

Converting Colors

YUV(52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(52.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363626
RGB	54, 54, 38
RGB Percent	21%, 21%, 15%
CMY	0.7882, 0.7882, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.30, 0.79
HSL	60°, 17%, 18%
HSV	60°, 30%, 21%
XYZ	3.1903, 3.5625, 2.3532
YIQ	52.1760, 5.1360, -4.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

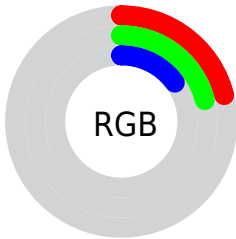
Format	Color
R_YB	38, 54, 38
Decimal	3552806
CIE Lab	22.17, -3.23, 10.10
CIE LCh	22, 10.604, 107.754
Yxy	3.5625, 0.3504, 0.3912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281742886 (0xFF363626)
YUV	52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996
Hunter-Lab	18.8747, -2.8594, 5.8203

Details

The YUV color **52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **39.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996**, and the grayscale version is **52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.9480, -7.8624, 1.7996**, and **7.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.6060, -9.1728, 2.0995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **52.7460, -4.8048, 1.0998**.

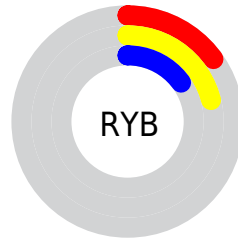
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (21%)

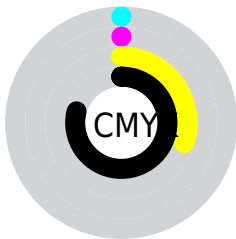
Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (21%)

Blue (15%)

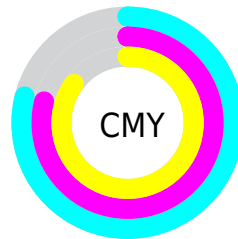


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 52.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 31.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 98.9480, -7.8624,
1.7996

■ 7.0660, -3.4835,
-2.6889

■ 123.8340, -8.2992,
1.8996

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 149.1330, -8.4466,
2.5144

■ 176.0190, -8.8834,
2.6143

■ 203.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 231.9050, -9.3202,

2.7143

■ 253.5180, -5.6784,
1.2997

■ 52.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 52.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 51.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 52.7460, -4.8048,
1.0998

■ 50.9220, -11.7935,
2.6994

■ 53.4300, -2.1840,
0.4999

■ 50.3520, -13.9775,
3.1993

■ 54.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 49.6680, -16.5983,
3.7992

■ 54.6840, 2.6208,
-0.5999

■ 49.0980, -18.7823,
4.2991

■ 55.2540, 4.8048,
-1.0998

■ 48.5280, -20.9663,
4.7989

■ 55.8240, 6.9888,
-1.5996

■ 47.8440, -23.5871,
5.3988

■ 56.5080, 9.6096,
-2.1995

■ 57.0780, 11.7935,
-2.6994

■ 57.7620, 14.4143,
-3.2993

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



51.1150, -4.4937, -5.3629

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



50.3230, 6.7428, -16.0693



54.7070, 1.1304, 10.7810

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



39.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9990, 4.9305, 5.2629



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



51.6980, 8.0369, -11.1361

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



49.3400, 4.2694, -16.0842



53.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



53.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



50.4780, -1.7147, -10.0662



53.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



54.3370, 2.2989, 9.3515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



70.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999



42.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



35.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



163.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



36.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996



68.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



49.7840, -5.8095, -3.3186



27.6580, -1.3104, 0.2999



81.5120, -40.1854, 9.1980



194.0340, -95.6588, 21.8952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996



48.8500, 10.9200, -2.4995



42.2160, 5.8095, 3.3186



25.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



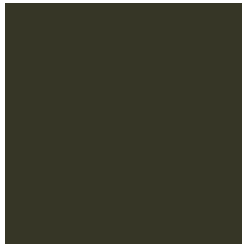
10.4880, 40.1854, -9.1980



24.9660, 95.6588, -21.8952

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

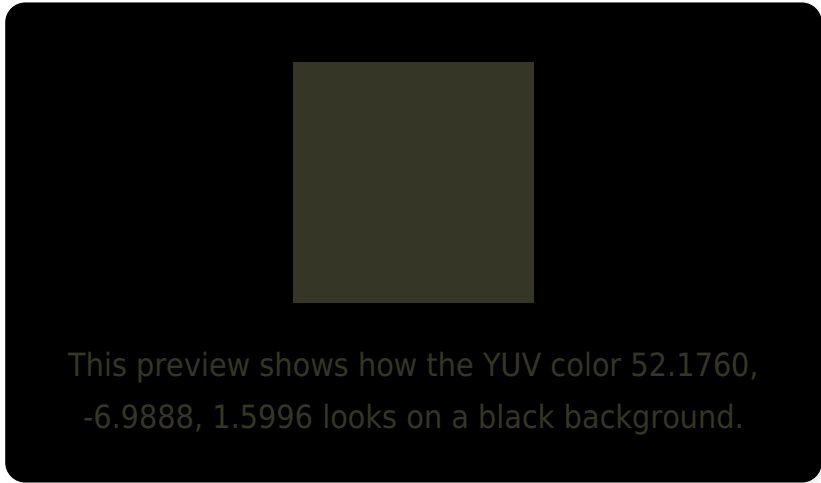
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

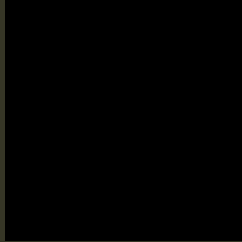
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996.



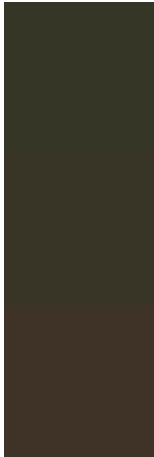
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.1760, -6.9888,

1.5996.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996

Protanopia

52.4860, -7.1416, 3.9588

Deuteranopia

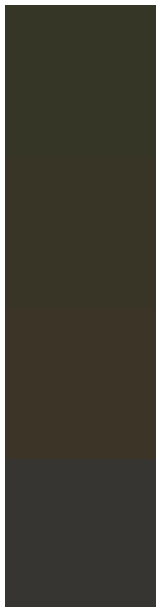
53.2200, -7.0105, 8.5771



Tritanopia

53.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996

Protanomaly

52.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440

Deuteranomaly

52.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179

Tritanomaly

53.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996

Achromatopsia

52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

52.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 54, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 54, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 54, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 54, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 54, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 54, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 54, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 54, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 54, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 54, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 52.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 54, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 54,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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