

Converting Colors

YUV(52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(52.7950, -2.3639,
11.5808)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 422F30 |
| RGB | 66, 47, 48 |
| RGB Percent | 26%, 18%, 19% |
| CMY | 0.7412, 0.8157, 0.8118 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.29, 0.27, 0.74 |
| HSL | 357°, 17%, 22% |
| HSV | 357°, 29%, 26% |
| XYZ | 3.7968, 3.4047, 3.2534 |
| YIQ | 52.7950, 11.0030, 4.3390 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

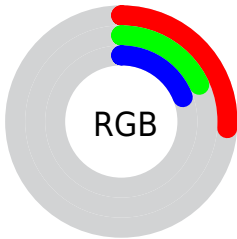
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_YB | 66, 47, 48 |
| Decimal | 4337456 |
| CIE Lab | 21.60, 8.87, 2.76 |
| CIE LCh | 22, 9.286, 17.295 |
| Yxy | 3.4047, 0.3632, 0.3257 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4282527536 (0xFF422F30) |
| YUV | 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 |
| Hunter-Lab | 18.4518, 4.4389, 2.4624 |

Details

The YUV color **52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **60.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.3930, -2.6587, 12.8103**, and **7.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **48.0020, -2.9590, 15.7842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773**.

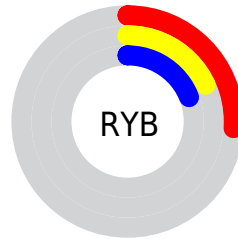
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (18%)

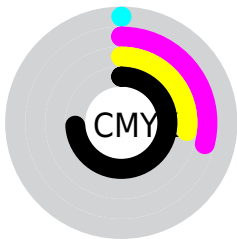
Blue (19%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (19%)

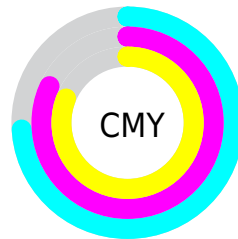


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (74%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 52.7950, -2.3639,
11.5808

■ 52.7950, -2.3639,
11.5808

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 31.1970, -2.0691,
10.3512

■ 99.3930, -2.6587,
12.8103

■ 7.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 124.6920, -2.8062,
13.4251

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.2900, -3.1010,
14.6547

■ 177.2900, -3.1010,
14.6547

■ 204.5890, -3.2484,
15.2694

■ 232.8880, -3.3958,

15.8842

254.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 52.7950, -2.3639,
11.5808

■ 52.7950, -2.3639,
11.5808

■ 48.0020, -2.9590,
15.7842

■ 57.5880, -1.7689,
7.3773

■ 43.6820, -4.2802,
19.5729

■ 61.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 38.8890, -4.8753,
23.7763

■ 66.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 34.6830, -5.7597,
27.4650

■ 70.9070, 1.0318,
-4.3034

■ 29.8900, -6.3548,
31.6685

■ 75.7000, 1.6269,
-8.5069

■ 24.9830, -7.3866,
35.9719

■ 80.6070, 2.6587,
-12.8103

■ 20.7770, -8.2711,
39.6606

■ 84.8130, 3.5432,
-16.4990

■ 20.0760, -8.4185,
40.2753

■ 89.6060, 4.1382,
-20.7025

■ 93.8120, 5.0227,
-24.3911

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



52.9950, 0.9885, 9.6514



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



52.1000, -4.9793, 10.4363

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



49.9410, -3.9149, -4.3333



50.4810, 7.1579, -9.1918

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



60.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



49.5190, 6.1531, -13.6102



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



49.8200, -0.4043, -10.3661

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



51.4040, -6.1152, 1.3997



49.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399



51.9980, 6.4100, -2.6292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



52.3340, -6.5737, 8.4771



49.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399



50.0570, 6.8739, -11.4510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



81.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



54.5480, 5.6458, 9.1664



40.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



65.4970, -3.6960, 18.8581



57.3770, -5.1159, 7.5624



30.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



29.5730, -12.1145, 59.1335



68.3440, -27.7776, 136.5103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808



65.4970, -3.6960, 18.8581



55.6230, 5.1159, -7.5624



30.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443



29.5730, -12.1145, 59.1335



68.3440, -27.7776, 136.5103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

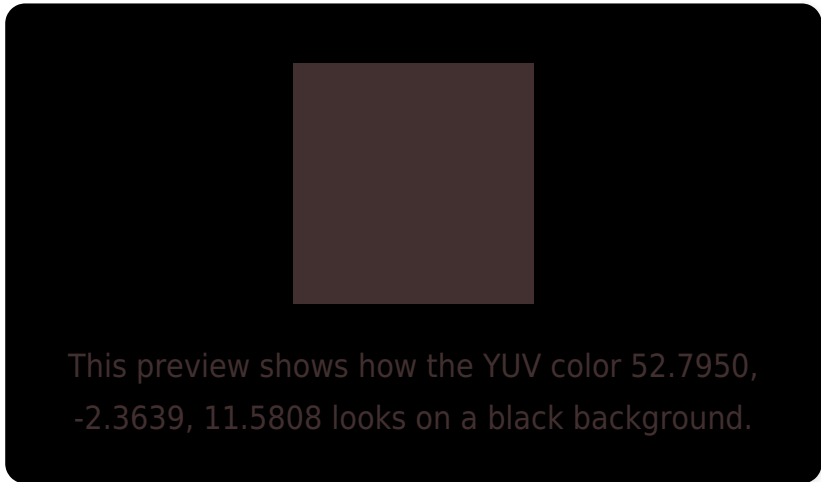
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

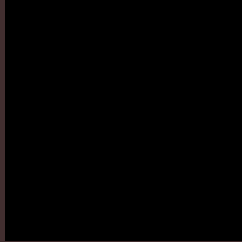
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808.

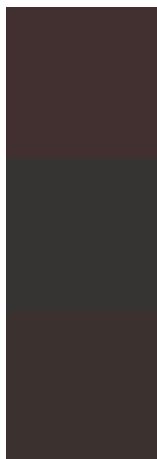


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.7950, -2.3639,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808

Protanopia

52.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148

Deuteranopia

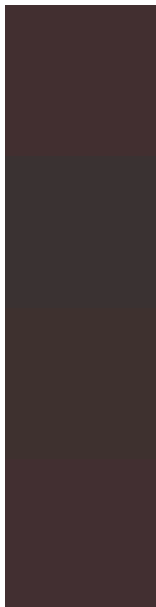
52.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



Tritanopia

53.0230, -1.4903, 11.3808

Trichromacy



Original Color

52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808

Protanomaly

52.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182

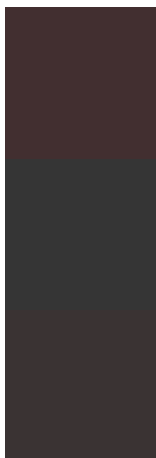
Deuteranomaly

52.6590, -2.7899, 8.1921

Tritanomaly

52.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808

Monochromacy



Original Color

52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808

Achromatopsia

53.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

53.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 47, 48)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 47, 48)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 47, 48) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 47, 48) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 47, 48) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 47, 48) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 47, 48)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 47, 48); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 47, 48);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 47, 48)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 52.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 47, 48) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 47,  
48) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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