

Converting Colors

YUV(63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(63.4140, -4.6411,
-4.7481)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3A4436
RGB	58, 68, 54
RGB Percent	23%, 27%, 21%
CMY	0.7725, 0.7333, 0.7882
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.21, 0.73
HSL	103°, 11%, 24%
HSV	103°, 21%, 27%
XYZ	4.4779, 5.3001, 4.2770
YIQ	63.4140, -1.4660, -6.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

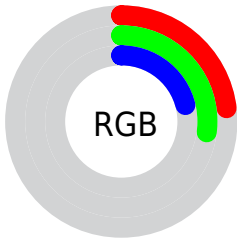
Format	Color
R_{YB}	54, 68, 64
Decimal	3818550
CIE _{Lab}	27.57, -7.23, 7.14
CIE _{LCh}	28, 10.161, 135.363
Yxy	5.3001, 0.3186, 0.3771
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282008630 (0xFF3A4436)
YUV	63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481
Hunter-Lab	23.0220, -5.5693, 5.1005

Details

The YUV color **63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **58.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481**, and the grayscale version is **63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111.0010, -4.9305, -5.2629**, and **20.5990, -5.2253, -4.0333** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.1210, -6.9617, -7.1221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740**.

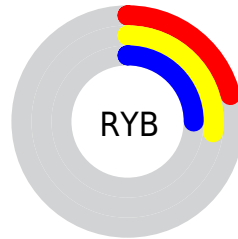
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (27%)

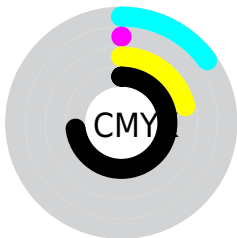
Blue (21%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (25%)

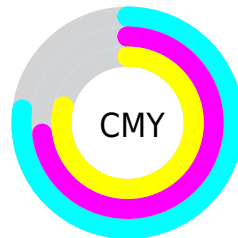


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 63.4140, -4.6411,
-4.7481

■ 63.4140, -4.6411,
-4.7481

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 41.5280, -4.2043,
-4.8481

■ 111.0010, -4.9305,
-5.2629

■ 20.5990, -5.2253,
-4.0333

■ 136.5880, -5.2199,
-5.7777

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 162.5880, -5.2199,
-5.7777

■ 189.4740, -5.6567,
-5.6777

■ 217.4740, -5.6567,
-5.6777

■ 246.0610, -5.9461,

-6.1925

■ 63.4140, -4.6411,
-4.7481

■ 63.4140, -4.6411,
-4.7481

■ 61.1210, -6.9617,
-7.1221

■ 65.7070, -2.3206,
-2.3740

■ 58.8280, -9.2822,
-9.4962

■ 68.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.6490, -11.1660,
-11.9702

■ 70.1790, 1.8838,
2.4740

■ 54.6550, -13.6339,
-13.7294

■ 72.1730, 4.3517,
4.2333

■ 52.3620, -15.9545,
-16.1035

■ 74.4660, 6.6723,
6.6073

■ 50.0690, -18.2750,
-18.4775

■ 76.7590, 8.9928,
8.9814

■ 47.7760, -20.5956,
-20.8516

■ 79.0520, 11.3134,
11.3554

■ 45.5970, -22.4793,
-23.3256

■ 81.2310, 13.1971,
13.8294

■ 83.5240, 15.5177,
16.2035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4750, -7.1362, 2.2144



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



62.4070, -0.6937, -10.8809

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



63.6980, 8.0369, -11.1361



66.3930, -2.6587, 12.8103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



58.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.4080, 1.2779, 10.1662



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



64.9270, 7.4310, -3.4440

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



62.6220, 6.5954, -15.4545



66.2870, 4.7885, 4.1333



65.8830, -5.8583, 12.3806

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



62.3680, 1.7906, -14.3547



66.2870, 4.7885, 4.1333



66.7350, -1.3484, 12.5104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



87.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



64.0560, -4.9576, 3.4589



45.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481



81.7080, -7.2510, -7.6369



62.5600, -2.7411, -7.5071



32.0600, -1.0156, -0.9296



65.3110, -32.1983, -32.7217



150.6240, -74.2576, -75.9692

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.5860, 4.6411, 4.7481



74.2920, 7.2510, 7.6369



59.4400, 2.7411, 7.5071



30.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



31.6890, 32.1983, 32.7217



73.3760, 74.2576, 75.9692

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

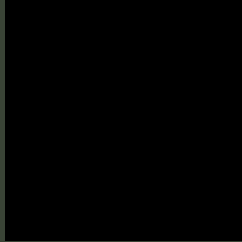
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481.

-4.7481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481

Protanopia

64.7140, -6.2680, 3.7588

Deuteranopia

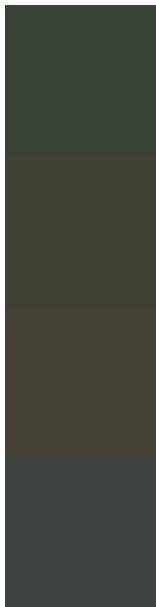
65.6760, -5.2633, 8.1771



Tritanopia

65.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738

Trichromacy



Original Color

63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481

Protanomaly

64.2190, -5.5310, 0.6849

Deuteranomaly

65.0560, -4.9576, 3.4589

Tritanomaly

64.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035

Monochromacy



Original Color

63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481

Achromatopsia

63.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

63.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 68, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 68, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 68, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 68, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 68, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 68, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(58, 68, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 68, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 68, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 68, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 63.4140, -4.6411, -4.7481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 68, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 68,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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