

Converting Colors

YUV(58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507)
contains.

YUV(58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**YUV(58.1440, -28.6650,
0.7507)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B4500
RGB	59, 69, 0
RGB Percent	23%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7294, 1.0000
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 1.00, 0.73
HSL	69°, 100%, 14%
HSV	69°, 100%, 27%
XYZ	3.9318, 5.1861, 0.7938
YIQ	58.1440, 16.1890, -23.5790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

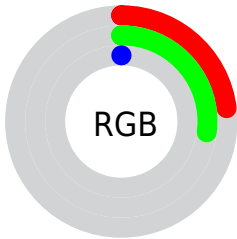
Format	Color
RYB	0, 69, 10
Decimal	3884288
CIELab	27.26, -13.54, 35.64
CIELCh	27, 38.127, 110.794
Yxy	5.1861, 0.3967, 0.5232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282074368 (0xFF3B4500)
YUV	58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507
Hunter-Lab	22.7729, -9.0345, 13.8744

Details

The YUV color **58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **10.8560, 28.6650, -0.7507**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.8560, -28.5230, 1.8803**, and **17.6430, -8.6980, -10.2109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.2410, -25.7548, 0.6656**.

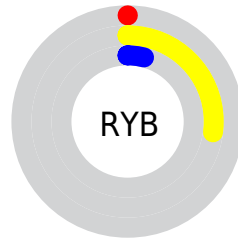
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (27%)

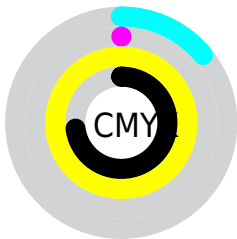
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (4%)

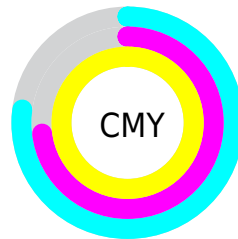


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.1440, -28.6650,
0.7507

■ 58.1440, -28.6650,
0.7507

■ 252.4920, -9.6096,
2.1995

■ 38.3530, -18.9080,
-2.0636

■ 106.8560,
-28.5230, 1.8803

■ 17.6430, -8.6980,
-10.2109

■ 132.6280,
-29.3966, 2.0802

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 158.8130,
-29.9808, 2.7950


■ 185.9980,
-30.5650, 3.5098


■ 213.7700,
-31.4386, 3.7097


■ 242.5420,


-32.3122, 3.9097


 249.3000,
-21.8399, 4.9989


 58.1440, -28.6650,
0.7507

 59.2410, -25.7548,
0.6656

 60.3380, -22.8446,
0.5806

 61.4350, -19.9345,
0.4955

 62.5320, -17.0243,
0.4104

 63.6290, -14.1141,
0.3254

■ 64.6120, -11.6407,
0.3403

■ 65.7090, -8.7305,
0.2552

■ 66.8060, -5.8204,
0.1701

■ 67.9030, -2.9102,
0.0851

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



60.9340, -30.0405, 21.9829



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



52.5560, -13.5851, -29.4286

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



57.0380, 25.6173, -50.0223



63.1700, 5.8322, 42.8239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



10.8560, 28.6650, -0.7507

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.1270, 17.6854, 20.9366



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



54.9980, 33.0320, -48.2332

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



55.3620, 14.1185, -48.5525



62.2410, 27.9822, -15.1204



61.0600, -7.4246, 48.1824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



50.2150, -3.0640, -44.0386



62.2410, 27.9822, -15.1204



64.4620, 9.6322, 37.3058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



84.7260, -11.2039, 0.2403



25.9140, -12.7756, 37.7864



43.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507



74.9670, -36.9587, 0.9059



47.9780, -23.6532, -20.1517



35.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



83.5280, -41.1793, 1.2909



191.2550, -94.2887, 2.4074

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.8560, 28.6650, -0.7507



14.0330, 36.9587, -0.9059



21.0220, 23.6532, 20.1517



32.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



15.4720, 41.1793, -1.2909



35.7450, 94.2887, -2.4074

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

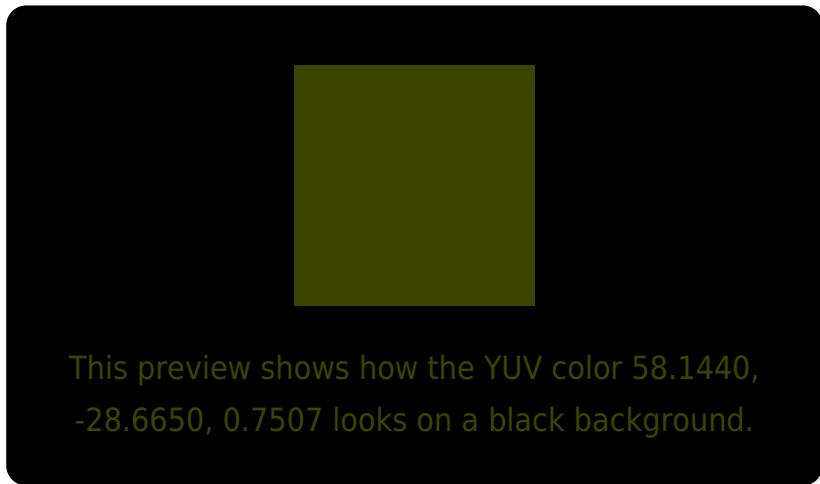
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

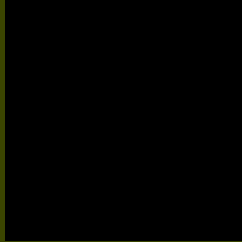
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.1440, -28.6650,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

59.9820, -29.5711, 11.4168

Deuteranopia

61.3940, -24.3512, 17.1945

Tritanopia

64.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

59.0740, -29.1235, 7.8281

Deuteranomaly

60.3070, -25.7874, 11.1318

Tritanomaly

62.2960, -9.0199, -0.2596

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

57.9540, -10.3303, 0.0403

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 69, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 69, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 69, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 69, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 69, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 69, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 69, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 69, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 69, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 69, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.1440, -28.6650, 0.7507 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 69, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 69,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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