

Converting Colors

YUV(61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 871F1B |
| RGB | 135, 31, 27 |
| RGB Percent | 53%, 12%, 11% |
| CMY | 0.4706, 0.8784, 0.8941 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.77, 0.80, 0.47 |
| HSL | 2°, 67%, 32% |
| HSV | 2°, 80%, 53% |
| XYZ | 10.6795, 6.2100, 1.6727 |
| YIQ | 61.6400, 63.2680, 20.8040 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

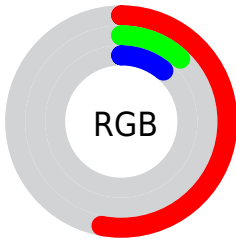
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 135, 31, 27 |
| Decimal | 8855323 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 29.94, 43.27, 29.48 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 30, 52.360, 34.268 |
| Yxy | 6.2100, 0.5753, 0.3346 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287045403 (0xFF871F1B) |
| YUV | 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 |
| Hunter-Lab | 24.9199, 32.8869, 13.4642 |

Details

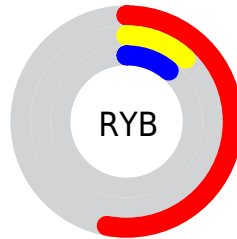
The YUV color **61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **100.3600, 17.0775, -64.3367**, and the grayscale version is **62.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115.4080, -21.8931, 68.9252**, and **23.0230, -11.3503, 47.3378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.4130, -19.4306, 72.4288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **70.8670, -14.7244, 56.2446**.

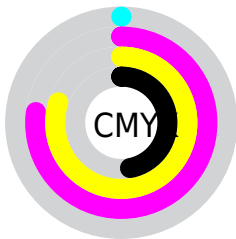
Distribution



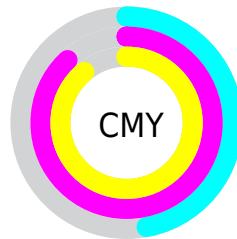
- Red (53%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367

■ 61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 32.0360, -14.3147,
64.8664

■ 115.4080,
-21.8931, 68.9252

■ 23.0230, -11.3503,
47.3378

■ 142.6750,
-23.5038, 72.1990

■ 15.7760, -6.7916,
31.7684

■ 170.3440,
-24.8196, 74.2433

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 189.1570,
-21.2764, 57.7443

■ 208.5570,
-18.0226, 40.7305

■ 228.7720,

-14.1846, 23.0020

■ 248.9870,
-10.3466, 5.2734

■ 61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367

■ 61.6400, -17.0775,
64.3367

■ 52.4130, -19.4306,
72.4288

■ 70.8670, -14.7244,
56.2446

■ 43.3000, -21.3469,
80.4209

■ 79.9800, -12.8081,
48.2525

■ 89.2070, -10.4551,
40.1605

■ 98.3200, -8.5388,
32.1684

■ 107.4330, -6.6225,
24.1763

■ 116.6600, -4.2694,
16.0842

■ 125.8870, -1.9163,
7.9921

■ 135.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.2270, 2.3531,
-8.0921

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9550, 5.4452, 73.7075



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



65.7840, -32.4315, 42.2854

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



54.1300, -10.9101, -47.4720



60.8800, 45.4152, -53.3918

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



100.3600, 17.0775, -64.3367

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.7240, 38.5901, -57.6399



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



60.2060, 7.2934, -52.8007

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



58.9090, -29.0421, -18.3372



64.8800, 25.2022, -56.8998



71.1430, 33.4535, 3.3826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



66.8480, -32.9561, 23.8123



64.8800, 25.2022, -56.8998



63.1140, 43.8208, -55.3510

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



147.1450, -6.4805, 25.3058



71.1480, 29.5070, 55.9982



71.3610, -4.1220, 15.4694



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367



61.0530, -26.6481, 100.8085



93.3380, -32.7046, 36.5376



61.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



41.8050, -20.6099, 77.3470



0.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.3600, 17.0775, -64.3367



121.9470, 26.6481, -100.8085



68.6620, 32.7046, -36.5376



64.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



88.1950, 20.6099, -77.3470



1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

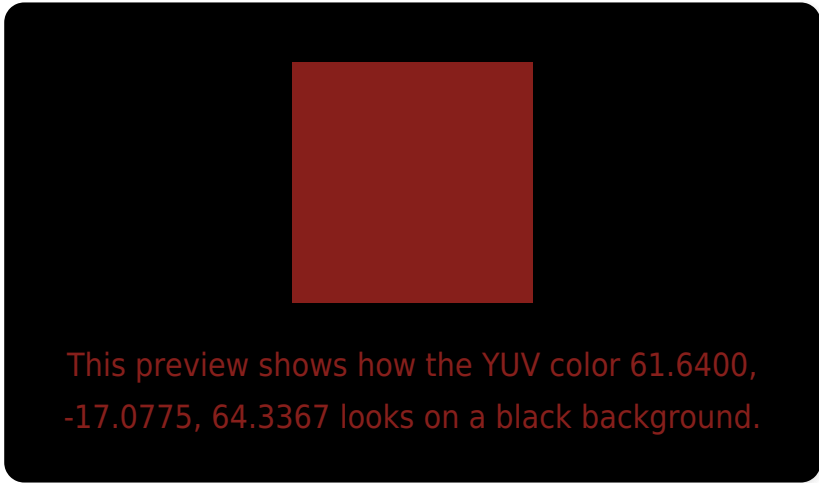
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.6400, -17.0775,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367

Protanopia

70.2170, -15.8830, 7.7027

Deuteranopia

69.1770, -25.2303, 19.1388



Tritanopia

61.5090, -15.0409, 64.4516

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367

Protanomaly

66.9360, -16.2374, 28.1201

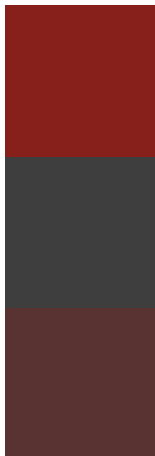
Deuteranomaly

66.6720, -22.5163, 35.3677

Tritanomaly

61.3950, -15.4777, 64.5516

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367

Achromatopsia

62.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

62.1340, -6.4751, 23.5615

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 31, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 31, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 31, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 31, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 31, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 31, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 31, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 31, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 31, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 31,  
27) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 61.6400, -17.0775, 64.3367 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 31, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135, 31,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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