

Converting Colors

YUV(56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29471A
RGB	41, 71, 26
RGB Percent	16%, 28%, 10%
CMY	0.8392, 0.7216, 0.8980
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.63, 0.72
HSL	100°, 46%, 19%
HSV	100°, 63%, 28%
XYZ	3.3541, 5.0525, 1.7757
YIQ	56.9000, -3.4350, -20.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

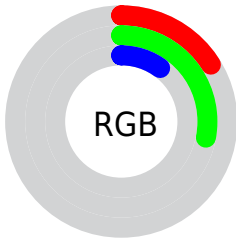
Format	Color
RYB	26, 71, 56
Decimal	2705178
CIELab	26.88, -20.84, 23.22
CIELCh	27, 31.200, 131.911
Yxy	5.0525, 0.3294, 0.4962
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280895258 (0xFF29471A)
YUV	56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443
Hunter-Lab	22.4777, -12.7001, 11.0505

Details

The YUV color **56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **40.1000, 15.2337, 13.9443**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105.1450, -16.8335, -14.1592**, and **17.0230, -8.3923, -14.9292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6070, -17.5543, -16.3183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1930, -12.9131, -11.5703**.

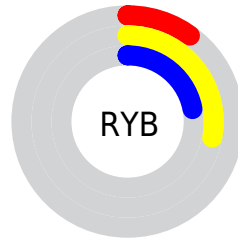
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (28%)

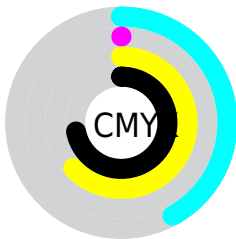
Blue (10%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (22%)

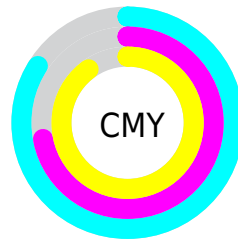


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (63%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443

■ 56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 33.9710, -16.2547,
-13.1296

■ 105.1450,
-16.8335, -14.1592

■ 17.0230, -8.3923,
-14.9292

■ 130.6180,
-17.5597, -14.5740

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.5040,
-17.9965, -14.4740

■ 183.6780,
-18.5753, -15.5036

■ 211.5640,
-19.0121, -15.4036

■ 238.8630,

-19.1595, -14.7889

■ 250.7260,
-11.2039, 0.2403

■ 56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443

■ 56.9000, -15.2337,
-13.9443

■ 54.6070, -17.5543,
-16.3183

■ 59.1930, -12.9131,
-11.5703

■ 52.6130, -20.0222,
-18.0776

■ 61.1870, -10.4452,
-9.8110

■ 50.3200, -22.3428,
-20.4516

■ 63.4800, -8.1246,
-7.4370

■ 48.8530, -24.0845,
-21.7961

■ 65.7730, -5.8041,
-5.0629

■ 68.1800, -3.0467,
-2.7889

■ 70.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 72.4670, 1.7418,
1.3444

■ 74.7600, 4.0623,
3.7185

■ 77.0530, 6.3829,
6.0925

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.6700, -23.0083, 6.4284



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



48.9100, -0.4486, -42.8941

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



53.5160, 27.3536, -46.9335



62.9170, -3.9031, 38.6608

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



40.1000, 15.2337, 13.9443

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.4350, 7.1805, 30.3135



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



60.2850, 24.5095, -21.2979

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



54.2680, 20.0809, -47.5930



65.4200, 16.5549, 10.1557



62.4360, -14.5119, 34.6976

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



51.3210, 6.2507, -45.0085



65.4200, 16.5549, 10.1557



63.5300, -0.2613, 37.2462

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



86.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777



57.0650, -15.3150, 12.2210



42.6530, -3.7729, -3.2037



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443



69.9670, -23.6477, -21.8961



53.2130, -9.9650, -23.8658



34.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444



67.9800, -33.5141, -30.6775



155.9730, -76.8947, -70.1363

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.1000, 15.2337, 13.9443



44.0330, 23.6477, 21.8961



43.6730, 9.5282, 23.9658



33.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



31.0200, 33.5141, 30.6775



71.0270, 76.8947, 70.1363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

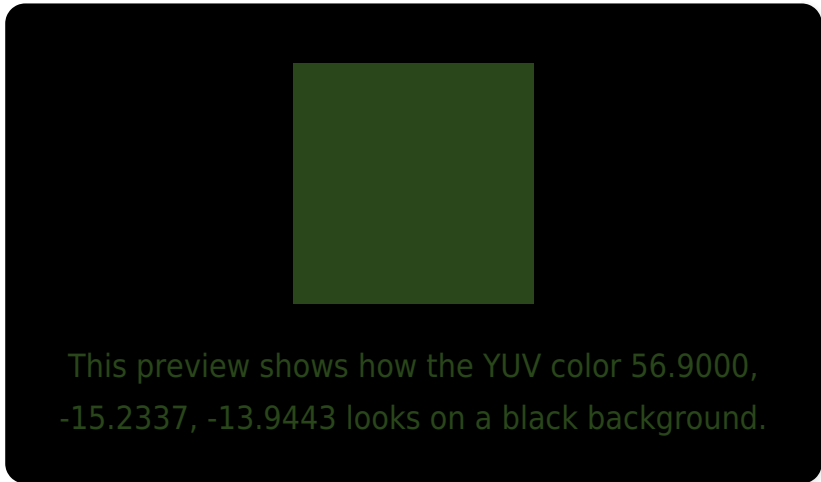
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

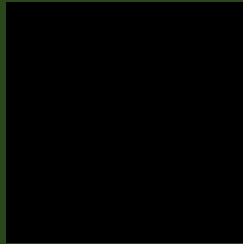
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443.

-13.9443.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443

Protanopia

61.5330, -18.5038, 8.3026

Deuteranopia

61.8480, -16.1941, 14.1653



Tritanopia

61.6010, 5.1267, -11.0511

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443

Protanomaly

60.1190, -17.3137, -0.1044

Deuteranomaly

60.1950, -15.8721, 4.2140

Tritanomaly

59.9400, -2.4354, -12.2254

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443

Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

56.8870, -5.3673, -5.1629

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 71, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 71, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 71, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 71, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 71, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 71, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 71, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 71, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 71, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 71, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 56.9000, -15.2337, -13.9443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 71, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 71,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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