

# Converting Colors

YUV(62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(62.5900, 12.0341,  
13.5146)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E3257
RGB	78, 50, 87
RGB Percent	31%, 20%, 34%
CMY	0.6941, 0.8039, 0.6588
CMYK	0.10, 0.43, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	285°, 27%, 27%
HSV	285°, 43%, 34%
XYZ	6.0028, 4.5890, 9.5862
YIQ	62.5900, 4.8110, 17.4430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

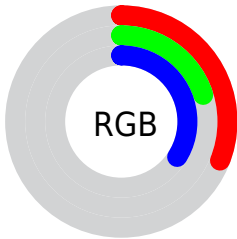
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	78, 50, 87
Decimal	5124695
CIE Lab	25.53, 20.11, -17.37
CIE LCh	26, 26.570, 319.178
Yxy	4.5890, 0.2975, 0.2274
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283314775 (0xFF4E3257)
YUV	62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146
Hunter-Lab	21.4220, 12.5300, -11.5365

# Details

The YUV color **62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **74.4100, -12.0341, -13.5146**, and the grayscale version is **62.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **110.8290, 12.9023, 15.0590**, and **18.0630, 11.3079, 13.0997** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.7090, 14.9335, 16.9182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.4710, 9.1348, 10.1109**.

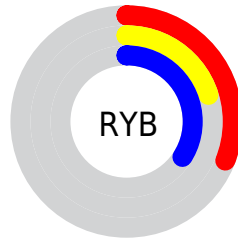
# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (20%)

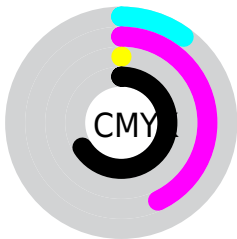
Blue (34%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (34%)

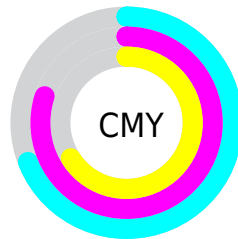


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



62.5900, 12.0341,  
13.5146

62.5900, 12.0341,  
13.5146

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

40.1770, 11.7447,  
12.9998

110.8290, 12.9023,  
15.0590

18.0630, 11.3079,  
13.0997

136.2420, 13.1917,  
15.5738

2.2800, 8.7360,  
-1.9996

162.6550, 13.4811,  
16.0886

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

190.0680, 13.7705,  
16.6034

217.5950, 14.4967,  
17.0182

240.3250, 7.2348,

12.8700

■ 62.5900, 12.0341,  
13.5146

■ 62.5900, 12.0341,  
13.5146

■ 56.7090, 14.9335,  
16.9182

■ 68.4710, 9.1348,  
10.1109

■ 51.4150, 17.5434,  
19.8070

■ 73.7650, 6.5249,  
7.2221

■ 45.5340, 20.4427,  
23.2107

■ 79.6460, 3.6255,  
3.8185

■ 39.6530, 23.3421,  
26.6143

■ 85.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 33.4730, 26.3888,  
29.4032

■ 91.7070, -2.3206,  
-2.3740

■ 29.6520, 28.2726,  
31.8772

■ 97.0010, -4.9305,  
-5.2629

■ 102.8820, -7.8298,  
-8.6665

■ 108.7630,  
-10.7292, -12.0702

■ 114.0570,  
-13.3391, -14.9590

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.9830, 19.2354, -9.6321



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



61.8000, 3.5496, 28.2394

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



59.0610, -19.2571, 16.6095



49.9990, 11.3395, -43.8491

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



74.4100, -12.0341, -13.5146

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



47.0180, 2.4561, -41.2348



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



56.9020, -18.1927, 1.8399

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



59.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



54.4420, -10.5709, -16.1736



50.7630, 19.3438, -44.5192



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



60.8130, -2.8658, 32.6130



54.4420, -10.5709, -16.1736



49.2010, 8.2819, -43.1493

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



102.8850, 4.4937, 5.3629



59.5010, 13.5570, -8.3324



50.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



74.3550, 18.5590, 20.7367



64.2550, 6.7763, 19.9474



40.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444



36.4170, 34.7974, 39.0993



80.0120, 76.4091, 85.9355



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.0890, -1.5229, 21.8469



73.6390, -2.2870, 33.6426



72.7450, -6.7763, -19.9474



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



34.9570, -4.4158, 63.1817



76.7630, -9.7432, 138.7738



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 62.5900, 12.0341,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146

### Protanopia

60.4020, 17.0568, -10.8766

### Deuteranopia

60.7570, 11.9518, -6.8029



## Tritanopia

61.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146

## Protanomaly

61.0010, 15.2825, -1.7549

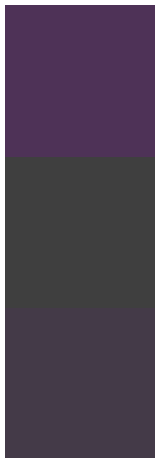
## Deuteranomaly

61.2140, 12.2195, 0.6893

## Tritanomaly

62.1030, 3.8932, 11.3107

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146

## Achromatopsia

63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

62.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 50, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 50, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 50, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 50, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 50, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 50, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 50, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 50, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 50, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 50, 87)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 62.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 50, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 50,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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