

# Converting Colors

YUV(52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	263460
RGB	38, 52, 96
RGB Percent	15%, 20%, 38%
CMY	0.8510, 0.7961, 0.6235
CMYK	0.60, 0.46, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	226°, 43%, 26%
HSV	226°, 60%, 38%
XYZ	4.1386, 3.7126, 11.5648
YIQ	52.8300, -22.4680, 10.7160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

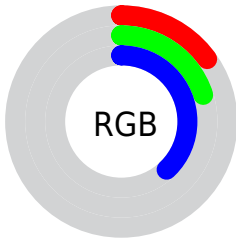
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	38, 49, 96
Decimal	2503776
CIE Lab	22.70, 9.10, -28.00
CIE LCh	23, 29.439, 288.015
Yxy	3.7126, 0.2132, 0.1912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280693856 (0xFF263460)
YUV	52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059
Hunter-Lab	19.2681, 4.6214, -22.0986

# Details

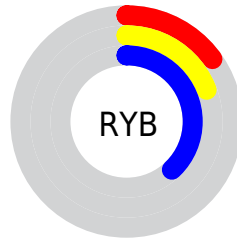
The YUV color **52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **81.1700, -21.2828, 13.0059**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.5960, 22.8772, -11.0467**, and **9.1080, 19.6668, -7.9877** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.7310, 24.7826, -15.5501**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.9290, 17.7830, -10.4617**.

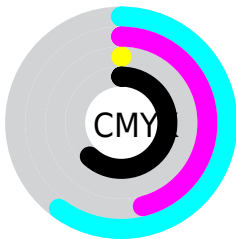
# Distribution



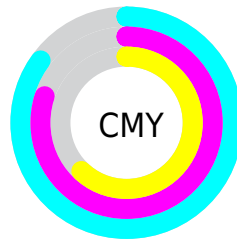
- Red (15%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059

■ 52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 29.0960, 21.1517,  
-17.6242

■ 100.5960, 22.8772,  
-11.0467

■ 9.1080, 19.6668,  
-7.9877

■ 126.1230, 23.6034,  
-10.6319

■ 3.7790, 11.9410,  
-3.3142

■ 152.2370, 24.0402,  
-10.7318

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 178.7640, 24.7663,  
-10.3170

■ 206.5360, 23.8928,  
-10.1171

■ 231.6430, 11.5150,

-6.7029

254.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059

■ 52.8300, 21.2828,  
-13.0059

■ 45.7310, 24.7826,  
-15.5501

■ 59.9290, 17.7830,  
-10.4617

■ 38.3440, 28.4244,  
-16.9647

■ 67.3160, 14.1412,  
-9.0471

■ 31.2450, 31.9242,  
-19.5089

■ 74.4150, 10.6414,  
-6.5030

■ 24.4450, 35.2766,  
-21.4383

■ 81.2150, 7.2890,  
-4.5736

■ 88.3140, 3.7892,  
-2.0294

■ 96.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 102.8000, -3.3524,  
1.9294

■ 109.8990, -6.8522,  
4.4736

■ 117.2860,  
-10.4940, 5.8882

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.6910, 25.2953, -40.0710



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



56.3450, 13.6339, 13.7294

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



52.8870, -15.2273, 30.7941



42.5840, 0.6981, -37.3462

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



81.1700, -21.2828, 13.0059

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0890, -11.8759, -17.6181



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



51.9750, -22.1727, 18.4389

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



52.8520, -5.3500, 36.0868



50.2180, -20.8135, 2.4398



45.7930, 10.4551, -40.1605



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



55.2280, 7.7756, 26.1100



50.2180, -20.8135, 2.4398



41.7860, -2.3595, -36.6463

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



108.1440, 8.3100, -5.3883



77.0620, 2.4344, -34.2574



53.3570, 5.2470, -2.9441



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059



57.2880, 33.3820, -20.4236



49.0970, 23.1232, 3.4229



45.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



28.6170, 41.1078, -25.0971



61.4060, 88.0468, -53.8531



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9380, -2.4344, 34.2574



63.7170, -3.8045, 53.7452



85.2020, -23.2706, -2.8082



45.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



36.5660, -4.7160, 66.1556



78.3720, -10.0434, 141.7478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

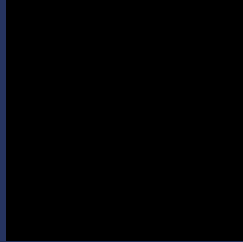
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 52.8300, 21.2828,

-13.0059.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059

### Protanopia

52.0360, 22.1673, -16.6946

### Deuteranopia

48.7960, 22.7786, -26.1311



## Tritanopia

48.8060, 7.4906, -22.6319

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059

## Protanomaly

52.6340, 21.8724, -15.4650

## Deuteranomaly

50.3020, 22.0361, -21.3129

## Tritanomaly

49.9080, 12.8634, -19.2133

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059

## Achromatopsia

53.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

53.3290, 7.7258, -4.6735

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 52, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 52, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 52, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 52, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 52, 96) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 52, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 52, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 52, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 52, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 52, 96)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 52.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 52, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 52,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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