

Converting Colors

YUV(60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(60.9480, -1.4534,
-47.3124)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 07593A |
| RGB | 7, 89, 58 |
| RGB Percent | 3%, 35%, 23% |
| CMY | 0.9725, 0.6510, 0.7725 |
| CMYK | 0.92, 0.00, 0.35, 0.65 |
| HSL | 157°, 85%, 19% |
| HSV | 157°, 92%, 35% |
| XYZ | 4.4237, 7.4954, 5.2166 |
| YIQ | 60.9480, -38.9210, -27.0250 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

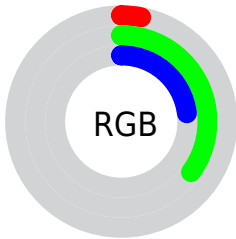
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 7, 58, 89 |
| Decimal | 481594 |
| CIELab | 32.91, -30.96, 11.69 |
| CIELCh | 33, 33.094, 159.320 |
| Yxy | 7.4954, 0.2582, 0.4374 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278671674 (0xFF07593A) |
| YUV | 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 |
| Hunter-Lab | 27.3778, -19.0689, 7.8672 |

Details

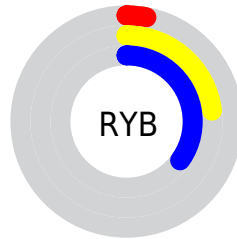
The YUV color **60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **35.0520, 1.4534, 47.3124**, and the grayscale version is **61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114.4820, -4.6746, -40.7647**, and **26.4780, -5.1657, -23.2212** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.5130, -1.7319, -51.3159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **63.9810, -1.4696, -42.0793**.

Distribution



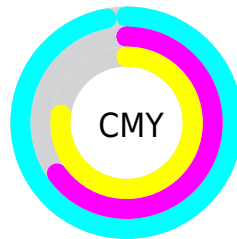
- Red (3%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 60.9480, -1.4534,
-47.3124

■ 60.9480, -1.4534,
-47.3124

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.2590, -3.0857,
-37.0611

■ 114.4820, -4.6746,
-40.7647

■ 26.4780, -5.1657,
-23.2212

■ 140.6670, -5.2588,
-40.0500

■ 10.5660, -5.2090,
-9.2664

■ 167.9550, -5.4008,
-41.1795

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 195.4280, -6.1270,
-41.5944

■ 224.0150, -6.4164,
-42.1092

■ 237.9270, 0.5290,

-29.7540

248.4220, 3.2430,
-13.5251

60.9480, -1.4534,
-47.3124

60.9480, -1.4534,
-47.3124

58.5130, -1.7319,
-51.3159

63.9810, -1.4696,
-42.0793

67.1280, -1.0491,
-36.9463

70.1610, -1.0654,
-31.7132

73.1940, -1.0816,
-26.4801

76.3410, -0.6611,
-21.3471

■ 79.0750, -0.5300,
-16.7288

■ 82.2220, -0.1094,
-11.5957

■ 85.2550, -0.1257,
-6.3626

■ 88.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.6290, -17.5651, -12.8296



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



62.5200, 11.0826, -54.8300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



73.6480, 27.2885, -26.0013



76.9420, -15.2544, 39.5159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



35.0520, 1.4534, 47.3124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.3520, -3.6245, 42.6643



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



79.6910, 18.8863, 9.0410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



64.2590, 30.4383, -56.3551



78.7880, 8.4855, 31.7579



75.5740, -23.9470, 27.5606

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



64.4580, 18.5082, -56.5297



78.7880, 8.4855, 31.7579



76.5770, -11.6235, 41.5900

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



104.0640, -0.5246, -18.4731



64.4030, -28.2997, -23.1554



52.1080, -0.5462, -11.4957



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124



75.5990, -2.2673, -66.3003



58.6120, 14.9813, -45.2637



41.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591



70.4470, -1.6994, -61.7820



154.5890, -4.2344, -135.5746

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.0520, 1.4534, 47.3124



39.2870, 1.8305, 66.4003



37.3880, -14.9813, 45.2637



40.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



36.5530, 1.6994, 61.7820



80.4110, 4.2344, 135.5746

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

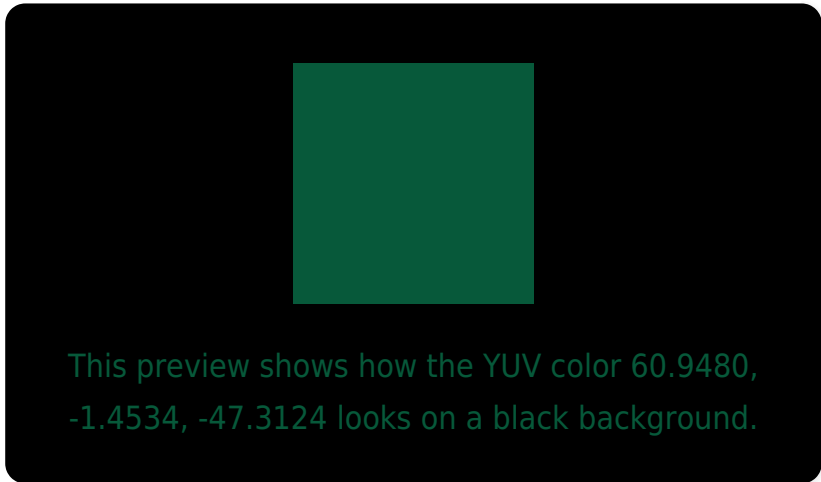
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 60.9480, -1.4534,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124

Protanopia

76.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029

Deuteranopia

77.3020, -8.0369, 11.1361



Tritanopia

69.9510, 10.8702, -33.2830

Trichromacy



Original Color

60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124

Protanomaly

70.5610, -7.6716, -12.7700

Deuteranomaly

71.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812

Tritanomaly

66.4790, 6.6659, -38.1311

Monochromacy



Original Color

60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124

Achromatopsia

61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

60.7760, -0.3826, -17.3436

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 89, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 89, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 89, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 89, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 89, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 89, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 89, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 89, 58); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 89, 58); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 89, 58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 60.9480, -1.4534, -47.3124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 89, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 89,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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