

Converting Colors

YUV(55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891)
contains.

YUV(55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(55.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	363C27
RGB	54, 60, 39
RGB Percent	21%, 24%, 15%
CMY	0.7882, 0.7647, 0.8471
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.35, 0.76
HSL	77°, 21%, 19%
HSV	77°, 35%, 24%
XYZ	3.5034, 4.1625, 2.5382
YIQ	55.8120, 3.1650, -7.8030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

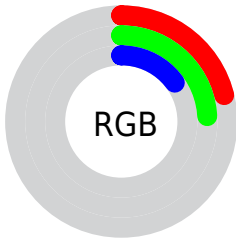
Format	Color
RYB	39, 60, 45
Decimal	3554343
CIELab	24.20, -6.88, 12.18
CIELCh	24, 13.990, 119.468
Yxy	4.1625, 0.3433, 0.4079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281744423 (0xFF363C27)
YUV	55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891
Hunter-Lab	20.4021, -5.0523, 6.9052

Details

The YUV color **55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **43.1880, 8.2883, 1.5891**, and the grayscale version is **56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **102.5840, -9.1619, -1.3892**, and **12.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.5300, -10.6143, -2.2188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594**.

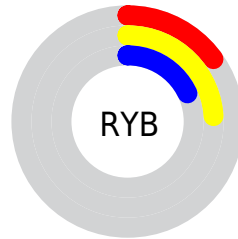
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (24%)

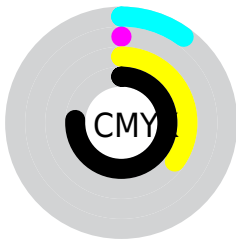
Blue (15%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (18%)

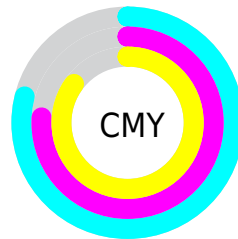


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891

■ 55.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 34.0400, -7.4147,
-1.7891

■ 102.5840, -9.1619,
-1.3892

■ 12.3600, -6.0935,
-5.5777

■ 127.4700, -9.5987,
-1.2892

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 154.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040

■ 180.9430,
-10.3249, -1.7040

■ 207.9430,
-10.3249, -1.7040

■ 236.8290,

-10.7617, -1.6040

253.6320, -5.2416,
1.1997

55.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891

55.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891

54.5300, -10.6143,
-2.2188

57.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

53.5470, -13.0877,
-2.2337

58.0770, -3.4890,
-0.9445

52.2650, -15.4136,
-2.8634

59.3590, -1.1630,
-0.3148

50.9830, -17.7396,
-3.4931

60.6410, 1.1630,
0.3148

49.7010, -20.0656,
-4.1228

61.9230, 3.4890,
0.9445

■ 48.7180, -22.5390,
-4.1377

■ 62.9060, 5.9623,
0.9594

■ 48.0770, -23.7020,
-4.4525

■ 64.1880, 8.2883,
1.5891

■ 65.4700, 10.6143,
2.2188

■ 66.4530, 13.0877,
2.2337

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1120, -9.9152, 6.9178



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



54.3100, -3.6038, -10.7959

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



53.0280, 10.8322, -21.0726



58.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



43.1880, 8.2883, 1.5891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.9180, 4.4774, 10.5959



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



56.6810, 10.5103, -11.1212

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



51.7950, 7.4961, -24.3762



58.5900, 8.5831, 0.3596



58.1440, -5.0010, 17.4137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



53.1890, -0.0932, -16.8288



58.5900, 8.5831, 0.3596



59.1420, 1.4090, 14.7845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



77.3760, -3.6364, -0.3298



48.8010, -4.8319, 9.8215



39.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297



168.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



41.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891



72.5470, -13.0877, -2.2337



52.8220, -6.8142, -7.7369



30.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



75.2110, -37.0790, -7.2010



177.5560, -87.5351, -17.1506

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.1880, 8.2883, 1.5891



52.4530, 13.0877, 2.2337



46.1780, 6.8142, 7.7369



28.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



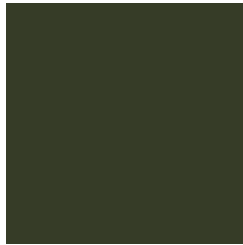
18.7890, 37.0790, 7.2010



44.1450, 87.6825, 16.5358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

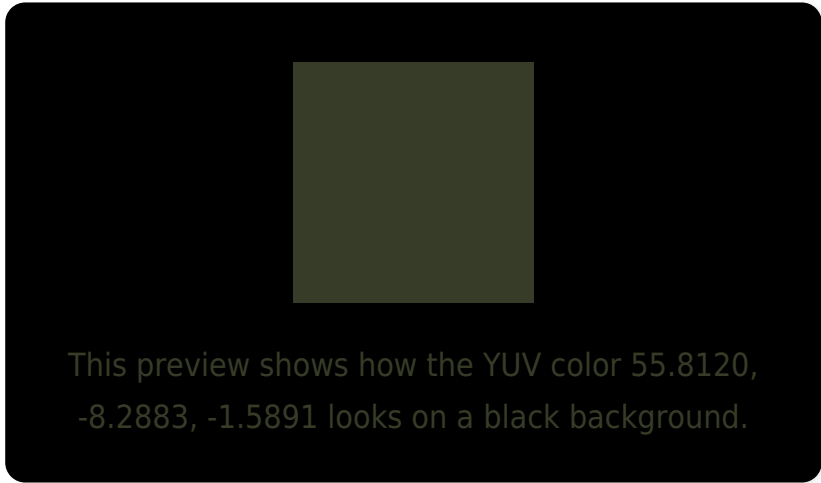
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

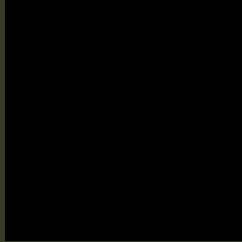
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

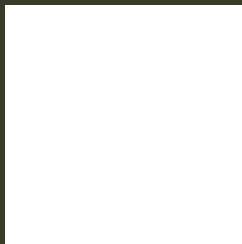
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891.



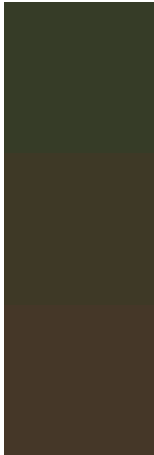
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 55.8120, -8.2883,

-1.5891.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891

Protanopia

56.3290, -9.0362, 4.9735

Deuteranopia

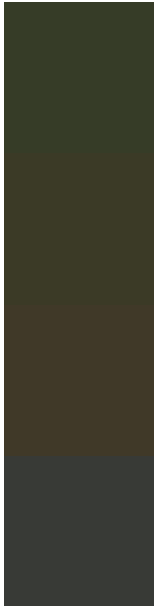
57.4760, -8.6157, 10.1065



Tritanopia

57.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891

Protanomaly

56.0190, -8.8834, 2.6143

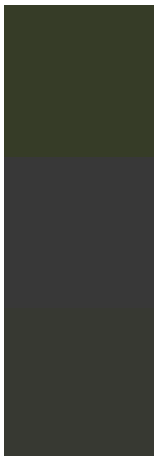
Deuteranomaly

57.1550, -8.4574, 6.0031

Tritanomaly

56.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891

Achromatopsia

56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

55.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 60, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 60, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 60, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 60, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 60, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 60, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 60, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 60, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 60, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 60, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 55.8120, -8.2883, -1.5891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 60, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 60,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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