

Converting Colors

YUV(55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(55.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3E362C
RGB	62, 54, 44
RGB Percent	24%, 21%, 17%
CMY	0.7569, 0.7882, 0.8275
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.29, 0.76
HSL	33°, 17%, 21%
HSV	33°, 29%, 24%
XYZ	3.7604, 3.8443, 2.9267
YIQ	55.2520, 7.9780, -1.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

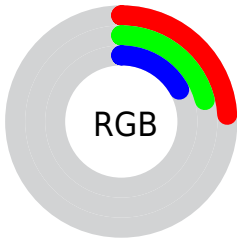
Format	Color
R_{YB}	58, 62, 44
Decimal	4077100
CIE Lab	23.15, 1.62, 7.59
CIE LCh	23, 7.761, 77.924
Yxy	3.8443, 0.3571, 0.3650
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282267180 (0xFF3E362C)
YUV	55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180
Hunter-Lab	19.6069, -0.0778, 4.8747

Details

The YUV color **55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **50.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180**, and the grayscale version is **55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102.4370, -6.1314, 6.6328**, and **11.5510, -5.6946, 6.5328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737**.

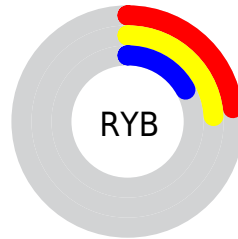
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (21%)

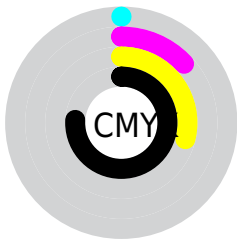
Blue (17%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (17%)

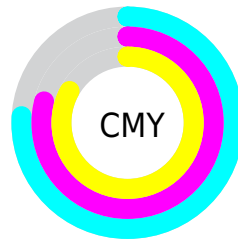


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (79%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180

■ 55.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 33.9530, -5.3998,
5.3032

■ 102.4370, -6.1314,
6.6328

■ 11.5510, -5.6946,
6.5328

■ 127.3230, -6.5682,
6.7327

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 152.9210, -6.8631,
7.9623

■ 179.9210, -6.8631,
7.9623

■ 207.5080, -7.1524,
7.4475

■ 235.8070, -7.2999,

8.0623

254.3160, -2.6208,
0.5999

55.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180

55.2520, -5.5472,
5.9180

52.8070, -7.2999,
8.0623

57.6970, -3.7946,
3.7737

50.3620, -9.0525,
10.2065

60.1420, -2.0420,
1.6295

48.3900, -11.5313,
11.9360

62.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

45.9450, -13.2839,
14.0802

64.5590, 2.1894,
-2.2442

43.5000, -15.0365,
16.2245

67.0040, 3.9420,
-4.3885

■ 41.0550, -16.7891,
18.3688

■ 69.4490, 5.6946,
-6.5328

■ 39.1970, -18.8311,
19.9982

■ 71.3070, 7.7366,
-8.1622

■ 38.4960, -18.9785,
20.6130

■ 73.8660, 9.9261,
-10.4065

■ 76.3110, 11.6787,
-12.5507

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.6160, -4.2477, 9.1068



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



54.6320, -5.2416, 1.1997

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



53.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808



56.2330, 3.3361, 3.3037

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



50.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



53.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



52.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218



54.1500, 5.8421, -7.1475



55.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



54.2510, -4.0677, -1.9741



54.1500, 5.8421, -7.1475



55.7490, 4.0677, 1.9741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



78.7400, -2.3368, 2.8590



50.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662



39.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



71.0630, -8.9051, 9.5917



59.6490, -7.7150, 1.1848



29.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



58.6300, -28.9046, 31.0195



138.5790, -68.3194, 73.1602

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180



63.9370, 8.9051, -9.5917



46.3510, 7.7150, -1.1848



28.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



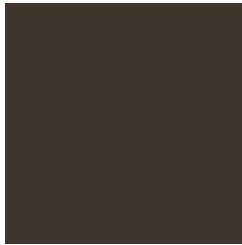
35.3700, 28.9046, -31.0195



83.4210, 68.3194, -73.1602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

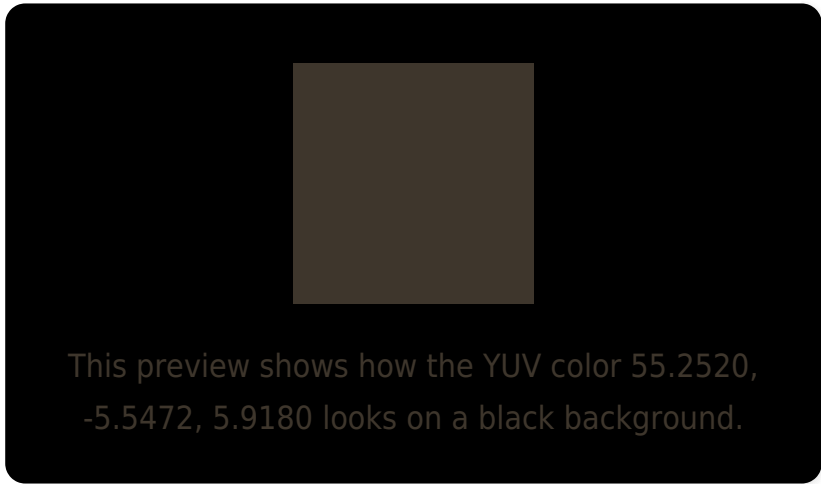
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

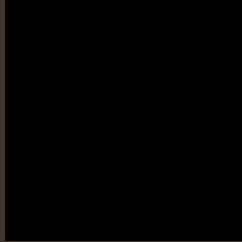
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180.

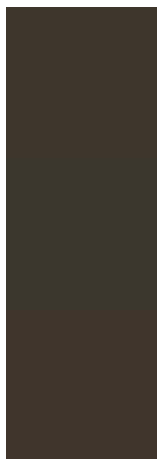


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 55.2520, -5.5472,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

Protanopia

55.0560, -4.9576, 3.4589

Deuteranopia

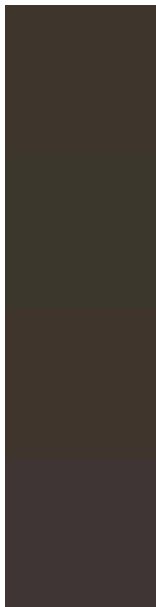
55.2630, -5.5527, 7.6623



Tritanopia

55.7450, 0.1257, 6.3626

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

Protanomaly

55.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737

Deuteranomaly

54.9640, -5.4053, 7.0476

Tritanomaly

55.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180

Achromatopsia

55.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

55.4410, -2.1894, 2.2442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(62, 54, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(62, 54, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(62, 54, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(62, 54, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(62, 54, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(62, 54, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(62, 54, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(62, 54, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 54, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(62, 54, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 55.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(62, 54, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(62, 54,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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