

Converting Colors

YUV(54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YUV(54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YUV(54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 214A0D |
| RGB | 33, 74, 13 |
| RGB Percent | 13%, 29%, 5% |
| CMY | 0.8706, 0.7098, 0.9490 |
| CMYK | 0.55, 0.00, 0.82, 0.71 |
| HSL | 100°, 70%, 17% |
| HSV | 100°, 82%, 29% |
| XYZ | 3.1486, 5.2500, 1.2282 |
| YIQ | 54.7870, -4.8550, -27.6630 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

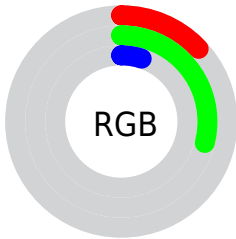
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 13, 74, 54 |
| Decimal | 2181645 |
| CIELab | 27.44, -26.64, 30.04 |
| CIELCh | 27, 40.147, 131.571 |
| Yxy | 5.2500, 0.3271, 0.5454 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280371725 (0xFF214A0D) |
| YUV | 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 |
| Hunter-Lab | 22.9128, -15.5683, 12.8609 |

Details

The YUV color $54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 003300 . A complement of this color would be $32.2130, 20.6010, 19.1072$, and the grayscale version is $55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $103.5590, -21.4746, -18.9072$, and $18.7840, -9.2605, -16.4736$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.4940, -22.9215, -21.4812$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.0800, -18.2804, -16.7332$.

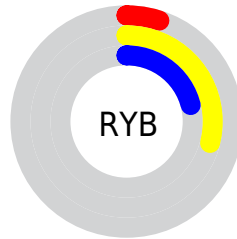
Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (29%)

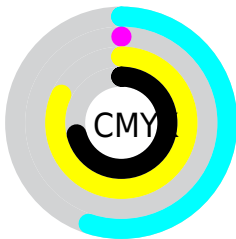
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (21%)

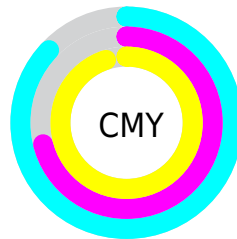


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072

■ 54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072

■ 253.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 32.9270, -16.2330,
-20.1070

■ 103.5590,
-21.4746, -18.9072

■ 18.7840, -9.2605,
-16.4736

■ 129.3310,
-22.3482, -18.7073

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 155.8040,
-23.0744, -19.1221

■ 183.1630,
-24.2374, -19.4370

■ 210.7500,
-24.5267, -19.9518

■ 235.7010,

-23.5166, -17.2778

■ 247.5640,
-15.5611, -2.2486

■ 54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072

■ 54.7870, -20.6010,
-19.1072

■ 52.4940, -22.9215,
-21.4812

■ 57.0800, -18.2804,
-16.7332

■ 50.6140, -24.9527,
-23.3405

■ 59.4870, -15.5231,
-14.4591

■ 61.7800, -13.2025,
-12.0851

■ 64.1870, -10.4452,
-9.8110

■ 66.4800, -8.1246,
-7.4370

■ 68.7730, -5.8041,
-5.0629

■ 71.1800, -3.0467,
-2.7889

■ 73.4730, -0.7262,
-0.4148

■ 75.8800, 2.0312,
1.8592

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6610, -29.4129, 7.3133



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



50.8020, -3.3534, -44.5534

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



56.8730, 32.6006, -49.8776



60.5210, -3.2149, 51.2861

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



32.2130, 20.6010, 19.1072

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7120, 10.4950, 40.5946



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



53.3130, 35.3417, -42.3705

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



57.7560, 23.2913, -50.6520



66.8100, 21.7857, 12.4446



61.2910, -17.8915, 45.3488

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



53.8970, 5.9668, -47.2677



66.8100, 21.7857, 12.4446



61.4760, 1.7373, 49.5715

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



89.4800, -8.1246, -7.4370



55.3060, -20.8569, 16.3946



43.7130, -4.7885, -4.1333



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072



66.6210, -32.3512, -30.3626



49.9470, -13.2849, -32.4025



36.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



69.7410, -34.3823, -32.2219



157.4350, -77.6155, -72.2955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.2130, 20.6010, 19.1072



31.0800, 32.4986, 29.7478



37.0530, 13.2849, 32.4025



35.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



32.2590, 34.3823, 32.2219



72.2660, 77.7629, 71.6807

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

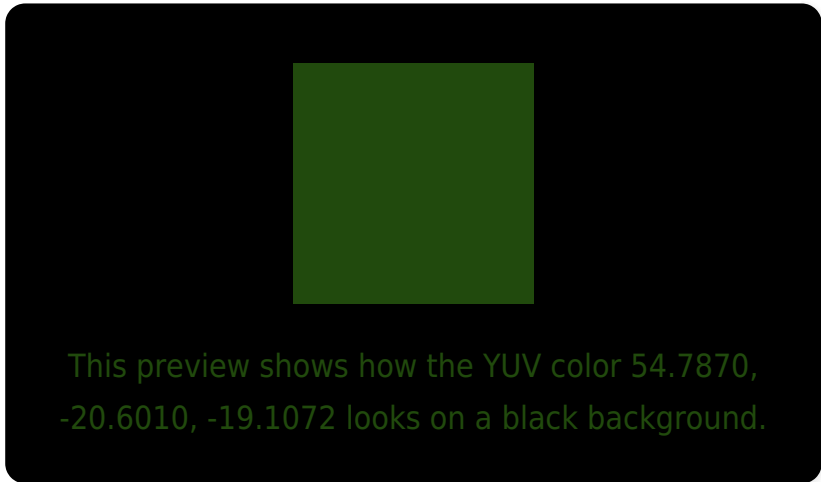
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 54.7870, -20.6010,

-19.1072.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072

Protanopia

61.2360, -24.7663, 10.3170

Deuteranopia

62.3060, -20.8569, 16.3946



Tritanopia

62.0950, 5.8692, -15.8693

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072

Protanomaly

58.6260, -22.9866, -0.5490

Deuteranomaly

59.8160, -21.1083, 3.6694

Tritanomaly

59.5650, -3.7295, -17.1585

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072

Achromatopsia

55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

55.0070, -7.3985, -7.0221

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 74, 13)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 74, 13)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 74, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 74, 13) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 74, 13) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 74, 13) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 74, 13) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 74, 13); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 74, 13);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 74, 13)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 54.7870, -20.6010, -19.1072 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 74, 13) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 74,  
13) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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