

Converting Colors

YUV(63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D2428
RGB	125, 36, 40
RGB Percent	49%, 14%, 16%
CMY	0.5098, 0.8588, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.68, 0.51
HSL	357°, 55%, 32%
HSV	357°, 71%, 49%
XYZ	9.4713, 5.7749, 2.6230
YIQ	63.0670, 51.7600, 20.1120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

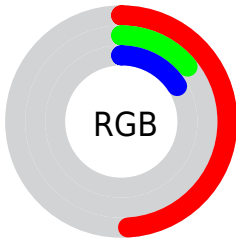
Format	Color
RYB	125, 36, 40
Decimal	8201256
CIELab	28.84, 38.54, 19.54
CIELCh	29, 43.215, 26.888
Yxy	5.7749, 0.5300, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286391336 (0xFF7D2428)
YUV	63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152
Hunter-Lab	24.0311, 28.2975, 10.3503

Details

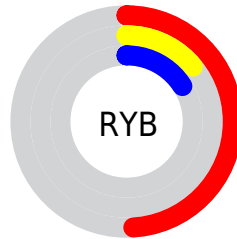
The YUV color **63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **97.9330, 11.3720, -54.3152**, and the grayscale version is **63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **115.4760, -15.0247, 59.2185**, and **20.9300, -10.3185, 43.0344** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.0680, -12.8515, 62.2074**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.0660, -9.8925, 46.4231**.

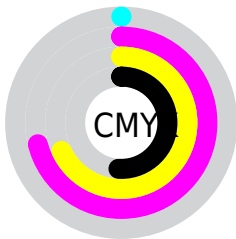
Distribution



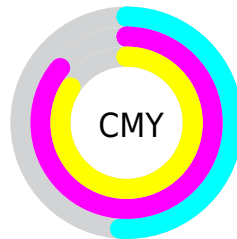
- Red (49%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152

■ 63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 34.8050, -7.2989,
54.5450

■ 115.4760,
-15.0247, 59.2185

■ 20.9300, -10.3185,
43.0344

■ 142.1450,
-16.3405, 61.2628

■ 13.6830, -5.7597,
27.4650

■ 169.3410,
-16.9301, 63.7219

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 192.0410,
-15.3032, 55.2150

■ 211.5550,
-11.6126, 38.1013

■ 231.1830, -7.4852,

20.8875

251.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152

63.0670, -11.3720,
54.3152

54.0680, -12.8515,
62.2074

72.0660, -9.8925,
46.4231

45.6560, -14.6204,
69.5847

80.4780, -8.1237,
39.0458

38.0590, -15.8051,
76.2473

89.4770, -6.6442,
31.1537

97.8890, -4.8753,
23.7763

106.8880, -3.3958,
15.8842

■ 115.3000, -1.6269,
8.5069

■ 124.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 132.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 141.0090, 2.9536,
-14.0399

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.5950, 4.6367, 52.9752



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



64.0380, -27.6267, 41.1857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



50.2660, -10.4841, -44.0833



58.2410, 37.8422, -51.0774

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



97.9330, 11.3720, -54.3152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.0960, 31.0117, -53.5812



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



55.9030, 3.4988, -49.0269

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



60.1710, -29.6643, -5.4120



59.7790, 18.3500, -52.4262



68.0400, 29.5603, -7.9281

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



64.2120, -31.6565, 27.0011



59.7790, 18.3500, -52.4262



59.7740, 36.1004, -52.4218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



139.2800, -4.5750, 20.8024



71.5610, 26.3454, 43.3580



67.3930, -2.6587, 12.8103



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



66.3590, -17.4320, 84.7542



86.0910, -24.6949, 34.1232



59.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



38.9560, -16.2473, 78.0916



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152



66.3590, -17.4320, 84.7542



74.9090, 24.6949, -34.1232



59.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



38.9560, -16.2473, 78.0916



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

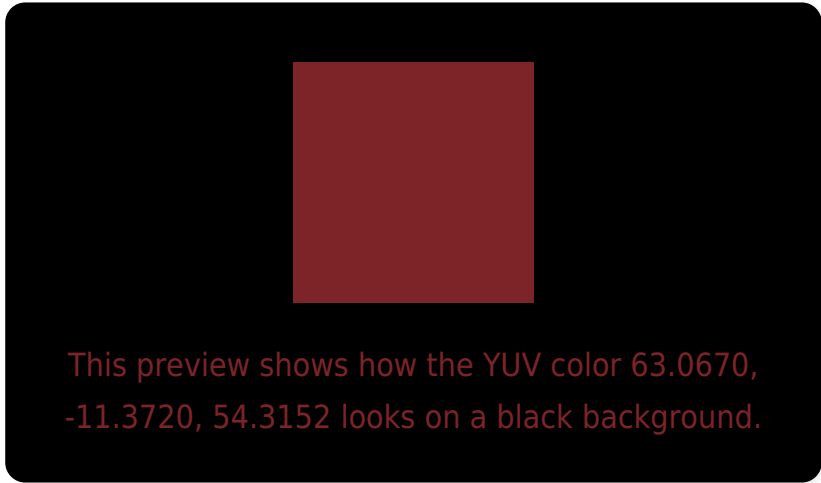
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

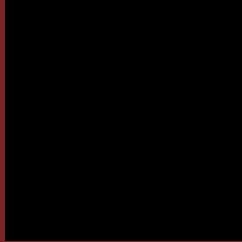
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152.

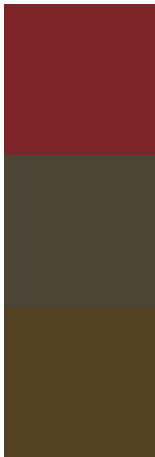


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.0670, -11.3720,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152

Protanopia

68.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735

Deuteranopia

68.1470, -16.3415, 14.7801



Tritanopia

62.8390, -12.2456, 54.5152

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152

Protanomaly

66.7380, -9.2378, 23.0318

Deuteranomaly

66.4030, -14.4957, 29.4646

Tritanomaly

62.9530, -11.8088, 54.4152

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152

Achromatopsia

63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

63.0950, -3.9908, 20.0877

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 36, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 36, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 36, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 36, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 36, 40) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 36, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 36, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 36, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 36, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 36,  
40) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 63.0670, -11.3720, 54.3152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 36, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125, 36,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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