

# Converting Colors

YUV(56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(56.2260, 24.5386,  
62.9458)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	800A6A
RGB	128, 10, 106
RGB Percent	50%, 4%, 42%
CMY	0.4980, 0.9608, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.92, 0.17, 0.50
HSL	311°, 86%, 27%
HSV	311°, 92%, 50%
XYZ	11.6121, 5.8469, 14.1522
YIQ	56.2260, 39.5120, 54.8720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

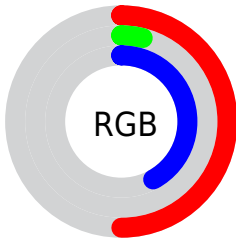
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 10, 106
Decimal	8391274
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.02, 54.04, -23.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 58.999, 336.332
Yxy	5.8469, 0.3673, 0.1850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286581354 (0xFF800A6A)
YUV	56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458
Hunter-Lab	24.1803, 43.4057, -17.7749

# Details

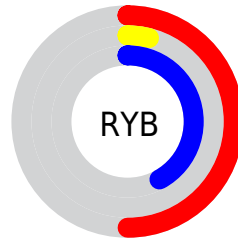
The YUV color **56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **81.7740, -24.5386, -62.9458**, and the grayscale version is **56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.4660, 20.4763, 59.2273**, and **28.7380, 14.4262, 39.6948** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1280, 26.5589, 68.2937**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.0850, 21.6501, 56.0535**.

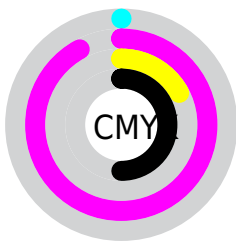
# Distribution



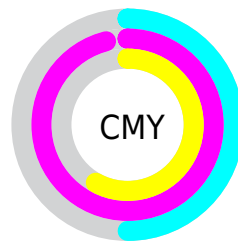
- Red (50%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (50%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (58%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.2260, 24.5386,  
62.9458


 56.2260, 24.5386,  
62.9458


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 39.5470, 20.9293,  
53.8943


 116.4660, 20.4763,  
59.2273


 28.7380, 14.4262,  
39.6948


 144.6510, 19.8921,  
59.9421


 19.4670, 8.6438,  
27.6544

 172.2490, 19.5972,  
61.1716

 4.9560, 3.4727,  
6.1776

 195.2910, 22.5345,  
52.3648


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 213.3230, 20.5468,  
36.5507


 230.3460, 12.1544,


21.6216


 247.3690, 3.7621,  
6.6924


 56.2260, 24.5386,  
62.9458


 56.2260, 24.5386,  
62.9458


 50.1280, 26.5589,  
68.2937

 64.0850, 21.6501,  
56.0535

 72.0580, 19.1984,  
49.0611

 79.3300, 16.5993,  
42.6836

 87.3030, 14.1476,  
35.6913

 95.1620, 11.2591,  
28.7989

■ 103.0210, 8.3706,  
21.9066

■ 110.9940, 5.9190,  
14.9143

■ 118.2660, 3.3199,  
8.5367

■ 126.1250, 0.4314,  
1.6444

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.3760, 36.7896, 6.6862



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



50.3090, 5.2707, 83.0440

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



63.8140, -31.4603, 10.6871



64.9770, 28.1123, -56.9848

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



81.7740, -24.5386, -62.9458

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.8470, 8.4564, -52.4858



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



53.8370, -26.5416, -27.0440

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



63.7240, -31.4159, 43.2151



53.0870, -12.3679, -46.5573



66.1630, 42.8106, -58.0250



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



45.9920, -7.3911, 84.1990



53.0870, -12.3679, -46.5573



63.3810, 21.9972, -55.5851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



137.3850, 9.6702, 25.0954



30.0300, 48.2992, 1.7277



66.9940, 5.9190, 14.9143



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



65.0240, 34.4982, 88.5560



49.5000, -1.2325, 68.8445



59.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



50.1280, 26.5589, 68.2937



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458



65.0240, 34.4982, 88.5560



88.5000, 1.2325, -68.8445



59.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



50.1280, 26.5589, 68.2937



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

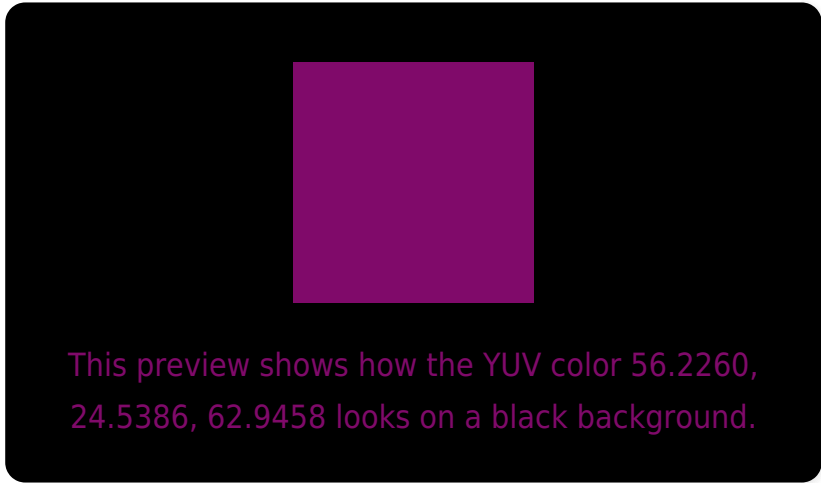
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

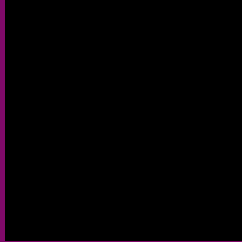
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.2260, 24.5386,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458

### Protanopia

56.4460, 43.6571, -49.5031

### Deuteranopia

70.6150, 13.9938, -8.4324



## Tritanopia

66.5610, -10.6296, 49.4970

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458

## Protanomaly

56.5760, 36.6910, -8.3982

## Deuteranomaly

65.2190, 18.1330, 17.3479

## Tritanomaly

62.6230, 2.1579, 54.7046

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458

## Achromatopsia

56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

55.8470, 8.9494, 22.9362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 10, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 10, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 10, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 10, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 10, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 10, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 10, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 10, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 10, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 10,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 56.2260, 24.5386, 62.9458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 10, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 10,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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