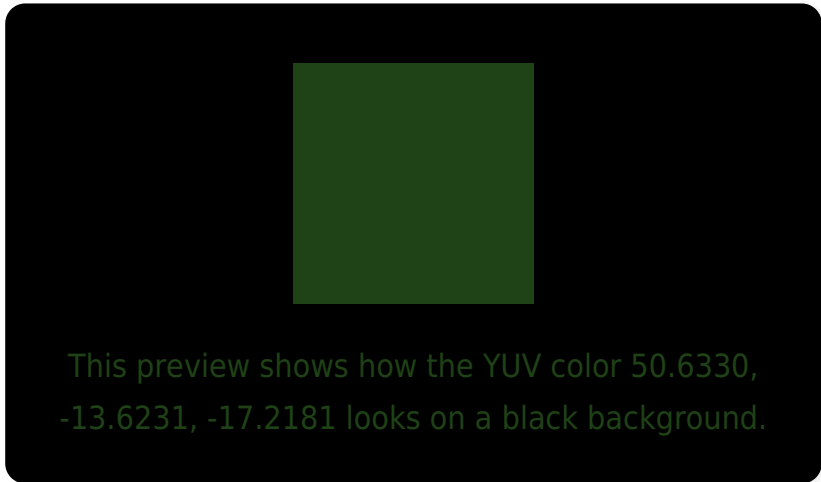
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

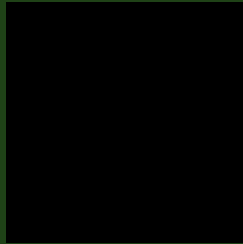
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181

### Protanopia

55.8750, -17.1934, 8.0026

### Deuteranopia

56.7770, -15.1731, 13.3506



## Tritanopia

55.9920, 5.4269, -14.0250

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181

## Protanomaly

54.1620, -15.8559, -1.0191

## Deuteranomaly

54.5260, -14.5563, 2.1697

## Tritanomaly

53.8580, -1.4090, -14.7845

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181

## Achromatopsia

51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

50.7020, -4.7831, -5.8777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 66, 23)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 66, 23)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 66, 23) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 66, 23) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 66, 23) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 66, 23) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 66, 23)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 66, 23); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 66, 23);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 66, 23)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 50.6330, -13.6231, -17.2181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 66, 23) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 66,  
23) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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