

Converting Colors

YUV(56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(56.0890, 1.9281,
35.0019)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	60233C
RGB	96, 35, 60
RGB Percent	38%, 14%, 24%
CMY	0.6235, 0.8627, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.37, 0.62
HSL	335°, 47%, 26%
HSV	335°, 64%, 38%
XYZ	6.2405, 4.0151, 4.7210
YIQ	56.0890, 28.3310, 20.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

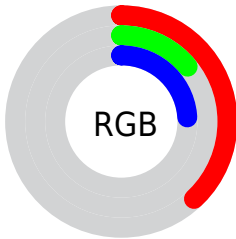
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 35, 60
Decimal	6300476
CIE Lab	23.72, 30.50, -1.78
CIE LCh	24, 30.551, 356.665
Yxy	4.0151, 0.4167, 0.2681
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284490556 (0xFF60233C)
YUV	56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019
Hunter-Lab	20.0377, 20.5257, 0.0572

Details

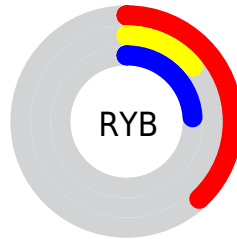
The YUV color **56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **74.9110, -1.9281, -35.0019**, and the grayscale version is **56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105.4700, 0.7543, 38.1758**, and **16.1050, 0.9342, 27.0949** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5350, 2.2012, 40.7498**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6430, 1.6550, 29.2541**.

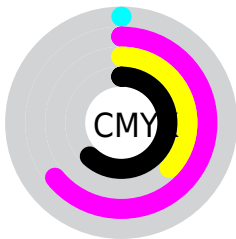
Distribution



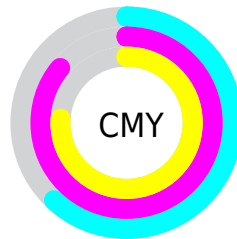
- Red (38%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.0890, 1.9281,
35.0019

■ 56.0890, 1.9281,
35.0019

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 31.4310, 3.2385,
34.7020

■ 105.4700, 0.7543,
38.1758

■ 16.1050, 0.9342,
27.0949

■ 131.0680, 0.4595,
39.4054

■ 2.6910, -1.3267,
5.5330

■ 157.9650, 0.0173,
41.2497

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 185.2640, -0.1302,
41.8645

■ 210.8830, 1.0437,
38.6906

■ 230.5110, 5.1711,

21.4769

249.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480

56.0890, 1.9281,
35.0019

56.0890, 1.9281,
35.0019

49.5350, 2.2012,
40.7498

62.6430, 1.6550,
29.2541

43.6820, 2.6218,
45.8829

68.4960, 1.2345,
24.1210

37.1280, 2.8949,
51.6307

75.0500, 0.9614,
18.3732

33.1500, 2.8841,
55.1195

81.0170, 0.9776,
13.1401

87.4570, 0.2677,
7.4922

■ 94.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 99.9780, 0.0108,
-3.4887

■ 106.4180, -0.6991,
-9.1366

■ 112.3850, -0.6828,
-14.3696

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5200, 11.5756, 20.5920



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



54.9400, -8.8444, 36.8866

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



51.5270, -19.4868, -3.0932



48.8710, 22.2486, -42.8599

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



74.9110, -1.9281, -35.0019

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.9930, 13.8075, -42.0899



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



46.3590, -8.0650, -26.6248

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



53.6110, -23.4722, 15.2502



45.3710, 3.7611, -39.7904



46.8480, 27.1899, -41.0857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



54.8980, -15.2327, 32.5385



45.3710, 3.7611, -39.7904



48.8880, 19.7752, -42.8748

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



109.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549



52.7180, 21.3380, 16.0333



54.1690, 0.4097, 8.6218



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



62.8510, 3.0315, 54.5047



56.1740, -10.4388, 34.9274



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



38.7320, 3.5831, 64.2560



82.9320, 7.4285, 137.7486

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019



62.8510, 3.0315, 54.5047



74.8260, 10.4388, -34.9274



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



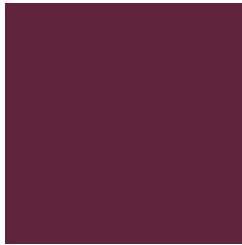
38.7320, 3.5831, 64.2560



82.9320, 7.4285, 137.7486

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

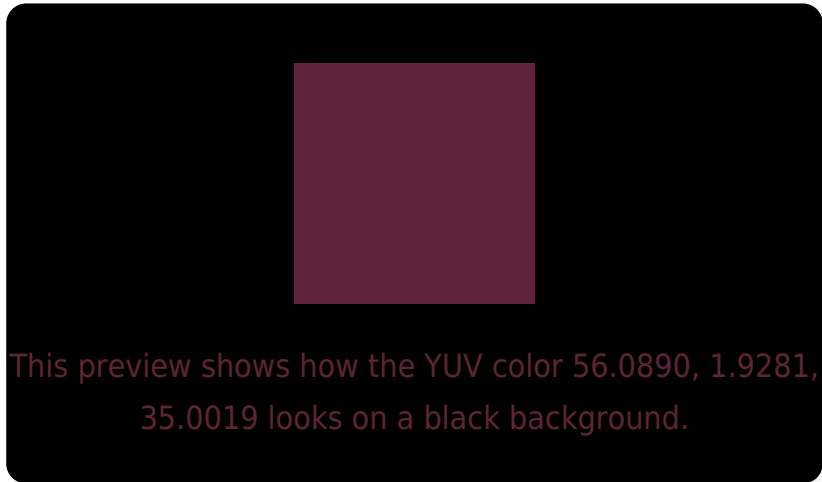
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

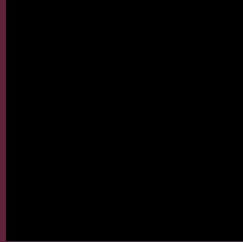
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019

Protanopia

57.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587

Deuteranopia

58.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



Tritanopia

56.0860, -6.9444, 34.1276

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019

Protanomaly

57.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960

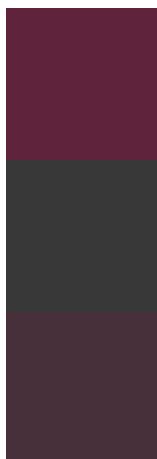
Deuteranomaly

57.2130, 0.3880, 15.5992

Tritanomaly

56.2970, -3.5974, 33.9425

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019

Achromatopsia

56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

55.9030, 0.5408, 13.2401

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 35, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 35, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 35, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 35, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 35, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 35, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(96, 35, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 35, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 35, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 35, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 56.0890, 1.9281, 35.0019 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 35, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 35,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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