

Converting Colors

YUV(56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(56.4600, 5.6892,
-4.7884)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	333944
RGB	51, 57, 68
RGB Percent	20%, 22%, 27%
CMY	0.8000, 0.7765, 0.7333
CMYK	0.25, 0.16, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	219°, 14%, 23%
HSV	219°, 25%, 27%
XYZ	3.8718, 4.0474, 6.0460
YIQ	56.4600, -7.1070, 2.1490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

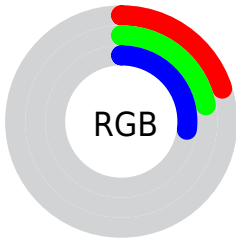
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 55, 68
Decimal	3356996
CIE Lab	23.83, 0.37, -7.63
CIE LCh	24, 7.642, 272.762
Yxy	4.0474, 0.2772, 0.2898
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281547076 (0xFF333944)
YUV	56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884
Hunter-Lab	20.1182, -0.8544, -3.7354

Details

The YUV color **56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **62.5400, -5.6892, 4.7884**, and the grayscale version is **56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884**, and **12.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.0190, 7.8786, -7.0327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442**.

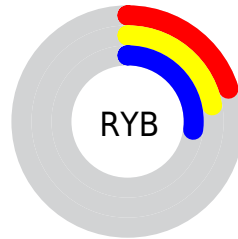
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (22%)

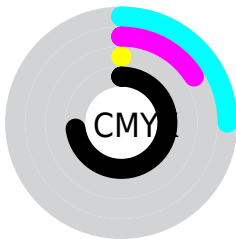
Blue (27%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (27%)

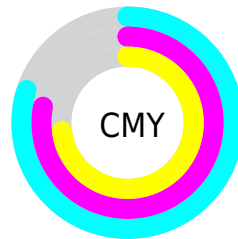


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.4600, 5.6892,
-4.7884

■ 56.4600, 5.6892,
-4.7884

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 35.3460, 5.2524,
-4.6884

■ 103.5740, 6.1260,
-4.8884

■ 12.8620, 5.9840,
-6.0180

■ 128.6880, 6.5628,
-4.9884

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 154.3890, 6.7102,
-5.6032

■ 181.3890, 6.7102,
-5.6032

■ 208.8020, 6.9996,
-5.0884

■ 237.5030, 7.1470,

-5.7031

■ 56.4600, 5.6892,
-4.7884

■ 56.4600, 5.6892,
-4.7884

■ 52.0190, 7.8786,
-7.0327

■ 60.9010, 3.4998,
-2.5442

■ 46.9910, 10.3574,
-8.7621

■ 65.9290, 1.0210,
-0.8147

■ 42.8490, 12.3994,
-10.3916

■ 70.0710, -1.0210,
0.8147

■ 37.8210, 14.8782,
-12.1210

■ 75.0990, -3.4998,
2.5442

■ 33.3800, 17.0677,
-14.3653

■ 79.5400, -5.6892,
4.7884

■ 28.9390, 19.2571,
-16.6095

■ 83.9810, -7.8786,
7.0327

■ 23.9110, 21.7359,
-18.3389

■ 89.0090, -10.3574,
8.7621

■ 21.8400, 22.7569,
-19.1537

■ 93.1510, -12.3994,
10.3916

■ 98.1790, -14.8782,
12.1210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.7260, 5.5581, -9.4067



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



57.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



57.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



55.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



62.5400, -5.6892, 4.7884

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.5500, -4.2151, -1.3593



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



57.3770, -5.1159, 7.5624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



57.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



56.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736



54.5750, 1.1955, -10.1513

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



57.8310, 3.0413, 4.5332



56.2410, -5.5418, 4.1736



55.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



84.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442



62.2330, -0.1149, -9.8513



42.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



70.9480, 8.8996, -7.8474



53.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



30.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



31.0160, 32.5301, -27.2010



71.9090, 74.9809, -63.0642

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



71.2130, 0.3880, 15.5992



65.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701



31.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



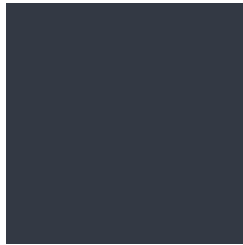
32.8790, 0.5527, 56.2341



75.9820, 1.4879, 129.8118

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

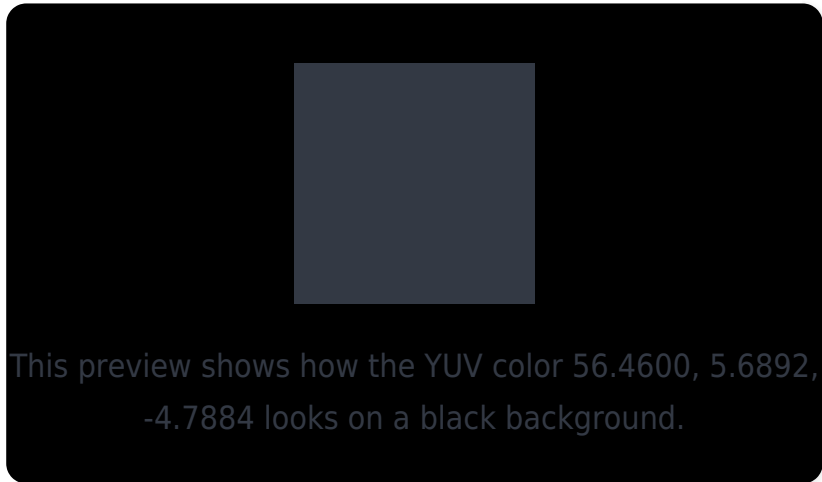
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

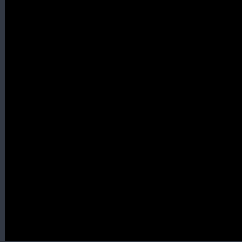
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

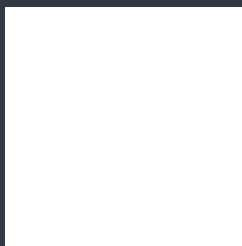
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884.



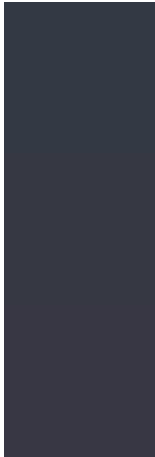
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884.

-4.7884.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

Protanopia

56.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293

Deuteranopia

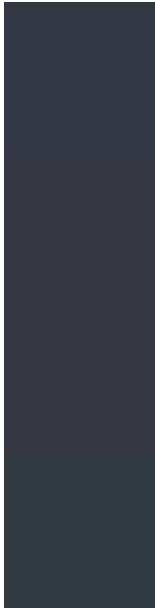
56.7810, 5.5310, -0.6849



Tritanopia

56.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

Protanomaly

56.3570, 5.2470, -2.9441

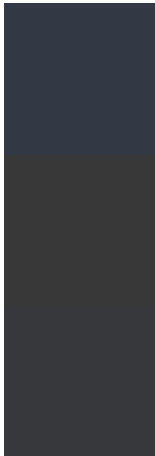
Deuteranomaly

56.7700, 5.5364, -2.4293

Tritanomaly

56.4060, 4.2368, -5.6181

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

Achromatopsia

56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

55.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 57, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 57, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 57, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 57, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 57, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 57, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 57, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 57, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 57, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 57, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 56.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 57, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 57,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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