

# Converting Colors

YUV(59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B2821
RGB	107, 40, 33
RGB Percent	42%, 16%, 13%
CMY	0.5804, 0.8431, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.69, 0.58
HSL	6°, 53%, 27%
HSV	6°, 69%, 42%
XYZ	7.0967, 4.7532, 1.9823
YIQ	59.2350, 42.1790, 12.0270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

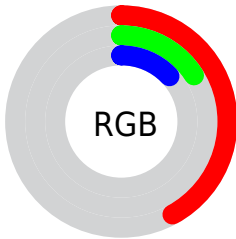
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	107, 41, 33
Decimal	7022625
CIE Lab	26.02, 29.42, 19.83
CIE LCh	26, 35.485, 33.983
Yxy	4.7532, 0.5131, 0.3436
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285212705 (0xFF6B2821)
YUV	59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899
Hunter-Lab	21.8018, 19.9504, 9.8705

# Details

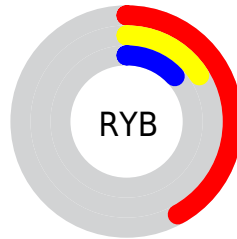
The YUV color **59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **80.7650, 12.9339, -41.8899**, and the grayscale version is **59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **109.1710, -15.8603, 47.2080**, and **16.1460, -7.9600, 33.1980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.1110, -14.8447, 48.1377**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.3590, -11.0230, 35.6422**.

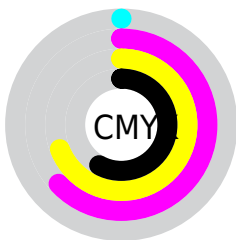
# Distribution



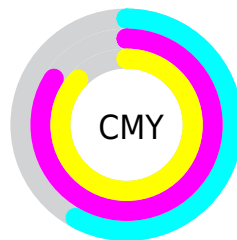
- Red (42%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899

■ 59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 34.5660, -11.6180,  
39.8456

■ 109.1710,  
-15.8603, 47.2080

■ 16.1460, -7.9600,  
33.1980

■ 134.9540,  
-16.7393, 49.1523

■ 7.5890, -3.2484,  
15.2694

■ 161.7370,  
-17.6183, 51.0967

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 189.5200,  
-18.4974, 53.0410

■ 210.5290,  
-15.5438, 39.0011

■ 230.1570,

-11.4164, 21.7873

■ 249.7850, -7.2890,  
4.5736

■ 59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899

■ 59.2350, -12.9339,  
41.8899

■ 52.1110, -14.8447,  
48.1377

■ 66.3590, -11.0230,  
35.6422

■ 45.6880, -16.6082,  
53.7706

■ 72.7820, -9.2595,  
30.0092

■ 38.5640, -18.5191,  
60.0184

■ 79.9060, -7.3487,  
23.7614

■ 37.8630, -18.6665,  
60.6331

■ 87.0300, -5.4378,  
17.5137

■ 93.4530, -3.6743,  
11.8807

■ 100.5770, -1.7635,  
5.6330

■ 107.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 114.8250, 2.0583,  
-6.8625

■ 121.2480, 3.8217,  
-12.4955

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.2750, -0.1356, 43.6088



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



58.8840, -24.0998, 29.9197

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



47.0690, -4.9640, -41.2795



50.7920, 32.1475, -44.5446

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



80.7650, 12.9339, -41.8899

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.2170, 27.5010, -47.5483



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



50.8480, 6.9769, -44.5937

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



55.0270, -21.2123, -9.6707



53.8120, 18.3337, -47.1931



63.0430, 21.6708, 2.5933



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



57.9660, -28.5772, 19.3238



53.8120, 18.3337, -47.1931



51.8520, 31.1320, -45.4742

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



121.4320, -5.1430, 16.2841



62.8780, 18.7941, 38.6950



59.6700, -2.7953, 9.9364



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899



65.1410, -20.2825, 65.6513



80.3670, -23.3519, 23.3571



50.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



41.4400, -20.4299, 66.2661



86.7560, -42.7707, 138.7800



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.7650, 12.9339, -41.8899



98.8590, 20.2825, -65.6513



59.6330, 23.3519, -23.3571



51.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



75.5600, 20.4299, -66.2661



158.2440, 42.7707, -138.7800



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

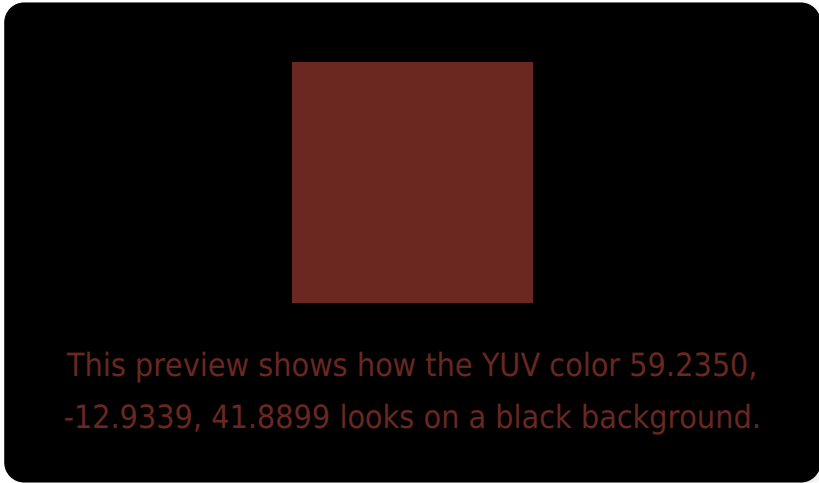
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899.



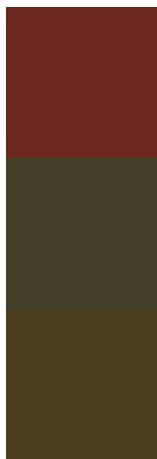
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 59.2350, -12.9339,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899

### Protanopia

61.9870, -10.3466, 5.2734

### Deuteranopia

61.5490, -16.0467, 13.5505



## Tritanopia

59.5600, -9.1501, 41.6049

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899

## Protanomaly

61.1350, -11.4056, 18.2986

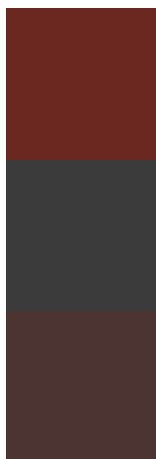
## Deuteranomaly

60.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167

## Tritanomaly

59.2180, -10.4605, 41.9048

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899

## Achromatopsia

59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

58.9480, -4.4114, 14.9546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 40, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 40, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 40, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 40, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 40, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 40, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 40, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 40, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 40, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 40,  
33) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 59.2350, -12.9339, 41.8899 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 40, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 40,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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