

Converting Colors

YUV(58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4A3A12
RGB	74, 58, 18
RGB Percent	29%, 23%, 7%
CMY	0.7098, 0.7725, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.76, 0.71
HSL	43°, 61%, 18%
HSV	43°, 76%, 29%
XYZ	4.4463, 4.5256, 1.2115
YIQ	58.2240, 22.3760, -9.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

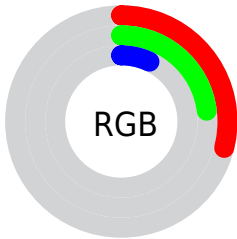
Format	Color
RYB	40, 74, 18
Decimal	4864530
CIELab	25.34, 1.98, 26.62
CIELCh	25, 26.697, 85.752
Yxy	4.5256, 0.4366, 0.4444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283054610 (0xFF4A3A12)
YUV	58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356
Hunter-Lab	21.2735, 0.0787, 11.5151

Details

The YUV color **58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **33.7760, 19.8304, -13.8356**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **106.1920, -21.2937, 16.4946**, and **17.4650, -8.6102, 8.3622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.2520, -22.3092, 15.5650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.1960, -17.3516, 12.1061**.

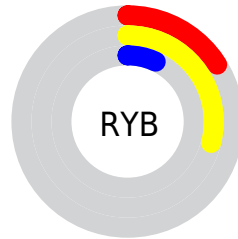
Distribution



 Red (29%)

 Green (23%)

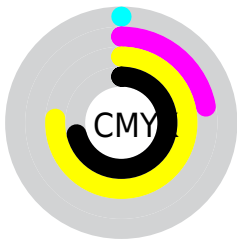
 Blue (7%)



 Red (16%)

 Yellow (29%)

 Blue (7%)

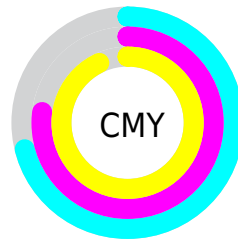


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (22%)

 Yellow (76%)

 Black (71%)



 Cyan (71%)

 Magenta (77%)

 Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356

■ 58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,
0.7998

■ 36.3810, -17.9358,
12.8209

■ 106.1920,
-21.2937, 16.4946

■ 17.4650, -8.6102,
8.3622

■ 131.5620,
-22.4621, 17.9241

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 157.7470,
-23.0463, 18.6389

■ 184.9320,
-23.6305, 19.3536

■ 212.4160,
-24.3621, 20.6832

■ 238.1980,

-23.7616, 14.7354

■ 250.7820,
-16.1615, 3.6992

■ 58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356

■ 58.2240, -19.8304,
13.8356

■ 56.2520, -22.3092,
15.5650

■ 60.1960, -17.3516,
12.1061

■ 54.1660, -25.2248,
17.3944

■ 62.2820, -14.4360,
10.2767

■ 53.2370, -26.2458,
18.2092

■ 64.2540, -11.9572,
8.5472

■ 66.3400, -9.0416,
6.7178

■ 68.8990, -6.8522,
4.4736

■ 70.8710, -4.3734,
2.7441

■ 72.9570, -1.4578,
0.9147

■ 74.9290, 1.0210,
-0.8147

■ 77.0150, 3.9366,
-2.6442

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.0390, -15.7952, 26.2758



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



56.2220, -16.8714, -1.9487

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



49.8680, 13.3761, -43.7342



62.1560, 10.2761, 17.4032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



33.7760, 19.8304, -13.8356

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.5600, 17.4719, -3.9991



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



50.5180, 20.9436, -44.3043

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



47.4740, 4.2033, -41.6347



49.8760, 24.7111, -39.3563



60.9420, 1.5076, 29.8689

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



54.2250, -11.4499, -14.2293



49.8760, 24.7111, -39.3563



61.8070, 12.9131, 11.5703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



90.9700, -7.8732, 5.2883



36.6820, -0.8292, 32.7279



44.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356



72.2930, -31.2034, 21.6680



64.3270, -22.8392, -1.1638



36.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147



73.3490, -36.1611, 25.1269



165.0380, -81.3637, 56.9717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.7760, 19.8304, -13.8356



33.7070, 31.2034, -21.6680



27.6730, 22.8392, 1.1638



35.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



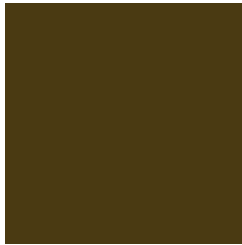
28.6510, 36.1611, -25.1269



64.9620, 81.3637, -56.9717

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

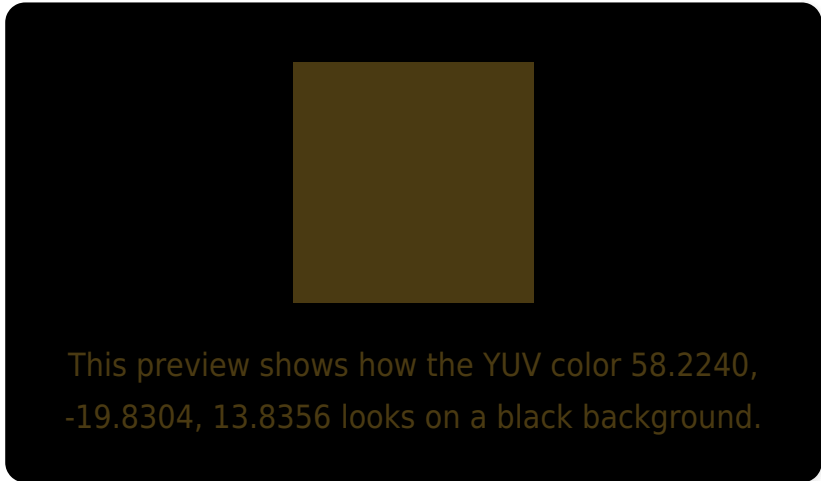
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

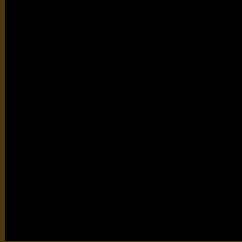
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356.

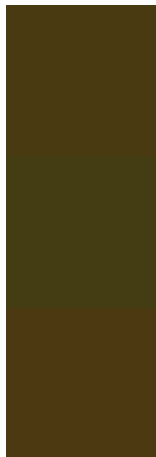


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.2240, -19.8304,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356

Protanopia

57.7180, -19.0880, 9.0173

Deuteranopia

58.2350, -19.8359, 15.5799



Tritanopia

61.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400

Trichromacy



Original Color

58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356

Protanomaly

57.7290, -19.0934, 10.7617

Deuteranomaly

57.9360, -19.6884, 14.9651

Tritanomaly

59.9110, -8.3371, 14.1101

Monochromacy



Original Color

58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356

Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

58.0840, -7.4364, 5.1883

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 58, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 58, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 58, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 58, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 58, 18) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 58, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 58, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 58, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 58, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 58, 18)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.2240, -19.8304, 13.8356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 58, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 58,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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