

# Converting Colors

YUV(57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(57.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F2A4F
RGB	79, 42, 79
RGB Percent	31%, 16%, 31%
CMY	0.6902, 0.8353, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	300°, 31%, 24%
HSV	300°, 47%, 31%
XYZ	5.4637, 3.8827, 7.8586
YIQ	57.2810, 10.1750, 19.3510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

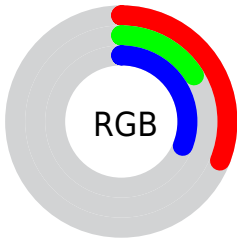
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	79, 42, 79
Decimal	5188175
CIELab	23.28, 23.66, -15.55
CIElCh	23, 28.310, 326.690
Yxy	3.8827, 0.3176, 0.2257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283378255 (0xFF4F2A4F)
YUV	57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476
Hunter-Lab	19.7046, 15.0115, -9.8529

# Details

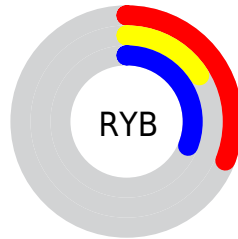
The YUV color **57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **63.7190, -10.7075, -19.0476**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105.4060, 11.1388, 20.6919**, and **14.4550, 10.1287, 18.0180** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.5850, 13.0226, 23.1660**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292**.

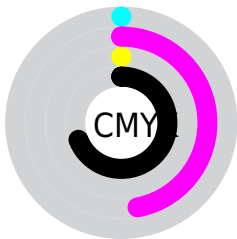
# Distribution



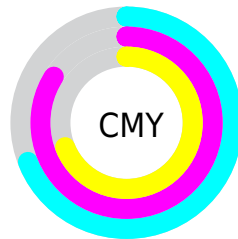
- Red (31%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

■ 57.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.5690, 10.5655,  
17.9180

■ 105.4060, 11.1388,  
20.6919

■ 14.4550, 10.1287,  
18.0180

■ 131.1180, 11.2808,  
21.8215

■ 1.1400, 4.3680,  
-0.9998

■ 156.9440, 11.8596,  
22.8511

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 184.3570, 12.1490,  
23.3659

■ 211.7700, 12.4384,  
23.8807

■ 235.0420, 9.8393,

17.5032

252.0650, 1.4470,  
2.5740

57.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

57.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

52.5850, 13.0226,  
23.1660

61.9770, 8.3923,  
14.9292

47.8890, 15.3377,  
27.2843

66.6730, 6.0772,  
10.8108

43.1930, 17.6529,  
31.4027

71.3690, 3.7621,  
6.6924

38.4970, 19.9680,  
35.5211

76.0650, 1.4470,  
2.5740

33.8010, 22.2831,  
39.6395

80.7610, -0.8682,  
-1.5444

■ 32.6270, 22.8619,  
40.6691

■ 84.8700, -2.8939,  
-5.1480

■ 89.5660, -5.2090,  
-9.2664

■ 94.2620, -7.5242,  
-13.3848

■ 98.9580, -9.8393,  
-17.5032

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0870, 18.1981, -3.5843



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



55.3660, 1.7916, 32.1280

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



53.4690, -21.4302, 13.6207



47.1780, 13.2232, -41.3751

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



63.7190, -10.7075, -19.0476

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



44.6700, 3.6137, -39.1756



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



51.2820, -17.8870, -2.8783

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



54.1100, -16.8162, 27.0905



47.0820, -7.9284, -23.7509



47.2410, 21.0802, -41.4304



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



54.9550, -4.9078, 34.2425



47.0820, -7.9284, -23.7509



46.3800, 10.1657, -40.6753

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



93.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



46.2180, 16.1615, -3.6992



45.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



68.5410, 16.4953, 29.3435



55.2290, 2.8451, 20.8472



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



42.1260, 29.5179, 52.5095



94.9900, 66.5599, 118.4038



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476



68.5410, 16.4953, 29.3435



65.8850, -2.4083, -20.9471



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



42.1260, 29.5179, 52.5095



94.9900, 66.5599, 118.4038



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

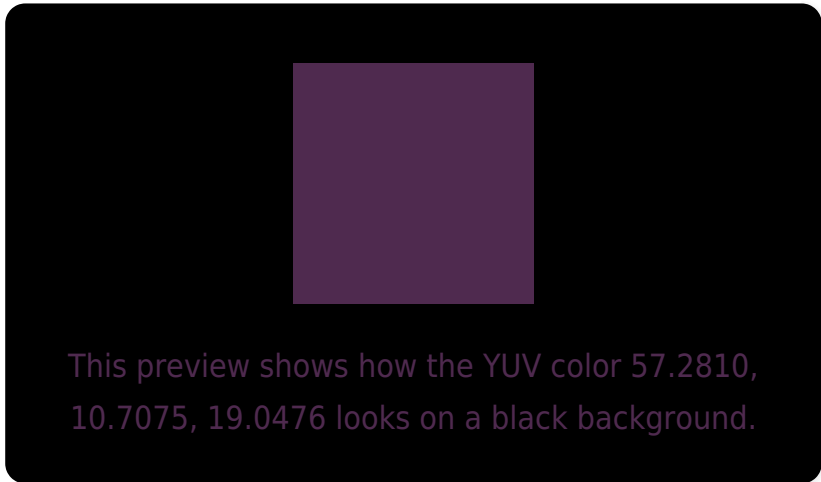
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

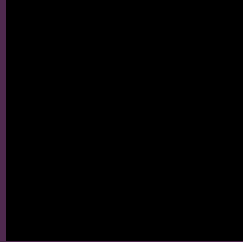
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 57.2810, 10.7075,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476

### Protanopia

55.4020, 17.0568, -10.8766

### Deuteranopia

56.0130, 10.3466, -5.2734



## Tritanopia

56.8280, -2.3802, 16.8138

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476

## Protanomaly

55.8980, 14.8403, 0.0895

## Deuteranomaly

56.4810, 10.6089, 3.9632

## Tritanomaly

57.0930, 2.4192, 17.4584

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476

## Achromatopsia

57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

57.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 42, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 42, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 42, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 42, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 42, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 42, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 42, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 42, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 42, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 42, 79)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 57.2810, 10.7075, 19.0476 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 42, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 42,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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