

# Converting Colors

YUV(57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(57.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	393748
RGB	57, 55, 72
RGB Percent	22%, 22%, 28%
CMY	0.7765, 0.7843, 0.7176
CMYK	0.21, 0.24, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	247°, 13%, 25%
HSV	247°, 24%, 28%
XYZ	4.2232, 4.0701, 6.6939
YIQ	57.5360, -4.2650, 5.7110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

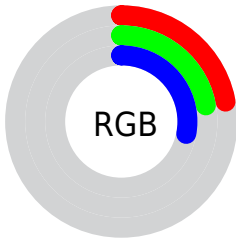
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	57, 55, 72
Decimal	3749704
CIE Lab	23.90, 5.10, -10.14
CIE LCh	24, 11.351, 296.720
Yxy	4.0701, 0.2818, 0.2716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281939784 (0xFF393748)
YUV	57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701
Hunter-Lab	20.1745, 2.0609, -5.5503

# Details

The YUV color **57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **69.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701**, and the grayscale version is **57.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **104.7640, 8.0043, -0.6700**, and **14.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.6330, 10.0409, -0.5551**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850**.

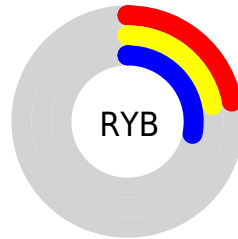
# Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (22%)

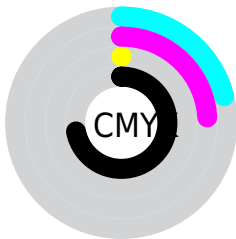
Blue (28%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Blue (28%)

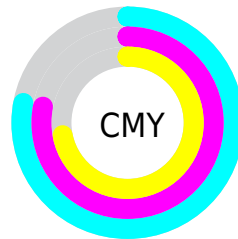


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 57.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701

■ 57.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 36.1230, 6.8414,  
-0.9849

■ 104.7640, 8.0043,  
-0.6700

■ 14.2480, 7.2727,  
0.6595

■ 129.7640, 8.0043,  
-0.6700

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 155.8780, 8.4411,  
-0.7700

■ 182.2910, 8.7305,  
-0.2552

■ 210.2910, 8.7305,  
-0.2552

■ 238.1770, 8.2937,

-0.1552

■ 57.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701

■ 57.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701

■ 51.6330, 10.0409,  
-0.5551

■ 63.4390, 4.2206,  
-0.3850

■ 45.4310, 13.0985,  
-1.2550

■ 69.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 38.9410, 16.2981,  
-0.8253

■ 76.1310, -2.0366,  
-0.1149

■ 33.0380, 19.2083,  
-0.9103

■ 82.0340, -4.9468,  
-0.0298

■ 26.8360, 22.2659,  
-1.6102

■ 88.2360, -8.0043,  
0.6700

■ 20.9330, 25.1760,  
-1.6952

■ 94.1390, -10.9145,  
0.7551

■ 15.0300, 28.0862,  
-1.7803

■ 100.0420,  
-13.8247, 0.8402

■ 10.6000, 30.2702,  
-2.2802

■ 106.8310,  
-17.1717, 1.0252

■ 112.7340,  
-20.0819, 1.1103

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9370, 8.9051, -9.5917



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



58.0810, 3.9041, 7.8220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



57.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658



53.8410, 1.0644, -14.7696

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



69.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6200, -3.7567, -8.4367



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



56.5680, -8.1680, 6.5179

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



57.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



55.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595



52.6710, 5.5852, -18.1285



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



58.1200, 1.4198, 11.2958



55.8660, -6.8359, -0.7595



53.5100, -0.2514, -12.7253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



88.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149



65.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216



45.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701



71.8610, 10.9145, -0.7551



59.9280, 5.9515, 4.4481



32.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



14.8740, 41.4741, -2.5205



33.9510, 95.1732, -6.0960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



61.7930, 4.0461, 8.9515



78.3960, 6.2138, 13.6847



67.0720, -5.9515, -4.4481



33.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



39.6330, 23.8449, 52.0649



90.6730, 53.8982, 119.5588



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

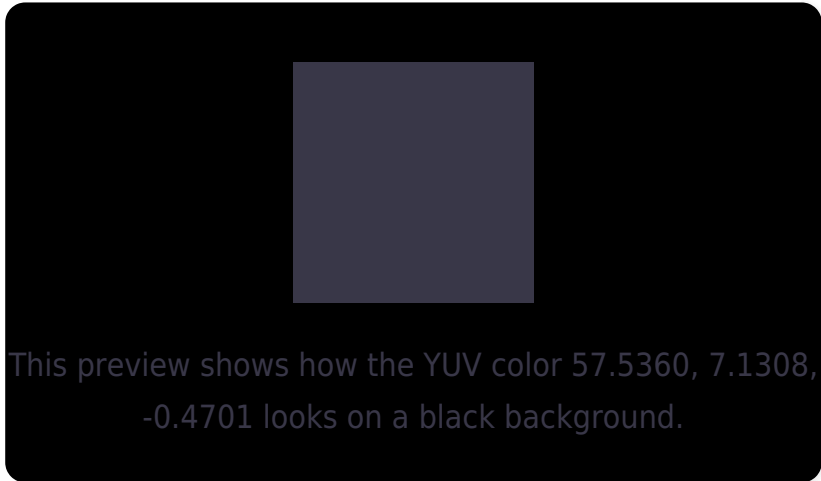
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

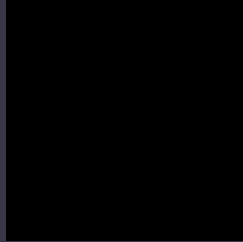
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701.

-0.4701.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701

### Protanopia

57.0410, 7.8678, -3.5440

### Deuteranopia

57.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144



## Tritanopia

56.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701

## Protanomaly

57.3400, 7.7204, -2.9292

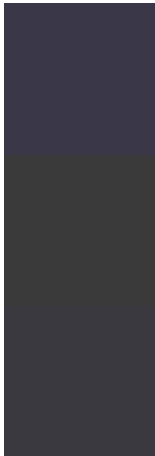
## Deuteranomaly

57.8240, 6.9888, -1.5996

## Tritanomaly

57.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701

## Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

57.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 55, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 55, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 55, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 55, 72) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 55, 72) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 55, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 55, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 55, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 55, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 55, 72)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 57.5360, 7.1308, -0.4701 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 55, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 55,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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