

Converting Colors

YUV(52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(52.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	243B3C
RGB	36, 59, 60
RGB Percent	14%, 23%, 24%
CMY	0.8588, 0.7686, 0.7647
CMYK	0.40, 0.02, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	182°, 25%, 19%
HSV	182°, 40%, 24%
XYZ	3.1071, 3.8292, 4.8503
YIQ	52.2370, -14.0290, -4.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

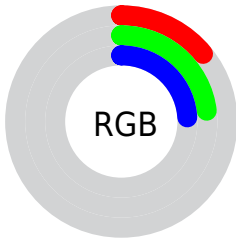
Format	Color
RYB	36, 48, 60
Decimal	2374460
CIELab	23.10, -8.66, -3.49
CIELCh	23, 9.331, 201.940
Yxy	3.8292, 0.2636, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280564540 (0xFF243B3C)
YUV	52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398
Hunter-Lab	19.5684, -5.9021, -0.9980




Details

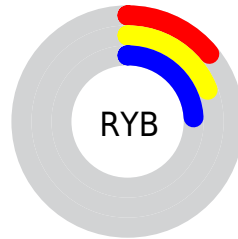
The YUV color **52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **43.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398**, and the grayscale version is **52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.9380, 3.9746, -14.8546**, and **12.0310, 2.9427, -10.5512** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.4430, 4.7116, -17.9285**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54.0310, 2.9427, -10.5512**.

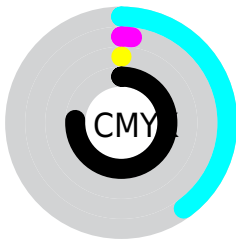
Distribution







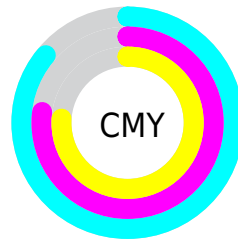
-  Red (14%)
-  Green (23%)
-  Blue (24%)






-  Red (14%)
-  Yellow (19%)
-  Blue (24%)



-  Cyan (40%)
-  Magenta (2%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (76%)



-  Cyan (86%)
-  Magenta (77%)
-  Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398

■ 52.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 30.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398

■ 98.9380, 3.9746,
-14.8546

■ 12.0310, 2.9427,
-10.5512

■ 123.9380, 3.9746,
-14.8546

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.3400, 4.2694,
-16.0842

■ 176.3400, 4.2694,
-16.0842

■ 204.0410, 4.4168,
-16.6990

■ 232.6280, 4.1274,

-17.2138

251.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

52.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398

52.2370, 3.8272,
-14.2398

50.4430, 4.7116,
-17.9285

54.0310, 2.9427,
-10.5512

48.6490, 5.5960,
-21.6172

55.8250, 2.0583,
-6.8625

46.2680, 6.7699,
-24.7910

58.2060, 0.8844,
-3.6887

44.4740, 7.6543,
-28.4797

60.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

42.6800, 8.5388,
-32.1684

61.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 40.8860, 9.4232,
-35.8570

■ 63.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

■ 65.9690, -2.9427,
10.5512

■ 67.7630, -3.8272,
14.2398

■ 69.5570, -4.7116,
17.9285

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.6350, 0.1799, -11.0809



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



52.9320, 6.4425, -13.0954

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



56.3580, 3.7675, 4.9480



54.9100, -6.8576, 6.2179

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



43.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.5730, -5.7055, 10.0215



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



56.1800, 0.4043, 10.3661

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



55.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997



55.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



54.1050, -5.9678, 0.7849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



53.7690, 7.0159, -10.3214



55.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



55.0350, -6.4263, 7.8623

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



76.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



50.2020, -6.5086, -12.4552



39.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



66.4640, 6.1802, -22.3319



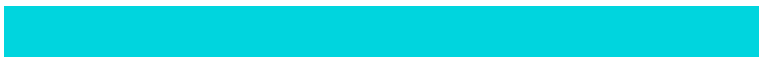
45.1930, 7.2999, -8.0623



29.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



63.5460, 15.0138, -55.7298



150.3390, 35.3289, -131.8473

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.7980, 6.5086, 12.4552



56.4660, 10.1233, 19.7623



50.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623



29.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



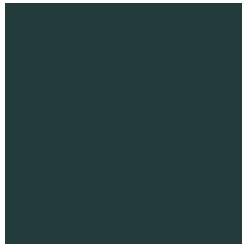
38.3660, 25.4556, 48.7910



90.6600, 60.3136, 115.1852

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

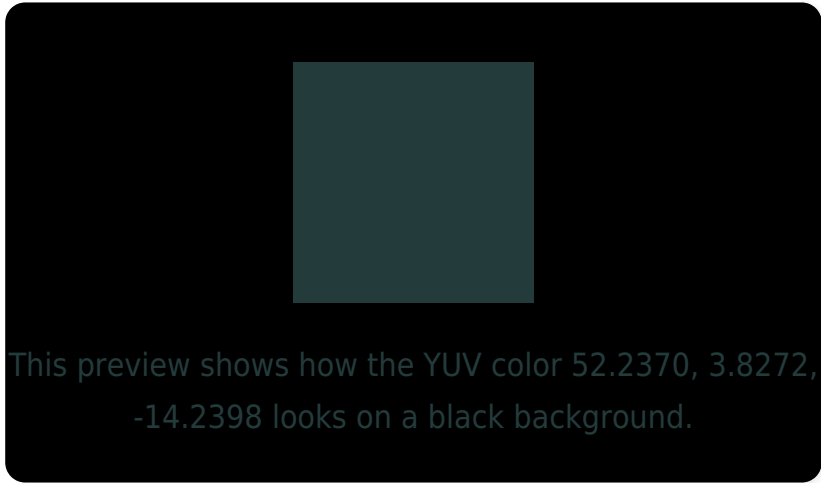
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

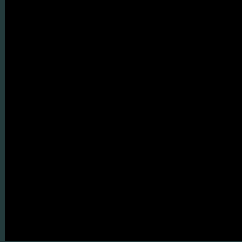
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

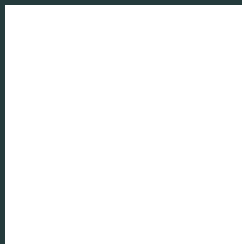
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398.

-14.2398.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398

Protanopia

55.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000

Deuteranopia

55.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593



Tritanopia

52.2910, 5.2795, -13.4102

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398

Protanomaly

53.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182

Deuteranomaly

53.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

Tritanomaly

52.1770, 4.8427, -13.3102

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398

Achromatopsia

52.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

52.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 59, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 59, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 59, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 59, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 59, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 59, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 59, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 59, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 59, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 59, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 52.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 59, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 59,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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