

Converting Colors

YUV(58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(58.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	403640
RGB	64, 54, 64
RGB Percent	25%, 21%, 25%
CMY	0.7490, 0.7882, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	300°, 8%, 23%
HSV	300°, 16%, 25%
XYZ	4.3589, 4.0985, 5.4118
YIQ	58.1300, 2.7500, 5.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

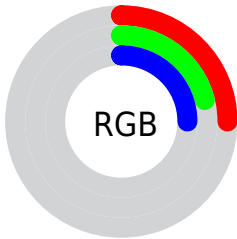
Format	Color
RYB	64, 54, 64
Decimal	4208192
CIELab	23.99, 6.58, -4.58
CIELCh	24, 8.018, 325.175
Yxy	4.0985, 0.3143, 0.2955
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282398272 (0xFF403640)
YUV	58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480
Hunter-Lab	20.2447, 3.0049, -1.6781

Details

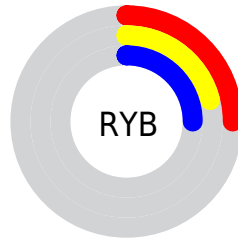
The YUV color **58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **59.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **105.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628**, and **14.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592**.

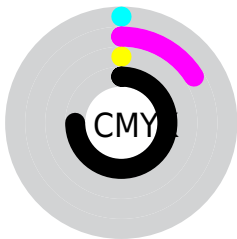
Distribution



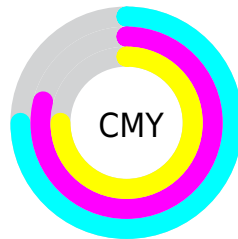
- Red (25%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480

■ 58.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 36.7170, 2.6045,
4.6332

■ 105.5430, 3.1833,
5.6628

■ 14.9560, 3.4727,
6.1776

■ 130.5430, 3.1833,
5.6628

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 156.5430, 3.1833,
5.6628

■ 183.2550, 3.3253,
6.7924

■ 210.9560, 3.4727,
6.1776

■ 239.3690, 3.7621,

■ 58.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480

■ 58.1300, 2.8939,
5.1480

■ 54.6080, 4.6303,
8.2368

■ 61.6520, 1.1576,
2.0592

■ 50.4990, 6.6560,
11.8404

■ 65.7610, -0.8682,
-1.5444

■ 46.9770, 8.3923,
14.9292

■ 69.2830, -2.6045,
-4.6332

■ 42.8680, 10.4181,
18.5328

■ 73.3920, -4.6303,
-8.2368

■ 39.3460, 12.1544,
21.6216

■ 76.9140, -6.3666,
-11.3256

■ 35.8240, 13.8908,
24.7104

■ 80.4360, -8.1029,
-14.4144

■ 31.7150, 15.9165,
28.3139

■ 84.5450, -10.1287,
-18.0180

■ 28.1930, 17.6529,
31.4027

■ 88.0670, -11.8650,
-21.1068

■ 26.4320, 18.5210,
32.9471

■ 92.1760, -13.8908,
-24.7104

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.6670, 5.0942, -0.5850



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



58.3540, -0.1745, 9.3365

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



56.8390, -5.8366, 5.4032



54.5470, 3.6743, -11.8807

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



59.8700, -2.8939, -5.1480

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.3470, 0.3219, -9.9513



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



56.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



57.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067



55.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



55.7150, 5.5635, -11.1511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



58.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512



55.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628



54.9060, 2.5113, -12.1956

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



81.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



55.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998



41.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



43.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



74.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



57.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



31.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



40.0610, 28.0709, 49.9355



92.5120, 64.8236, 115.3150

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480



74.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



60.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479



31.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



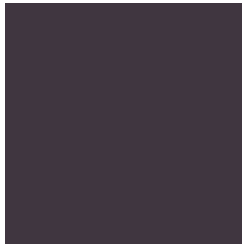
40.0610, 28.0709, 49.9355



92.5120, 64.8236, 115.3150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

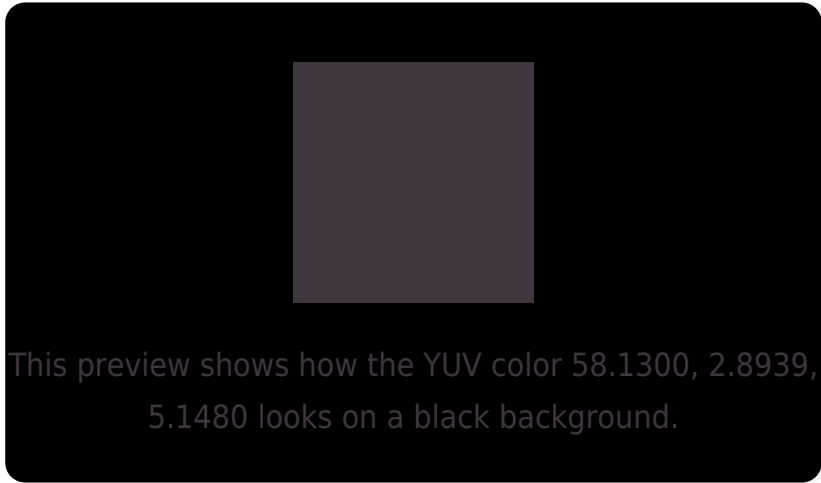
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

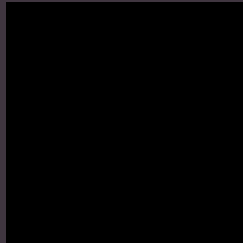
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.1300, 2.8939,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

Protanopia

57.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146

Deuteranopia

58.1080, 2.9048, 1.6593



Tritanopia

57.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

Protanomaly

57.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445

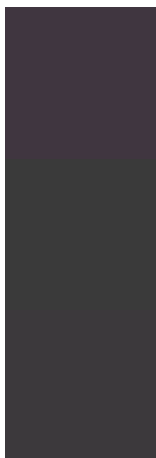
Deuteranomaly

57.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889

Tritanomaly

58.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 54, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 54, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 54, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 54, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 54, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 54, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 54, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 54, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 54, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 54, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 54, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 54,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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