

Converting Colors

YUV(60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	085D1D
RGB	8, 93, 29
RGB Percent	3%, 36%, 11%
CMY	0.9686, 0.6353, 0.8863
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.69, 0.64
HSL	135°, 84%, 20%
HSV	135°, 91%, 36%
XYZ	4.2363, 7.9690, 2.4773
YIQ	60.2890, -30.1160, -37.9240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

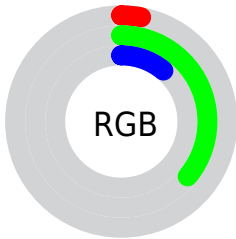
Format	Color
RYB	8, 76, 93
Decimal	548125
CIELab	33.92, -37.89, 29.39
CIELCh	34, 47.954, 142.196
Yxy	7.9690, 0.2885, 0.5428
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278738205 (0xFF085D1D)
YUV	60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575
Hunter-Lab	28.2295, -22.6150, 14.5576

Details

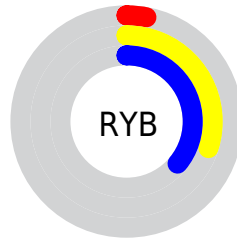
The YUV color **60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **40.7110, 15.4255, 45.8575**, and the grayscale version is **60.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114.4210, -18.9416, -38.0802**, and **27.0020, -13.3120, -23.6808** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.2130, -16.8670, -50.1758**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.7780, -13.6946, -41.0243**.

Distribution



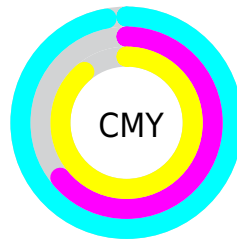
- Red (3%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575

■ 60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 41.0730, -17.7840,
-36.0210

■ 114.4210,
-18.9416, -38.0802

■ 27.0020, -13.3120,
-23.6808

■ 141.0790,
-20.2519, -37.7803

■ 12.9140, -6.3666,
-11.3256

■ 168.2530,
-20.8307, -38.8099

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 196.0250,
-21.7043, -38.6099


■ 223.9110,
-22.1411, -38.5099


■ 235.4750,


-14.0382, -24.0956


 247.3380, -6.0826,
-9.0664


 60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575


 60.2890, -15.4255,
-45.8575


 57.2130, -16.8670,
-50.1758

 63.7780, -13.6946,
-41.0243

 67.5660, -12.1110,
-35.5764

 71.0550, -10.3801,
-30.7432

 74.5440, -8.6492,
-25.9101

 78.3320, -7.0657,
-20.4622

■ 81.8210, -5.3348,
-15.6290

■ 85.3100, -3.6038,
-10.7959

■ 88.7990, -1.8729,
-5.9627

■ 92.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.4120, -35.2061, -1.2383



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



64.1040, 1.9207, -56.2192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



68.8530, 42.9635, -60.3841



73.8770, -9.7994, 63.2519

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



40.7110, 15.4255, 45.8575

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.7250, 7.5306, 58.1232



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



77.3960, 36.2868, -18.7643

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



71.1380, 33.9490, -62.3880



81.1480, 22.6050, 29.6882



75.5660, -28.3800, 49.4926

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



67.7690, 13.4249, -59.4334



81.1480, 22.6050, 29.6882



73.7830, -3.8370, 64.2113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



107.2830, -6.0555, -17.7882



77.3300, -34.1797, -3.7974



53.6090, -3.7512, -10.1811



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575



73.8600, -21.6230, -64.7752



64.9630, 2.4832, -49.9566



44.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



67.6480, -20.0395, -59.3273



145.8450, -42.8146, -127.9061

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7110, 15.4255, 45.8575



46.1400, 21.6230, 64.7752



36.0370, -2.4832, 49.9566



42.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740



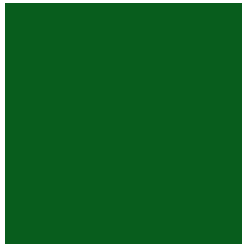
42.3520, 20.0395, 59.3273



91.2690, 43.2514, 127.8061

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

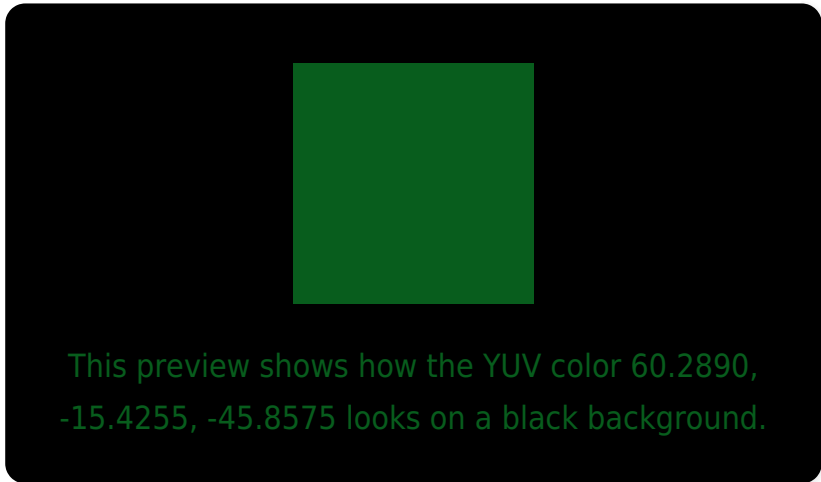
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575.

-45.8575.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575

Protanopia

76.4210, -25.3506, 11.0318

Deuteranopia

78.2030, -21.2991, 18.2390



Tritanopia

73.1470, 10.2805, -30.8239

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575

Protanomaly

70.7990, -22.0859, -9.4707

Deuteranomaly

71.6300, -19.0446, -4.9375

Tritanomaly

68.2960, 0.8401, -36.2166

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575

Achromatopsia

60.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

60.1090, -5.4767, -16.7586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 93, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 93, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 93, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 93, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 93, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 93, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 93, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 93, 29); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 93, 29); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 93, 29) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 60.2890, -15.4255, -45.8575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 93, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 93,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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