

Converting Colors

YUV(60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144)
contains.

YUV(60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(60.7920, 8.9765,
14.2144)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D314F
RGB	77, 49, 79
RGB Percent	30%, 19%, 31%
CMY	0.6980, 0.8078, 0.6902
CMYK	0.03, 0.38, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	296°, 23%, 25%
HSV	296°, 38%, 31%
XYZ	5.5702, 4.3389, 7.9411
YIQ	60.7920, 7.0580, 15.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

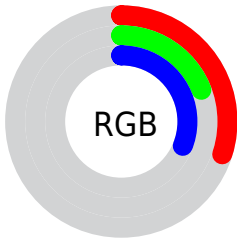
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 49, 79
Decimal	5058895
CIE Lab	24.76, 18.52, -13.28
CIE LCh	25, 22.788, 324.348
Yxy	4.3389, 0.3121, 0.2431
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283248975 (0xFF4D314F)
YUV	60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144
Hunter-Lab	20.8301, 11.2800, -8.0221




Details

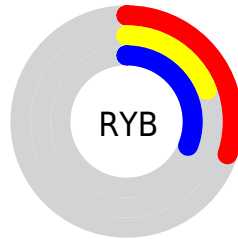
The YUV color **60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **67.2080, -8.9765, -14.2144**, and the grayscale version is **61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108.9170, 9.4079, 15.8588**, and **16.2050, 9.2659, 14.7292** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.7970, 11.4391, 17.7180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7870, 6.5140, 10.7108**.

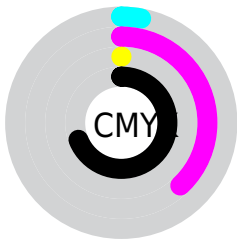
Distribution







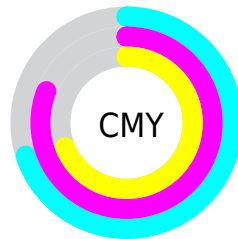
-  Red (30%)
-  Green (19%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (30%)
-  Yellow (19%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (3%)
-  Magenta (38%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (70%)
-  Magenta (81%)
-  Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

60.7920, 8.9765,
14.2144

60.7920, 8.9765,
14.2144

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

38.3790, 8.6872,
13.6996

108.9170, 9.4079,
15.8588

16.2050, 9.2659,
14.7292

134.3300, 9.6973,
16.3736

1.1400, 4.3680,
-0.9998

160.7430, 9.9867,
16.8884

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

187.2700, 10.7129,
17.3032

215.5690, 10.5655,
17.9180

239.7380, 7.5242,

13.3848

■ 60.7920, 8.9765,
14.2144

■ 60.7920, 8.9765,
14.2144

■ 55.7970, 11.4391,
17.7180

■ 65.7870, 6.5140,
10.7108

■ 51.1010, 13.7542,
21.8364

■ 70.4830, 4.1989,
6.5924

■ 46.1060, 16.2167,
25.3400

■ 75.4780, 1.7363,
3.0888

■ 41.4100, 18.5319,
29.4584

■ 80.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 37.0020, 20.7050,
32.4472

■ 85.1690, -3.0413,
-4.5332

■ 32.3060, 23.0201,
36.5656

■ 89.2780, -5.0671,
-8.1368

■ 31.1320, 23.5989,
37.5952

■ 94.2730, -7.5296,
-11.6404

■ 98.9690, -9.8447,
-15.7588

■ 103.9640,
-12.3073, -19.2624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.5770, 14.9985, -4.0140



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



60.2080, 1.3765, 25.2506

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



57.7230, -16.6254, 12.5209



47.5370, 12.0603, -41.6899

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



67.2080, -8.9765, -14.2144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.8980, 4.4873, -39.3755



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



55.8030, -14.6929, -0.7042

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



58.2990, -13.4584, 23.4168



53.5390, -7.6607, -16.2587



48.5460, 18.4648, -42.5748

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



59.4380, -4.1599, 27.6799



53.5390, -7.6607, -16.2587



47.5540, 9.5869, -41.7049

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



95.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480



53.5940, 12.5252, -4.0289



46.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144



73.5140, 14.0436, 22.3512



59.9080, 3.0034, 16.7437



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



40.0330, 30.5497, 48.2061



90.2060, 68.9184, 108.5673

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.1980, -3.5486, 18.2434



69.3950, -5.6177, 28.5946



68.0920, -3.0034, -16.7437



35.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



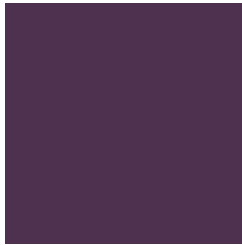
31.2960, -11.9779, 62.0074



70.4800, -27.3516, 139.8990

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

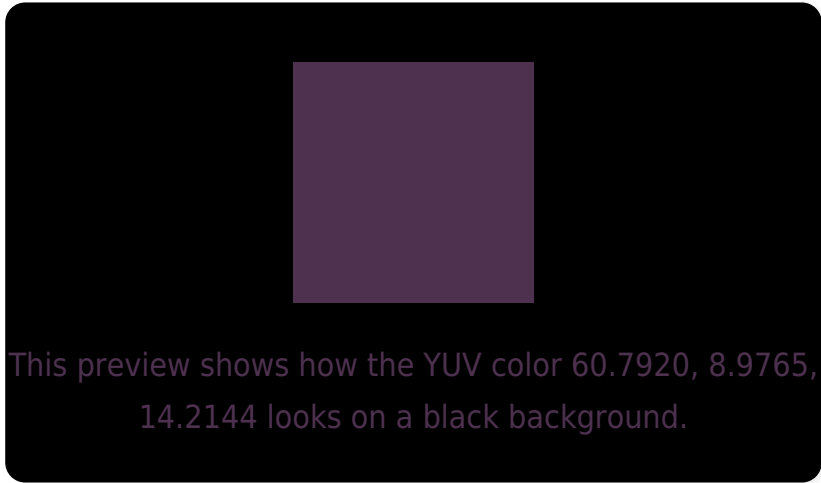
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

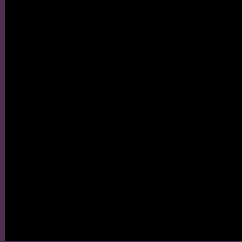
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.7920, 8.9765,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144

Protanopia

58.8000, 13.4096, -7.7176

Deuteranopia

59.2690, 8.7414, -3.7439



Tritanopia

59.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144

Protanomaly

59.6870, 11.4933, 0.2745

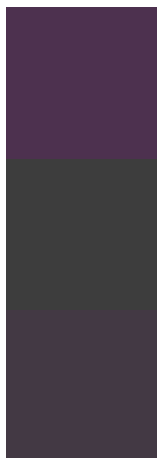
Deuteranomaly

60.0140, 8.8671, 2.6187

Tritanomaly

60.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144

Achromatopsia

61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

61.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 49, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 49, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 49, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 49, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 49, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 49, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 49, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 49, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 49, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 49, 79)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 60.7920, 8.9765, 14.2144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 49, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 49,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor