

# Converting Colors

YUV(54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(54.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6F1649
RGB	111, 22, 73
RGB Percent	44%, 9%, 29%
CMY	0.5647, 0.9137, 0.7137
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.34, 0.56
HSL	326°, 67%, 26%
HSV	326°, 80%, 44%
XYZ	8.0451, 4.4344, 6.7352
YIQ	54.4250, 36.6730, 34.7290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

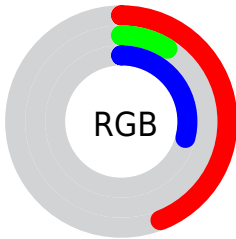
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	111, 22, 73
Decimal	7280201
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.06, 42.56, -8.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	25, 43.361, 348.955
Yxy	4.4344, 0.4187, 0.2308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285470281 (0xFF6F1649)
YUV	54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163
Hunter-Lab	21.0579, 31.3434, -4.2229

# Details

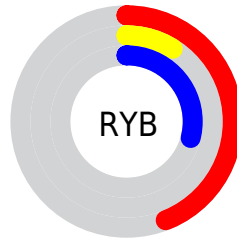
The YUV color **54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **78.5750, -9.1575, -49.6163**, and the grayscale version is **54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **107.5670, 7.1155, 51.2457**, and **21.0610, 4.4069, 33.2725** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **47.3980, 10.1568, 55.7790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4520, 8.1582, 43.4536**.

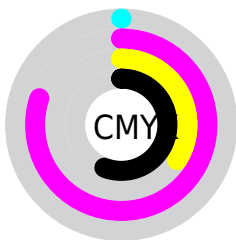
# Distribution



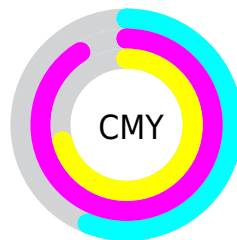
- Red (44%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163

■ 54.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.1150, 9.3103,  
47.2571

■ 107.5670, 7.1155,  
51.2457

■ 21.0610, 4.4069,  
33.2725

■ 134.0510, 6.3839,  
52.5753

■ 10.5790, -4.7224,  
21.4172

■ 161.6490, 6.0890,  
53.8048


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 189.5460, 5.6468,  
55.6492

■ 209.1850, 9.7688,  
40.1798


■ 228.5850, 13.0226,

23.1660


 245.6080, 4.6303,  
8.2368


 54.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163


 54.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163


 47.3980, 10.1568,  
55.7790


 61.4520, 8.1582,  
43.4536

 40.4850, 11.5929,  
61.8417

 68.3650, 6.7221,  
37.3909

 75.3920, 5.7227,  
31.2282

 82.4190, 4.7234,  
25.0655

 90.0330, 3.4347,  
18.3881

■ 96.9460, 1.9986,  
12.3254

■ 103.9730, 0.9993,  
6.1627

■ 111.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 118.0270, -0.9993,  
-6.1627

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9360, 20.7376, 21.9811



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



52.1580, -5.9939, 55.9894

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



54.0130, -26.6284, 0.8656



54.6900, 26.7748, -47.9631

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



78.5750, -9.1575, -49.6163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.5580, 13.5289, -46.0934



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



42.8280, -16.1842, -35.8062

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



56.8140, -28.0093, 23.8421



48.0950, -1.0328, -42.1793



53.4650, 34.7738, -46.8888



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



53.9540, -16.7393, 49.1523



48.0950, -1.0328, -42.1793



54.2510, 22.5543, -47.5781

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



122.7450, 3.5767, 19.5176



43.2090, 33.4210, 13.8487



60.6470, 2.1460, 11.7106



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



56.6810, 14.4543, 77.4558



49.4090, -10.0616, 54.0153



52.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



43.7460, 12.4502, 66.8748



90.0410, 25.6158, 137.6530



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163



56.6810, 14.4543, 77.4558



83.5910, 10.0616, -54.0153



52.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



43.7460, 12.4502, 66.8748

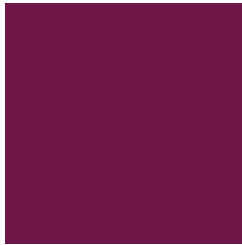


90.0410, 25.6158, 137.6530



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

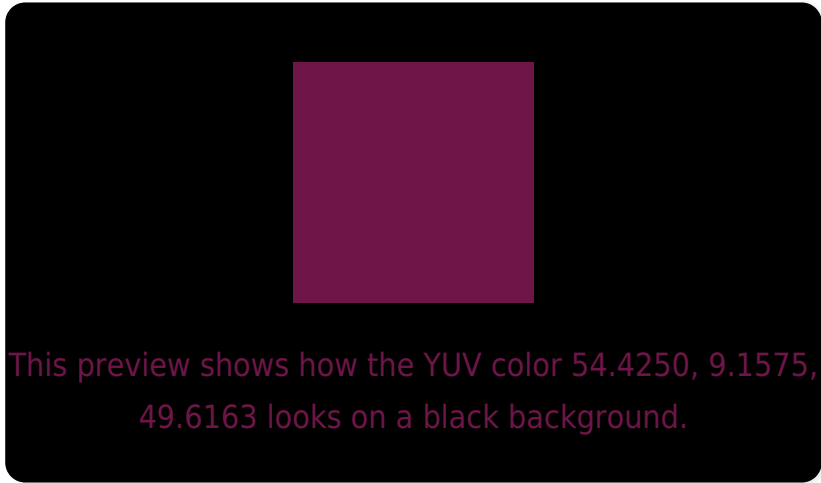
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

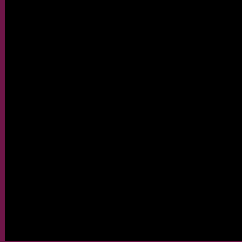
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 54.4250, 9.1575,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163

### Protanopia

60.2600, 19.0988, -12.5060

### Deuteranopia

62.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593



## Tritanopia

56.3540, -10.0345, 45.2935

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163

## Protanomaly

58.1920, 15.6813, 10.3556

## Deuteranomaly

59.2010, 5.3239, 19.1177

## Tritanomaly

55.7870, -3.3460, 46.6678

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163

## Achromatopsia

54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

54.0330, 3.4347, 18.3881

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 22, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 22, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 22, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 22, 73) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 22, 73) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 22, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 22, 73)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 22, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 22, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 22,  
73) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 54.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 22, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 22,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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