

Converting Colors

YUV(56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(56.6110, -10.1612,
-7.5518)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	304124
RGB	48, 65, 36
RGB Percent	19%, 25%, 14%
CMY	0.8118, 0.7451, 0.8588
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.45, 0.75
HSL	95°, 29%, 20%
HSV	95°, 45%, 25%
XYZ	3.4277, 4.5363, 2.3640
YIQ	56.6110, -0.8230, -12.6230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

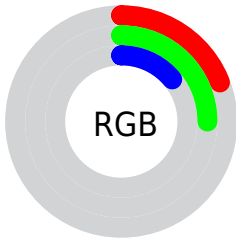
Format	Color
R_YB	36, 65, 53
Decimal	3162404
CIE Lab	25.37, -13.13, 15.53
CIE LCh	25, 20.340, 130.206
Yxy	4.5363, 0.3319, 0.4392
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281352484 (0xFF304124)
YUV	56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518
Hunter-Lab	21.2987, -8.5462, 8.3283

Details

The YUV color **56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **44.3890, 10.1612, 7.5518**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **103.9700, -11.3242, -7.8667**, and **13.5010, -6.6560, -11.8404** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.7310, -12.1924, -9.4111**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.6050, -7.6933, -5.7926**.

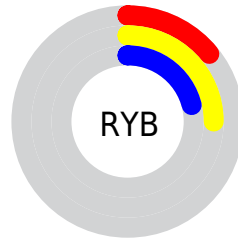
Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (25%)

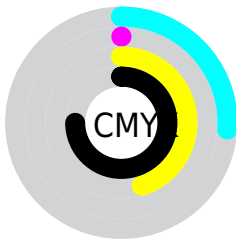
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (21%)

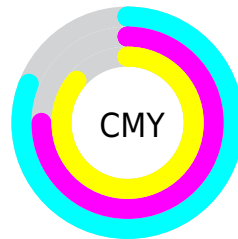


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.6110, -10.1612,
-7.5518

■ 56.6110, -10.1612,
-7.5518

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 34.7250, -9.7244,
-7.6518

■ 103.9700,
-11.3242, -7.8667

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,
-11.8404

■ 128.8560,
-11.7610, -7.7667

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 155.4430,
-12.0504, -8.2815

■ 182.0300,
-12.3398, -8.7963

■ 209.9160,
-12.7766, -8.6963

■ 237.8020,

-13.2134, -8.5964

■ 253.2900, -6.5520,
1.4997

■ 56.6110, -10.1612,
-7.5518

■ 56.6110, -10.1612,
-7.5518

■ 54.7310, -12.1924,
-9.4111

■ 58.6050, -7.6933,
-5.7926

■ 52.7370, -14.6603,
-11.1703

■ 60.4850, -5.6621,
-3.9333

■ 51.0420, -17.2757,
-12.3148

■ 62.1800, -3.0467,
-2.7889

■ 49.1620, -19.3069,
-14.1741

■ 64.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 47.2820, -21.3380,
-16.0333

■ 66.0540, 1.4524,
0.8296

■ 46.2280, -22.7904,
-16.8630

■ 67.9340, 3.4835,
2.6889

■ 69.9280, 5.9515,
4.4481

■ 71.5090, 8.1301,
5.6926

■ 73.3890, 10.1612,
7.5518

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



58.5480, -14.5672, 5.6584



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



53.2870, -2.1135, -22.1767

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



52.1880, 18.1483, -34.3679



61.3560, -3.1335, 25.1208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



44.3890, 10.1612, 7.5518

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.6740, 4.5977, 18.7029



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



59.2340, 15.1676, -11.6062

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



48.4490, 15.5546, -42.4898



61.9050, 10.8928, 6.2223



60.6240, -9.6746, 23.1318

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



49.4470, 5.2026, -35.4720



61.9050, 10.8928, 6.2223



61.7410, -0.3653, 23.9061

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



80.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



54.6500, -9.1944, 9.0770



41.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518



71.0960, -15.8233, -11.4852



53.2510, -7.5187, -15.1291



32.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



68.8990, -33.9672, -25.3444



159.2950, -78.5324, -58.1407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.3890, 10.1612, 7.5518



51.9040, 15.8233, 11.4852



47.7490, 7.5187, 15.1291



30.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



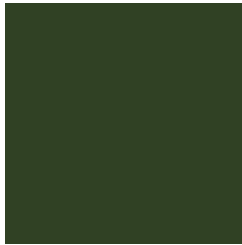
28.1010, 33.9672, 25.3444



65.0040, 78.3850, 58.7555

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

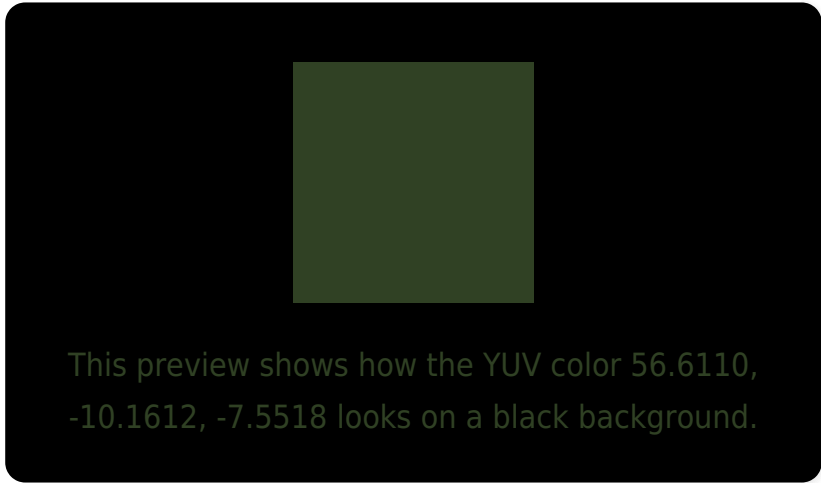
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518.

-7.5518.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518

Protanopia

58.8300, -12.2412, 6.2881

Deuteranopia

59.3190, -10.5103, 11.1212



Tritanopia

59.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518

Protanomaly

58.0250, -11.3513, 0.8551

Deuteranomaly

58.2750, -10.4886, 4.1438

Tritanomaly

58.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 65, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 65, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 65, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 65, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 65, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 65, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 65, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 65, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 65, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 65, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 56.6110, -10.1612, -7.5518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 65, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 65,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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