

Converting Colors

YUV(61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768)
contains.

YUV(61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(61.2620, 12.6888,
-9.8768)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323E57
RGB	50, 62, 87
RGB Percent	20%, 24%, 34%
CMY	0.8039, 0.7569, 0.6588
CMYK	0.43, 0.29, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	221°, 27%, 27%
HSV	221°, 43%, 34%
XYZ	4.7583, 4.8115, 9.6947
YIQ	61.2620, -15.1770, 5.2310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

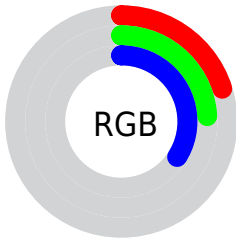
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 59, 87
Decimal	3292759
CIE _{Lab}	26.19, 2.42, -16.56
CIE _{LCh}	26, 16.741, 278.318
Yxy	4.8115, 0.2470, 0.2498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281482839 (0xFF323E57)
YUV	61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768
Hunter-Lab	21.9351, 0.3351, -10.8501

Details

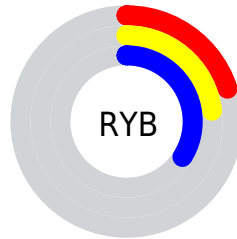
The YUV color **61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **75.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768**, and the grayscale version is **61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **108.9030, 13.8518, -9.5619**, and **17.7240, 11.9681, -12.0359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.0490, 15.7518, -12.3210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.4750, 9.6258, -7.4326**.

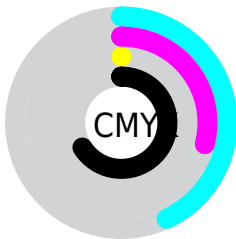
Distribution



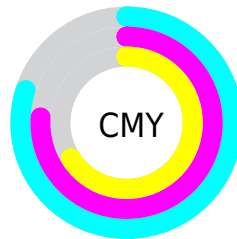
- Red (20%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.2620, 12.6888,
-9.8768

■ 61.2620, 12.6888,
-9.8768

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 38.8490, 12.3994,
-10.3916

■ 108.9030, 13.8518,
-9.5619

■ 17.7240, 11.9681,
-12.0359

■ 134.6040, 13.9992,
-10.1767

■ 2.9810, 8.8834,
-2.6143

■ 160.7180, 14.4360,
-10.2767

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 187.8320, 14.8728,
-10.3767

■ 215.3590, 15.5990,
-9.9618

■ 241.6660, 6.5737,

-8.4771

■ 61.2620, 12.6888,
-9.8768

■ 61.2620, 12.6888,
-9.8768

■ 55.0490, 15.7518,
-12.3210

■ 67.4750, 9.6258,
-7.4326

■ 49.1350, 18.6674,
-14.1504

■ 73.3890, 6.7102,
-5.6032

■ 42.9220, 21.7305,
-16.5946

■ 79.6020, 3.6472,
-3.1590

■ 36.7090, 24.7935,
-19.0388

■ 85.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 31.0830, 27.5671,
-21.9978

■ 91.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 26.3540, 29.8985,
-23.1125

■ 97.3550, -5.1050,
4.0737

■ 103.5680, -8.1680,
6.5179

■ 109.7810,
-11.2310, 8.9621

■ 115.6950,
-14.1466, 10.7915

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.4020, 13.6058, -24.0316



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



63.1390, 9.2985, 4.2631

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



62.7700, -7.7746, 20.3727



57.2060, -2.5666, -16.8437

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



75.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.3770, -8.5669, -5.5926



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



62.1130, -11.3947, 14.8099

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



63.2630, -2.1017, 20.8173



60.6450, -11.6570, 5.5733



54.7900, 5.0335, -27.8798

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



63.9720, 5.9298, 11.4256



60.6450, -11.6570, 5.5733



58.2450, -5.0508, -13.3699

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



101.9440, 4.9576, -3.4589



74.5690, 0.2125, -21.5470



49.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768



72.6510, 19.3991, -15.4799



56.0120, 15.2771, -0.0105



40.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



32.7430, 36.6087, -28.7156



71.4020, 80.6538, -62.6196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4310, -0.2125, 21.5470



74.2090, -0.1030, 33.1427



80.9880, -15.2771, 0.0105



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



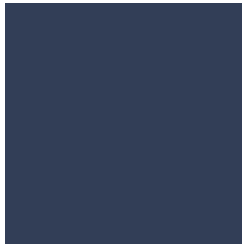
35.9830, -0.4846, 62.2819



78.9290, -1.4440, 136.8743

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

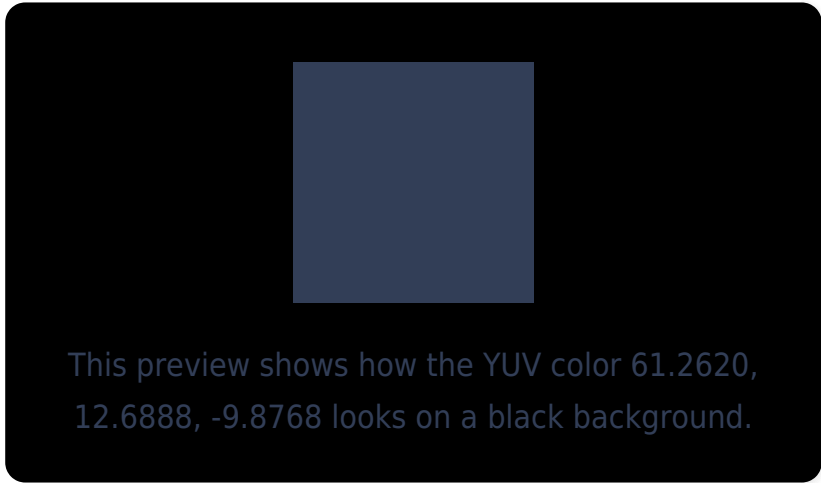
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

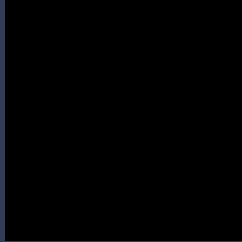
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

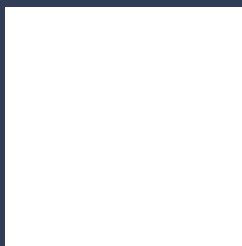
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.2620, 12.6888,

-9.8768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768

Protanopia

61.7570, 11.9518, -6.8029

Deuteranopia

61.5720, 12.5360, -7.5176



Tritanopia

59.8890, 4.9847, -12.1807

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768

Protanomaly

61.4580, 12.0992, -7.4177

Deuteranomaly

61.2730, 12.6834, -8.1324

Tritanomaly

60.2850, 7.7475, -11.6509

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768

Achromatopsia

61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

60.8300, 4.5208, -3.3589

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 62, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 62, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 62, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 62, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 62, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 62, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(50, 62, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 62, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 62, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 62, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 61.2620, 12.6888, -9.8768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 62, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 62,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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