

# Converting Colors

YUV(52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E1E0F
RGB	110, 30, 15
RGB Percent	43%, 12%, 6%
CMY	0.5686, 0.8824, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.86, 0.57
HSL	9°, 76%, 25%
HSV	9°, 86%, 43%
XYZ	6.9809, 4.2780, 0.9097
YIQ	52.2100, 52.4950, 12.2950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

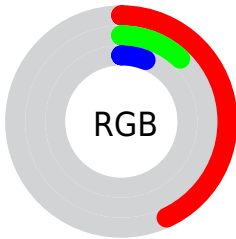
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	110, 33, 15
Decimal	7216655
CIELab	24.57, 34.52, 29.35
CIELCh	25, 45.312, 40.371
Yxy	4.2780, 0.5737, 0.3516
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285406735 (0xFF6E1E0F)
YUV	52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818
Hunter-Lab	20.6834, 24.0500, 11.8706

# Details

The YUV color **52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **72.7900, 18.3445, -50.6818**, and the grayscale version is **52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102.9180, -22.1446, 56.1999**, and **16.4450, -8.1074, 33.8127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.6730, -20.5448, 56.4148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.7470, -16.1443, 44.9489**.

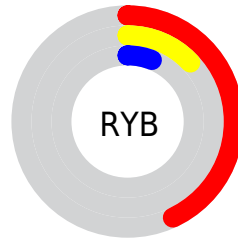
# Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (12%)

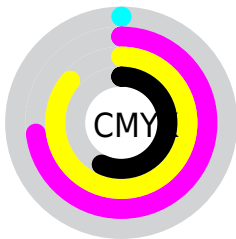
Blue (6%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (6%)

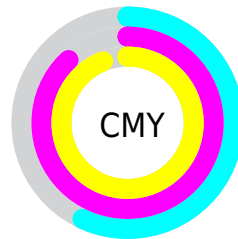


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (94%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818

■ 52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,  
1.3997

■ 25.6920, -12.6662,  
49.3821

■ 102.9180,  
-22.1446, 56.1999

■ 16.4450, -8.1074,  
33.8127

■ 129.8860,  
-23.6078, 58.8590

■ 6.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

■ 156.8540,  
-25.0710, 61.5180


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 183.3380,  
-25.8026, 62.8476


■ 202.8520,  
-22.1120, 45.7338


■ 222.3660,


-18.4214, 28.6200


 242.4670,  
-15.0202, 10.9914


 52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818


 52.2100, -18.3445,  
50.6818


 45.6730, -20.5448,  
56.4148


 58.7470, -16.1443,  
44.9489

 42.8690, -21.1344,  
58.8739

 65.8710, -14.2334,  
38.7011

 72.4080, -12.0331,  
32.9682

 78.9450, -9.8329,  
27.2352

 85.4820, -7.6326,  
21.5023

■ 92.6060, -5.7218,  
15.2545

■ 99.1430, -3.5215,  
9.5216

■ 105.6800, -1.3212,  
3.7886

■ 112.2170, 0.8790,  
-1.9443

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



47.4990, 0.2470, 60.9524



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



55.3850, -27.3048, 31.2344

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



46.1400, -5.9850, -40.4648



48.9970, 37.9625, -42.9704

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



72.7900, 18.3445, -50.6818

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.9380, 34.0476, -47.3036



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



50.8310, 9.4503, -44.5788

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



46.1950, -22.7741, -22.0960



53.8920, 23.7172, -47.2633



59.7220, 25.2801, 11.6448



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



54.9870, -27.1086, 14.9204



53.8920, 23.7172, -47.2633



51.4590, 37.2417, -45.1295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



120.5850, -7.1904, 19.6580



52.6390, 21.3770, 50.3056



57.9260, -4.4005, 11.4659



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818



56.2580, -27.7352, 76.0727



79.7990, -31.9459, 26.4863



52.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



47.0330, -23.1873, 63.9921



96.7460, -47.6958, 131.7728



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.7900, 18.3445, -50.6818



86.7420, 27.7352, -76.0727



45.2010, 31.9459, -26.4863



53.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



72.9670, 23.1873, -63.9921

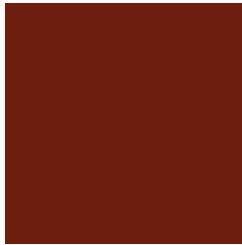


150.2540, 47.6958, -131.7728



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

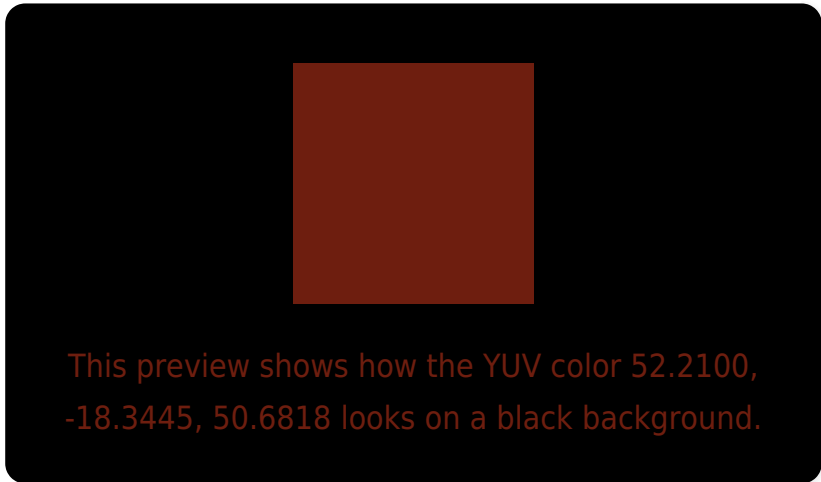
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

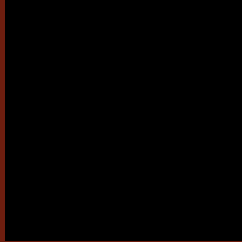
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.2100, -18.3445,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818

### Protanopia

57.7610, -17.6302, 8.1026

### Tritanopia

52.6320, -11.6506, 50.3117

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818

## Protanomaly

55.7460, -18.1158, 23.9018

## Tritanomaly

52.6490, -14.1240, 50.2968

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818

## Achromatopsia

52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

52.1010, -6.4588, 18.3284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 30, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 30, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 30, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 30, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 30, 15) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 30, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 30, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 30, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 30, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 30,  
15) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 52.2100, -18.3445, 50.6818 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 30, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 30,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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