

Converting Colors

YUV(59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	015453
RGB	1, 84, 83
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 33%
CMY	0.9961, 0.6706, 0.6745
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.01, 0.67
HSL	179°, 98%, 17%
HSV	179°, 99%, 33%
XYZ	4.7442, 6.9716, 9.2792
YIQ	59.0690, -49.1470, -17.9070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	1, 43, 84
Decimal	87123
CIELab	31.74, -21.69, -5.70
CIElCh	32, 22.426, 194.721
Yxy	6.9716, 0.2260, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278277203 (0xFF015453)
YUV	59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265
Hunter-Lab	26.4039, -14.1343, -2.3539

Details

The YUV color **59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **25.9310, -11.7980, 50.9265**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.7390, 9.0027, -40.9901**, and **26.6380, 5.6015, -23.3615** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.7700, 11.9454, -51.5413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.4610, 10.6187, -46.0083**.

Distribution



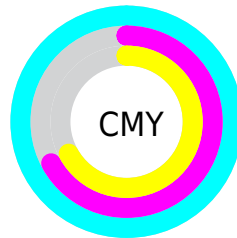
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265

■ 59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.6470, 8.5550,
-37.4014

■ 113.7390, 9.0027,
-40.9901

■ 26.6380, 5.6015,
-23.3615

■ 139.7390, 9.0027,
-40.9901

■ 9.6830, 4.1003,
-8.4920

■ 166.7390, 9.0027,
-40.9901

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 194.7390, 9.0027,
-40.9901

■ 223.0270, 8.8607,
-42.1197

■ 239.7510, 7.5178,

-31.3536

■ 248.1230, 3.3904,
-14.1399

■ 59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265

■ 59.0690, 11.7980,
-50.9265

■ 58.7700, 11.9454,
-51.5413

■ 61.4610, 10.6187,
-46.0083

■ 64.1520, 9.2921,
-40.4753

■ 66.5440, 8.1128,
-35.5571

■ 69.2350, 6.7861,
-30.0241

■ 71.7410, 6.0437,
-25.2059

■ 74.1330, 4.8644,
-20.2876

■ 76.8240, 3.5378,
-14.7546

■ 79.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 81.9070, 1.0318,
-4.3034

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.5960, -0.7868, -27.7097



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



60.0070, 19.2235, -52.6261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



77.0410, 11.3188, 9.6110



74.4570, -16.4943, 17.1392

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



25.9310, -11.7980, 50.9265

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.3640, -12.0115, 25.9908



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



76.7670, 3.5659, 23.0063

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



74.1140, 17.1988, -9.7470



76.0360, -4.4547, 28.9094



72.1950, -15.8721, 4.2140

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



64.1270, 20.6434, -41.3304



76.0360, -4.4547, 28.9094



74.1200, -15.3422, 20.9428

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



100.0190, 4.4276, -20.1877



50.0200, -24.1669, -42.1135



50.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265



76.8820, 15.3412, -67.4255



35.7030, 23.8104, -30.4345



39.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



73.3770, 14.6041, -64.3516



162.2900, 32.8880, -142.3283

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25.9310, -11.7980, 50.9265



33.0040, -15.7780, 67.5255



49.2970, -23.8104, 30.4345



38.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



31.5090, -15.0409, 64.4516



69.7100, -32.8880, 142.3283

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

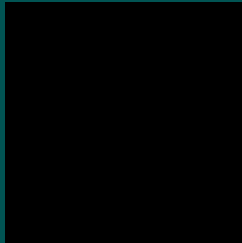
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.0690, 11.7980,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265

Protanopia

74.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148

Deuteranopia

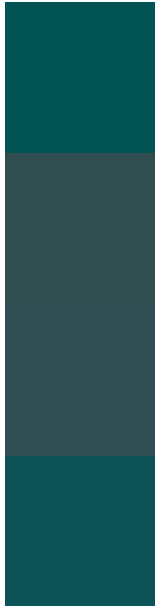
75.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594



Tritanopia

63.7650, 12.9339, -41.8899

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265

Protanomaly

69.1440, 4.8590, -18.5433

Deuteranomaly

69.4260, 7.1850, -17.9136

Tritanomaly

61.9280, 12.3605, -44.6639

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265

Achromatopsia

59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

59.0300, 4.4222, -18.4433

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 84, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 84, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 84, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 84, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 84, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 84, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 84, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 84, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 84, 83); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 84, 83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 59.0690, 11.7980, -50.9265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 84, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 84,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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