

# Converting Colors

YUV(58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1C5116
RGB	28, 81, 22
RGB Percent	11%, 32%, 9%
CMY	0.8902, 0.6824, 0.9137
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.73, 0.68
HSL	114°, 57%, 20%
HSV	114°, 73%, 32%
XYZ	3.5661, 6.1897, 1.7658
YIQ	58.4270, -12.6490, -29.5850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

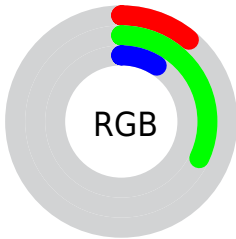
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	22, 81, 75
Decimal	1855766
CIELab	29.89, -30.40, 28.49
CIElCh	30, 41.661, 136.855
Yxy	6.1897, 0.3095, 0.5372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280045846 (0xFF1C5116)
YUV	58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845
Hunter-Lab	24.8790, -17.9523, 13.2071

# Details

The YUV color **58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **44.5730, 17.9585, 26.6845**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108.2700, -19.8531, -25.6698**, and **21.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.4220, -20.4210, -30.1881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4320, -15.4960, -23.1809**.

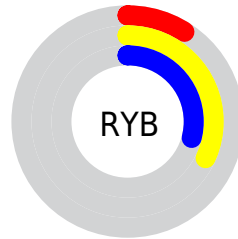
# Distribution



 Red (11%)

 Green (32%)

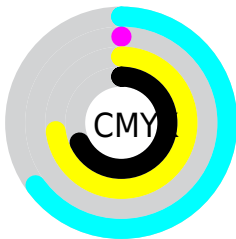
 Blue (9%)




 Red (9%)

 Yellow (32%)

 Blue (29%)

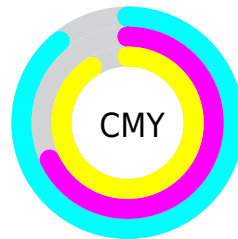


 Cyan (65%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (73%)

 Black (68%)



 Cyan (89%)

 Magenta (68%)

 Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845

■ 58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 33.4590, -16.4953,  
-29.3435

■ 108.2700,  
-19.8531, -25.6698

■ 21.1320, -10.4181,  
-18.5328

■ 134.0420,  
-20.7267, -25.4698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 160.6290,  
-21.0161, -25.9846

■ 188.1020,  
-21.7423, -26.3995

■ 216.1620,  
-22.7579, -27.3291

■ 236.2430,

-18.8538, -19.5071

■ 247.8070,  
-10.7509, -5.0927

■ 58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845

■ 58.4270, -17.9585,  
-26.6845

■ 55.4220, -20.4210,  
-30.1881

■ 61.4320, -15.4960,  
-23.1809

■ 52.1180, -22.7362,  
-34.3065

■ 64.7360, -13.1808,  
-19.0625

■ 49.9390, -24.6199,  
-36.7805

■ 67.7410, -10.7183,  
-15.5589

■ 70.7460, -8.2558,  
-12.0552

■ 73.8650, -5.3564,  
-8.6516

■ 77.1690, -3.0413,  
-4.5332

■ 80.1740, -0.5788,  
-1.0296

■ 83.1790, 1.8838,  
2.4740

■ 86.1840, 4.3463,  
5.9776

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.7700, -31.4386, 3.7097



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



55.5780, -0.2850, -48.7419

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



61.0620, 35.9584, -53.5514



66.1470, -5.9885, 54.2451

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



44.5730, 17.9585, 26.6845

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.8760, 8.4421, 45.7127



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



66.1410, 32.9615, -25.5567

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



62.6460, 26.7965, -54.9405



72.3270, 21.0378, 19.0072



67.3680, -21.3804, 44.4043



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



58.6730, 9.0352, -51.4562



72.3270, 21.0378, 19.0072



66.7000, -1.3311, 53.7601

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



96.0990, -6.9508, -10.6108



70.1650, -23.7453, 9.5023



48.5170, -4.1989, -6.5924



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845



70.1080, -27.6612, -41.3137



59.2550, -7.0277, -32.6726



39.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



64.9240, -32.0075, -47.2913



143.3600, -70.6765, -104.6787



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.5730, 17.9585, 26.6845



48.5930, 27.8087, 40.6989



43.7450, 7.0277, 32.6726



38.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



40.0760, 32.0075, 47.2913

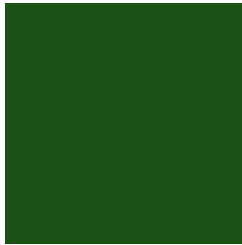


88.6400, 70.6765, 104.6787



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

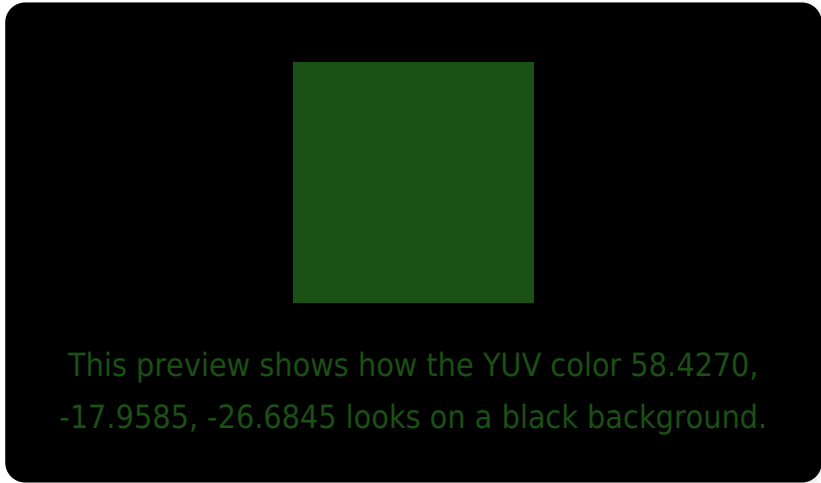
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

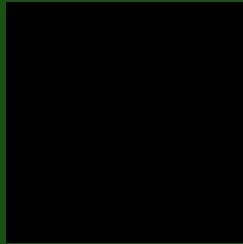
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845.

-26.6845.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845

### Protanopia

66.8770, -23.6034, 10.6319

### Deuteranopia

68.7190, -20.5675, 16.9094



## Tritanopia

66.5180, 7.6326, -21.5023

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845

## Protanomaly

63.6580, -21.5234, -3.2081

## Deuteranomaly

64.8480, -19.6451, 1.0103

## Tritanomaly

63.6890, -1.8187, -23.4063

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845

## Achromatopsia

58.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

57.9250, -6.3720, -9.5812

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(28, 81, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(28, 81, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 81, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(28, 81, 22) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(28, 81, 22) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(28, 81, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(28, 81, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(28, 81, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 81, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(28, 81, 22)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.4270, -17.9585, -26.6845 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(28, 81, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(28, 81,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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