

# Converting Colors

YUV(58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1D5112
RGB	29, 81, 18
RGB Percent	11%, 32%, 7%
CMY	0.8863, 0.6824, 0.9294
CMYK	0.64, 0.00, 0.78, 0.68
HSL	110°, 64%, 19%
HSV	110°, 78%, 32%
XYZ	3.5583, 6.1897, 1.5795
YIQ	58.2700, -10.7690, -30.6170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

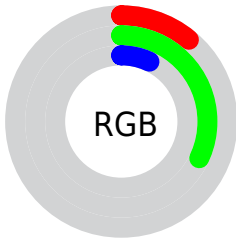
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	18, 81, 70
Decimal	1921298
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	29.89, -30.52, 30.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	30, 43.033, 135.172
Yxy	6.1897, 0.3141, 0.5464
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280111378 (0xFF1D5112)
YUV	58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698
Hunter-Lab	24.8792, -18.0089, 13.6514

# Details

The YUV color **58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **40.7300, 19.8531, 25.6698**, and the grayscale version is **58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108.2270, -21.3109, -24.7551**, and **21.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.2650, -22.3156, -29.1734**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.2750, -17.3906, -22.1662**.

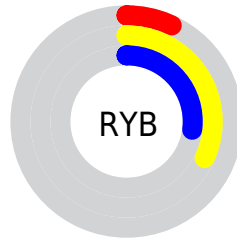
# Distribution



Red (11%)

Green (32%)

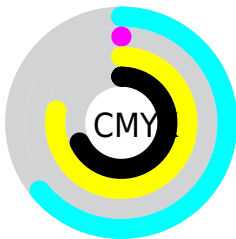
Blue (7%)



Red (7%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (27%)

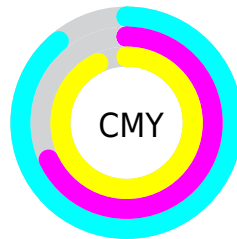


Cyan (64%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (78%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (89%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698

■ 58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,  
0.3999

■ 33.7580, -16.6427,  
-28.7288

■ 108.2270,  
-21.3109, -24.7551

■ 21.1320, -10.4181,  
-18.5328

■ 133.9990,  
-22.1845, -24.5551

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 160.4720,  
-22.9107, -24.9699

■ 187.9450,  
-23.6369, -25.3848

■ 216.4180,  
-24.3631, -25.7996

■ 236.0860,

-20.7484, -18.4924

■ 247.9490,  
-12.7929, -3.4633

■ 58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698

■ 58.2700, -19.8531,  
-25.6698

■ 55.2650, -22.3156,  
-29.1734

■ 61.2750, -17.3906,  
-22.1662

■ 52.5590, -24.9256,  
-32.0622

■ 63.9810, -14.7806,  
-19.2773

■ 51.7330, -25.5044,  
-33.0918

■ 66.9860, -12.3181,  
-15.7737

■ 69.9910, -9.8556,  
-12.2701

■ 72.6970, -7.2456,  
-9.3813

■ 75.8160, -4.3463,  
-5.9776

■ 78.8210, -1.8838,  
-2.4740

■ 81.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 84.5320, 3.1887,  
3.9184

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.3680, -31.7334, 4.9393



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



55.8230, -1.8847, -48.9568

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



61.7630, 36.1058, -54.1662



65.6850, -5.2677, 56.4043

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



40.7300, 19.8531, 25.6698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



63.9660, 35.0198, -32.4192

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



62.6460, 26.7965, -54.9405



72.3700, 22.4956, 18.0925



67.0910, -21.2439, 47.2782



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



58.4450, 8.1616, -51.2563



72.3700, 22.4956, 18.0925



66.0530, -0.0261, 55.2045

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



96.2840, -7.5350, -9.8961



66.7740, -24.0456, 12.4762



48.4030, -4.6357, -6.4924



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698



69.6090, -30.8662, -39.9991



57.2610, -9.4957, -34.4319



39.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



67.0170, -33.0394, -42.9879



148.4430, -73.1824, -94.2275



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7300, 19.8531, 25.6698



42.3910, 30.8662, 39.9991



41.7390, 9.4957, 34.4319



38.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



37.6840, 33.1868, 42.3731



83.8560, 73.0350, 94.8423



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

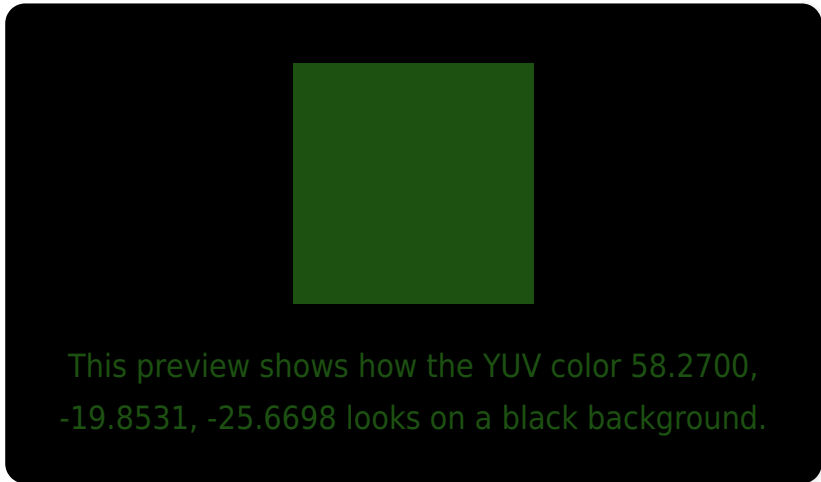
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

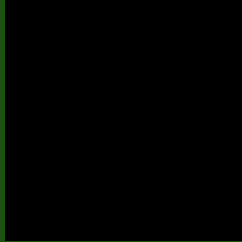
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698.

-25.6698.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698

### Protanopia

66.4210, -25.3506, 11.0318

### Deuteranopia

68.3770, -21.8779, 17.2094



## Tritanopia

66.2300, 7.7746, -20.3727

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698

## Protanomaly

63.5010, -23.4180, -2.1934

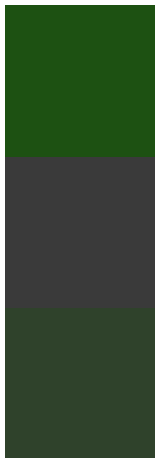
## Deuteranomaly

64.8050, -21.1029, 1.9250

## Tritanomaly

63.2870, -2.1135, -22.1767

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698

## Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

57.6970, -7.2456, -9.3813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 81, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 81, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 81, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 81, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 81, 18) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 81, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 81, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 81, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 81, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 81, 18)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 81, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 81,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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