

Converting Colors

YUV(51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282)
contains.

YUV(51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A2D1C
RGB	74, 45, 28
RGB Percent	29%, 18%, 11%
CMY	0.7098, 0.8235, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.62, 0.71
HSL	22°, 45%, 20%
HSV	22°, 62%, 29%
XYZ	3.9720, 3.4165, 1.5487
YIQ	51.7330, 22.7410, 0.8610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

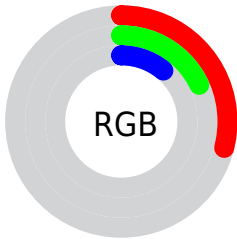
Format	Color
RYB	74, 55, 28
Decimal	4861212
CIELab	21.64, 11.27, 16.44
CIELCh	22, 19.931, 55.567
Yxy	3.4165, 0.4444, 0.3823
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283051292 (0xFF4A2D1C)
YUV	51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282
Hunter-Lab	18.4837, 6.0121, 7.9708

Details

The YUV color **51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **50.2670, 11.7004, -19.5282**, and the grayscale version is **52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.0000, -13.3110, 22.8020**, and **8.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0000, -13.3110, 22.8020**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.4660, -10.0897, 16.2543**.

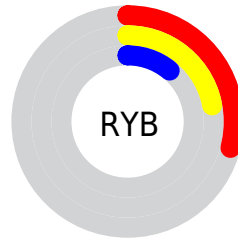
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (18%)

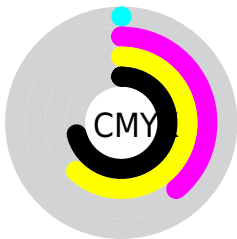
Blue (11%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (11%)

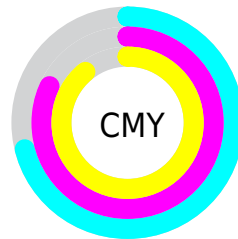


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282

■ 51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 29.6790, -13.1527,
18.6985

■ 99.0000, -13.3110,
22.8020

■ 8.3720, -4.1274,
17.2138

■ 123.5980,
-13.6058, 24.0316

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.9680,
-14.7742, 25.4611

■ 176.5660,
-15.0690, 26.6906

■ 204.4520,
-15.5058, 26.7906

■ 229.9460,

-14.7634, 21.9724

■ 249.5740,
-10.6360, 4.7586

■ 51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282

■ 51.7330, -11.7004,
19.5282

■ 48.0000, -13.3110,
22.8020

■ 55.4660, -10.0897,
16.2543

■ 44.7400, -15.6478,
25.6610

■ 58.7260, -7.7529,
13.3953

■ 41.0070, -17.2585,
28.9349

■ 62.4590, -6.1423,
10.1215

■ 37.9750, -18.7217,
31.5939

■ 66.3060, -4.0949,
6.7476

■ 69.4520, -2.1948,
3.9886

■ 73.1850, -0.5842,
0.7148

■ 77.0320, 1.4632,
-2.6591

■ 80.1780, 3.3632,
-5.4181

■ 84.0250, 5.4107,
-8.7919

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.5470, -6.1857, 24.0763



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



50.6950, -14.1466, 10.7915

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



41.4150, 3.7394, -32.8130



52.6050, 12.5197, -2.2846

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



50.2670, 11.7004, -19.5282

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.8090, 16.3632, -21.7575



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



41.9290, 10.8810, -36.7717

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



47.3050, -6.0664, -14.2995



42.7100, 16.4120, -37.4567



53.4390, 7.6716, 12.7700

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



49.5800, -13.1039, 2.9993



42.7100, 16.4120, -37.4567



51.6150, 13.9938, -8.4324

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



87.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772



45.0600, 5.8864, 25.3804



42.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282



61.6760, -18.5743, 30.9791



65.2340, -18.3564, 7.6878



36.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



52.8040, -26.0324, 43.1449



118.6650, -58.5018, 97.6408

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.2670, 11.7004, -19.5282



59.3240, 18.5743, -30.9791



36.7660, 18.3564, -7.6878



36.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



49.1960, 26.0324, -43.1449



111.3350, 58.5018, -97.6408

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

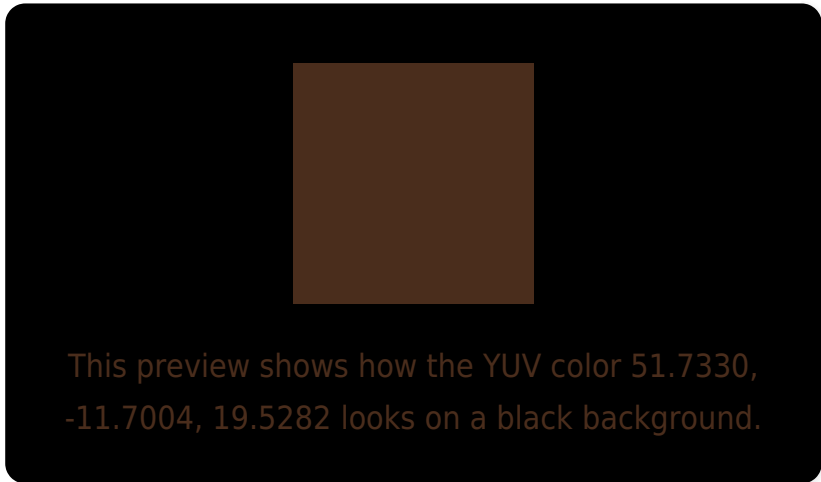
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

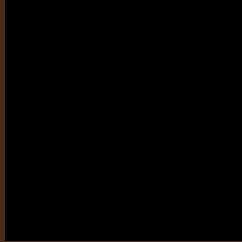
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282.

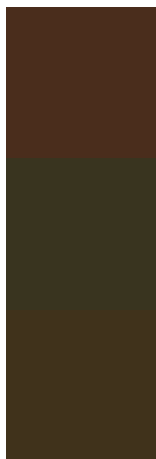


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 51.7330, -11.7004,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282

Protanopia

51.1010, -9.9098, 5.1734

Deuteranopia

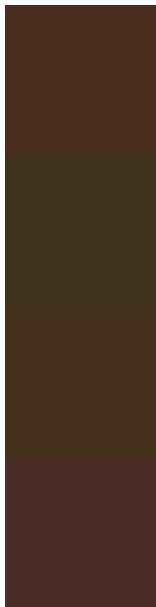
51.5640, -12.1101, 10.9064



Tritanopia

52.9100, -3.4066, 19.3729

Trichromacy



Original Color

51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282

Protanomaly

51.0200, -10.3629, 10.5065

Deuteranomaly

51.5860, -12.1209, 14.3951

Tritanomaly

52.6990, -6.7536, 19.5580

Monochromacy



Original Color

51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282

Achromatopsia

52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

51.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 45, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 45, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 45, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 45, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 45, 28) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 45, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 45, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 45, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 45, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 45, 28)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 51.7330, -11.7004, 19.5282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 45, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 45,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor