

Converting Colors

YUV(59.0340, 58.6502,
-51.7728)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728)
contains.

YUV(59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(59.0340, 58.6502,
-51.7728)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0042B2
RGB	0, 66, 178
RGB Percent	0%, 26%, 70%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7412, 0.3020
CMYK	1.00, 0.63, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	218°, 100%, 35%
HSV	218°, 100%, 70%
XYZ	9.9841, 7.1108, 42.9658
YIQ	59.0340, -75.2880, 20.8400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

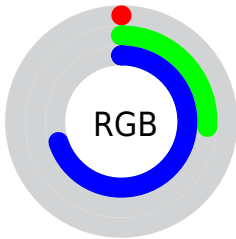
Format	Color
RYB	0, 48, 178
Decimal	17074
CIELab	32.06, 28.77, -63.84
CIELCh	32, 70.022, 294.261
Yxy	7.1108, 0.1662, 0.1184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278207154 (0xFF0042B2)
YUV	59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728
Hunter-Lab	26.6660, 20.1670, -76.8650

Details

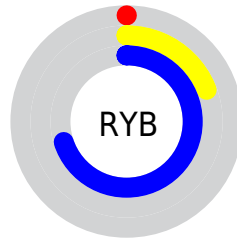
The YUV color **59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **118.9660, -58.6502, 51.7728**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.9280, 56.2375, -24.4929**, and **28.8110, 46.9282, -25.2672** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.8730, 52.8136, -46.3696**.

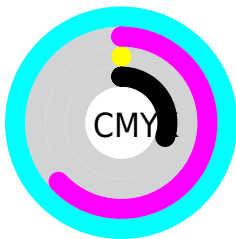
Distribution



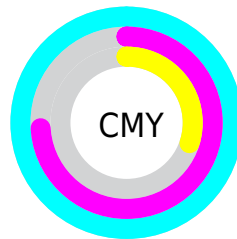
- Red (0%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.0340, 58.6502,
-51.7728

■ 59.0340, 58.6502,
-51.7728

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 43.0420, 53.2233,
-37.7478

■ 120.9280, 56.2375,
-24.4929

■ 28.8110, 46.9282,
-25.2672

■ 147.7390, 52.8797,
-20.8191

■ 11.7590, 42.5168,
-10.3126

■ 171.9710, 40.9333,
-15.7606

■ 13.7190, 29.7185,
-12.0316

■ 196.7900, 28.6975,
-11.2168

■ 8.0480, 20.6823,
-7.0581

■ 222.1960, 16.1724,
-7.1879

■ 4.3660, 11.6516,
-3.8290

■ 247.9010, 3.4998,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-2.5442

0.0000

■ 59.0340, 58.6502,
-51.7728

■ 70.8730, 52.8136,
-46.3696

■ 82.7120, 46.9770,
-40.9664

■ 94.8390, 40.9984,
-36.6928

■ 106.6780, 35.1617,
-31.2896

■ 118.5170, 29.3251,
-25.8864

■ 130.3560, 23.4885,
-20.4832

■ 142.1950, 17.6519,
-15.0800

■ 154.3220, 11.6733,
-10.8064

■ 166.1610, 5.8366,
-5.4032

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.3870, 56.5042, -63.4834



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



67.8470, 36.0644, 52.7542

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



65.6390, -32.3600, 66.0916



63.5340, -0.2633, -55.7193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



118.9660, -58.6502, 51.7728

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.5910, -26.9134, -47.8763



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



71.5880, -35.2929, 26.6713

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



53.0260, -8.8868, 97.3242



64.5460, -31.8212, -13.6338



70.6190, 24.3448, -61.9329

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



58.5430, 23.8893, 84.5928



64.5460, -31.8212, -13.6338



60.6670, -8.7098, -53.2050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



185.2420, 23.0517, -20.3832



117.0260, -3.4638, -102.6318



89.1800, 13.7153, -12.4359



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728



76.9300, 76.4495, -67.4676



26.5710, 74.6545, -4.8858



83.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



50.9010, 50.3348, -44.6402



8.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.7460, 2.5902, 102.8318



79.1720, 3.3662, 134.0302



151.4290, -74.6545, 4.8858



83.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



52.2450, 2.3442, 88.3621



8.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

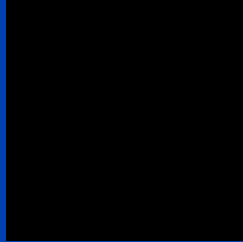
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.0340, 58.6502,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728

Protanopia

60.4070, 46.1413, -52.9769

Deuteranopia

60.8340, 35.0848, -53.3514



Tritanopia

59.4540, 14.5662, -52.1412

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728

Protanomaly

59.6720, 50.9407, -52.3323

Deuteranomaly

60.4240, 43.6680, -52.9918

Tritanomaly

58.9930, 30.5695, -51.7369

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728

Achromatopsia

59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

59.3840, 21.0097, -18.7538

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 66, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 66, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 66, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 66, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 66, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 66, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 66, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 66, 178)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 59.0340, 58.6502, -51.7728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 66, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 66,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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