

# Converting Colors

YUV(58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(58.7570, 5.5428,  
42.3091)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B2046
RGB	107, 32, 70
RGB Percent	42%, 13%, 27%
CMY	0.5804, 0.8745, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.35, 0.58
HSL	330°, 54%, 27%
HSV	330°, 70%, 42%
XYZ	7.6854, 4.6010, 6.2774
YIQ	58.7570, 32.5020, 27.7180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

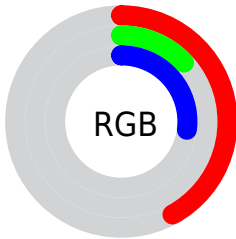
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 32, 70
Decimal	7020614
CIE Lab	25.57, 37.05, -5.60
CIE LCh	26, 37.467, 351.410
Yxy	4.6010, 0.4140, 0.2478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285210694 (0xFF6B2046)
YUV	58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091
Hunter-Lab	21.4500, 26.4180, -2.3363

# Details

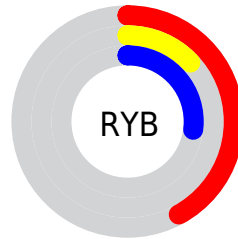
The YUV color **58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **80.2430, -5.5428, -42.3091**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109.7250, 4.0796, 44.9682**, and **19.8220, 3.5388, 31.7281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.7300, 6.5421, 48.4718**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7840, 4.5435, 36.1464**.

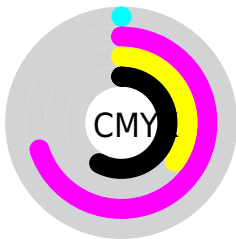
# Distribution



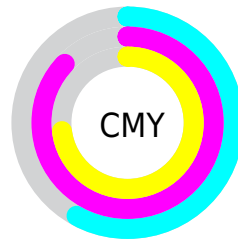
- Red (42%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 58.7570, 5.5428,  
42.3091

■ 58.7570, 5.5428,  
42.3091

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 31.4520, 8.1582,  
43.4536

■ 109.7250, 4.0796,  
44.9682

■ 19.8220, 3.5388,  
31.7281

■ 136.3230, 3.7848,  
46.1977

■ 9.6820, -4.2802,  
19.5729

■ 163.2200, 3.3425,  
48.0421

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 190.9320, 3.4845,  
49.1716

■ 212.3650, 6.7221,  
37.3909

■ 231.9930, 10.8495,

20.1771

249.1300, 2.8939,  
5.1480

58.7570, 5.5428,  
42.3091

58.7570, 5.5428,  
42.3091

51.7300, 6.5421,  
48.4718

65.7840, 4.5435,  
36.1464

45.1760, 6.8152,  
54.2196

72.3380, 4.2704,  
30.3986

38.1490, 7.8145,  
60.3823

79.3650, 3.2711,  
24.2359

86.3920, 2.2717,  
18.0732

93.4190, 1.2724,  
11.9105

■ 99.9730, 0.9993,  
6.1627

■ 107.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.0270, -0.9993,  
-6.1627

■ 120.5810, -1.2724,  
-11.9105

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



62.1980, 16.6644, 21.7514



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



57.3480, -7.5666, 47.0528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



54.6000, -26.9178, 0.3508



54.2340, 25.0276, -47.5632

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



80.2430, -5.5428, -42.3091

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



52.6720, 13.9657, -46.1933



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



48.6700, -13.1483, -29.5286

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



57.0910, -28.1459, 20.9682



48.6650, 1.1512, -42.6792



52.0800, 32.0056, -45.6742



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



57.6110, -16.5702, 41.5602



48.6650, 1.1512, -42.6792



54.0230, 21.6807, -47.3782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



121.3810, 2.2772, 16.3289



51.3140, 27.4532, 14.6336



60.1090, 1.4253, 9.5514



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



64.1220, 8.8139, 66.5450



54.5390, -10.6187, 46.0083



50.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



41.7090, 8.5245, 66.0302



87.3910, 18.0482, 138.2231



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091



64.1220, 8.8139, 66.5450



84.4610, 10.6187, -46.0083



50.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



41.7090, 8.5245, 66.0302

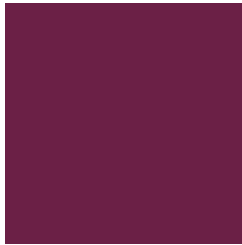


87.3910, 18.0482, 138.2231



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

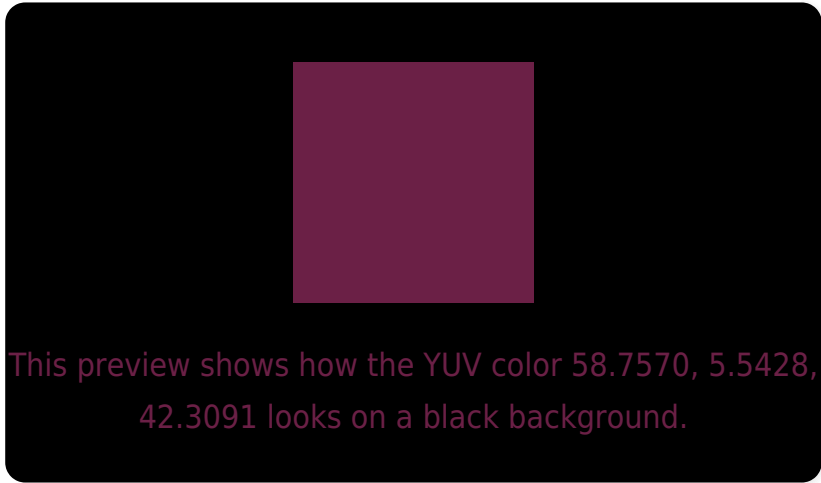
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

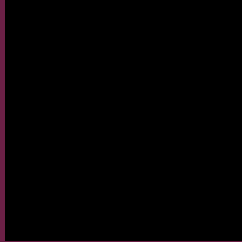
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 58.7570, 5.5428,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091

### Protanopia

61.9140, 13.8464, -7.8176

### Deuteranopia

62.4780, 1.7363, 3.0888



## Tritanopia

59.0760, -8.4185, 40.2753

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091

## Protanomaly

60.6390, 11.0240, 10.8406

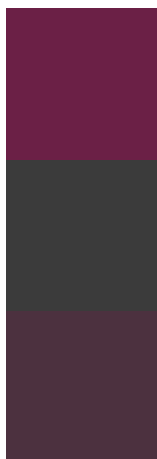
## Deuteranomaly

61.2070, 2.8559, 17.3585

## Tritanomaly

58.7540, -3.3297, 41.4347

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091

## Achromatopsia

59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

58.6690, 2.1352, 15.1993

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 32, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 32, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 32, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 32, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 32, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 32, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 32, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 32, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 32, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 32,  
70) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 58.7570, 5.5428, 42.3091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 32, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 32,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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