

# Converting Colors

YUV(53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138)  
contains.

<b>YUV(53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(53.8930, 46.3948,  
52.7138)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	720594
RGB	114, 5, 148
RGB Percent	45%, 2%, 58%
CMY	0.5529, 0.9804, 0.4196
CMYK	0.23, 0.97, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	286°, 93%, 30%
HSV	286°, 97%, 58%
XYZ	12.3390, 5.8241, 28.4908
YIQ	53.8930, 19.0610, 67.5810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

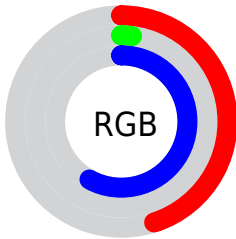
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	114, 5, 148
Decimal	7472532
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.96, 59.36, -50.40
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 77.870, 319.669
Yxy	5.8241, 0.2645, 0.1248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285662612 (0xFF720594)
YUV	53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138
Hunter-Lab	24.1331, 49.0322, -53.1028

# Details

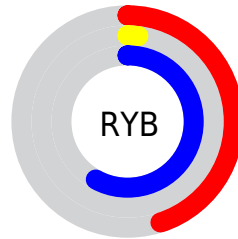
The YUV color **53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **99.1070, -46.3948, -52.7138**, and the grayscale version is **53.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.2360, 42.7747, 47.1510**, and **28.5850, 33.2356, 26.6740** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.6590, 47.9891, 54.6731**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.8940, 41.4643, 47.4510**.

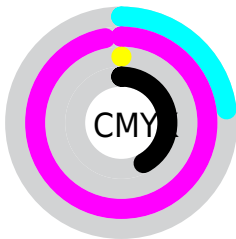
# Distribution



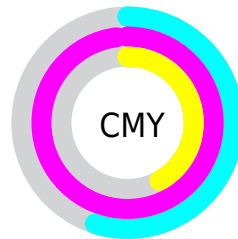
- Red (45%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 53.8930, 46.3948,  
52.7138

■ 53.8930, 46.3948,  
52.7138

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 39.9210, 40.4649,  
41.2883

■ 116.2360, 42.7747,  
47.1510

■ 28.5850, 33.2356,  
26.6740

■ 144.5350, 42.6272,  
47.7658

■ 18.6730, 26.2902,  
14.3188

■ 171.7910, 41.0220,  
49.2953

■ 5.4720, 20.9663,  
-4.7989

■ 196.3000, 28.9391,  
51.4799


■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142


■ 212.7360, 20.8362,  
37.0655


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 229.1720, 12.7332,


22.6512


 246.7820, 4.0515,  
7.2072


 53.8930, 46.3948,  
52.7138


 53.8930, 46.3948,  
52.7138


 50.6590, 47.9891,  
54.6731

 63.8940, 41.4643,  
47.4510

 73.5960, 36.6812,  
41.5733

 83.0100, 32.0401,  
36.8252

 92.7120, 27.2570,  
30.9476

 102.7130, 22.3265,  
25.6847

■ 112.4150, 17.5434,  
19.8070

■ 122.4160, 12.6129,  
14.5442

■ 131.5310, 8.1192,  
9.1813

■ 141.5320, 3.1887,  
3.9184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.0710, 62.5760, -50.9283



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



58.0290, 16.7477, 88.5516

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



64.8320, -31.9622, 31.7193



65.1420, 21.1290, -57.1295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



99.1070, -46.3948, -52.7138

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.3730, -6.0999, -50.3161



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



58.6540, -28.9164, -11.9746

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



45.9800, -22.6681, 84.2095



49.8950, -24.5982, -43.7579



71.1840, 44.2793, -62.4284



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



55.6760, -1.3193, 96.7541



49.8950, -24.5982, -43.7579



62.7480, 11.9562, -55.0300

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



154.8280, 17.8328, 20.3218



42.4340, 52.0440, -32.8296



74.6500, 11.0185, 12.5849



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138



65.4280, 61.9070, 70.6616



59.9550, 25.6582, 77.2155



69.2930, 2.3206, 2.3740



47.1270, 44.8004, 50.7546



3.5320, 3.1887, 3.9184



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.6330, -6.2281, 84.5139



62.2390, -8.4988, 112.9234



93.0450, -25.6582, -77.2155



69.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



45.0240, -5.9278, 81.5400

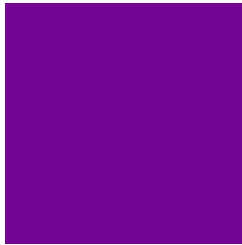


3.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

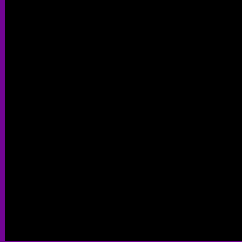
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 53.8930, 46.3948,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138

### Protanopia

56.3320, 43.2203, -49.4032

### Deuteranopia

56.6280, 34.2004, -49.6628



## Tritanopia

71.3130, -4.5913, 26.0355

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138

## Protanomaly

55.2040, 44.2694, -12.4569

## Deuteranomaly

55.7110, 38.5965, -12.9015

## Tritanomaly

65.1890, 13.7108, 35.7912

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138

## Achromatopsia

54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

53.8880, 16.8172, 19.3922

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 5, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 5, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 5, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 5, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 5, 148) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 5, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 5, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 5, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 5, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 5,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 53.8930, 46.3948, 52.7138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 5, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 5,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

**@ConvertingColor**