

Converting Colors

YUV(61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F2FB1
RGB	47, 47, 177
RGB Percent	18%, 18%, 69%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8157, 0.3059
CMYK	0.73, 0.73, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	240°, 58%, 44%
HSV	240°, 73%, 69%
XYZ	10.1246, 5.8117, 42.1831
YIQ	61.8200, -41.7300, 40.4300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

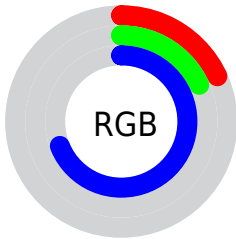
Format	Color
R_{YB}	47, 47, 177
Decimal	3092401
CIE _{Lab}	28.93, 43.35, -68.33
CIE _{LCh}	29, 80.919, 302.389
Yxy	5.8117, 0.1742, 0.1000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281282481 (0xFF2F2FB1)
YUV	61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971
Hunter-Lab	24.1075, 32.7782, -86.8702

Details

The YUV color **61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **162.1800, -56.7837, 12.9971**, and the grayscale version is **61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **116.2280, 58.0616, -2.8310**, and **16.3700, 52.5686, -14.3565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.8720, 64.6461, -14.7967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7680, 48.9214, -11.1975**.

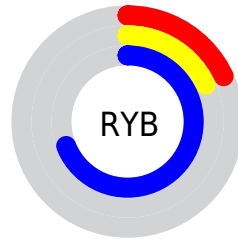
Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (18%)

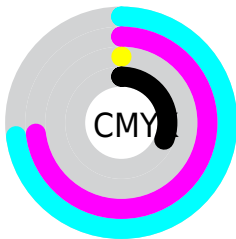
Blue (69%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (69%)

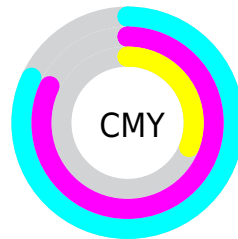


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971

■ 61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 31.7750, 58.2849,
-27.8667

■ 116.2280, 58.0616,
-2.8310

■ 16.3700, 52.5686,
-14.3565

■ 142.2670, 55.5774,
0.6428

■ 11.0580, 42.3694,
-9.6979

■ 166.4990, 43.6310,
5.7014

■ 12.9040, 29.1343,
-11.3168

■ 191.0190, 31.5426,
9.6303

■ 7.9340, 20.2455,
-6.9581

■ 216.1370, 19.1595,
14.7889

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,
-3.2142

■ 239.1510, 7.8136,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

13.8996

0.0000

■ 61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971

■ 61.8200, 56.7837,
-12.9971

■ 45.8720, 64.6461,
-14.7967

■ 77.7680, 48.9214,
-11.1975

■ 30.8100, 72.0717,
-16.4964

■ 92.8300, 41.4958,
-9.4979

■ 20.1780, 77.3132,
-17.6961

■ 108.7780, 33.6334,
-7.6983

■ 124.7260, 25.7711,
-5.8987

■ 140.6740, 17.9087,
-4.0991

■ 155.7360, 10.4832,
-2.3995

■ 171.6840, 2.6208,
-0.5999

■ 187.6320, -5.2416,
1.1997

■ 202.6940,
-12.6671, 2.8994

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.7710, 64.2029, -59.4352



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



56.7510, 35.1258, 73.8864

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



59.4040, -29.2862, 60.1587



61.0380, 5.4043, -53.5303

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



162.1800, -56.7837, 12.9971

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



51.0690, -25.1770, -44.7875



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



63.8360, -31.4711, 14.1758

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



48.0680, -22.7115, 98.1644



48.1340, -23.7301, -42.2135



68.8070, 32.6331, -60.3437

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



58.9540, 13.8267, 92.1253



48.1340, -23.7301, -42.2135



57.9430, -3.9159, -50.8160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



184.8140, 22.2767, -5.0989



138.1300, 19.1629, -79.9210



88.4200, 13.1039, -2.9993



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971



51.0280, 88.2332, -20.1956



81.2550, 47.2023, 26.9634



81.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



17.4420, 66.8301, -15.2966



2.9640, 11.3567, -2.5994

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.6900, 37.6208, 66.9239



111.4260, 58.4570, 103.9894



142.7450, -47.2023, -26.9634



83.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



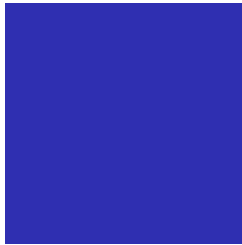
63.1890, 44.2768, 78.7642



10.7380, 7.5242, 13.3848

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

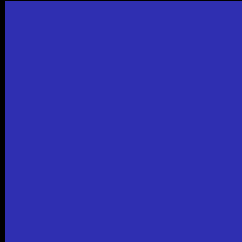
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

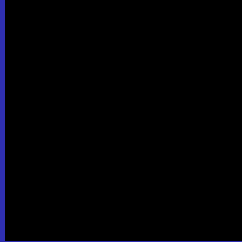
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971

Protanopia

54.4740, 41.1783, -47.7737

Deuteranopia

54.5420, 31.2848, -47.8333



Tritanopia

53.7320, 12.9501, -47.1230

Trichromacy



Original Color

61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971

Protanomaly

57.0440, 46.8133, -35.1186

Deuteranomaly

57.3230, 40.2668, -35.3633

Tritanomaly

56.3480, 28.9154, -34.5082

Monochromacy



Original Color

61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971

Achromatopsia

62.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

62.3580, 20.5295, -4.6990

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 47, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 47, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 47, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 47, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 47, 177) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 47, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 47, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 47, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 47, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 47,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 61.8200, 56.7837, -12.9971 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 47, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 47,  
177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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