

# Converting Colors

YUV(63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(63.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	354738
RGB	53, 71, 56
RGB Percent	21%, 28%, 22%
CMY	0.7922, 0.7216, 0.7804
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.21, 0.72
HSL	130°, 15%, 24%
HSV	130°, 25%, 28%
XYZ	4.4352, 5.5489, 4.5787
YIQ	63.9080, -5.9130, -8.4810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

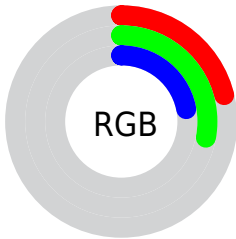
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	53, 68, 71
Decimal	3491640
CIELab	28.24, -10.70, 6.73
CIElCh	28, 12.643, 147.811
Yxy	5.5489, 0.3046, 0.3810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281681720 (0xFF354738)
YUV	63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663
Hunter-Lab	23.5561, -7.6143, 4.9649

# Details

The YUV color **63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **60.0920, 3.8986, 9.5663**, and the grayscale version is **64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **111.4950, -4.1880, -10.0811**, and **20.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.1310, -5.4876, -13.2699**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627**.

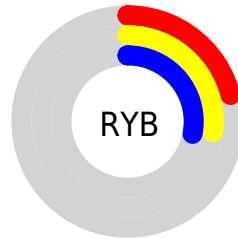
# Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (28%)

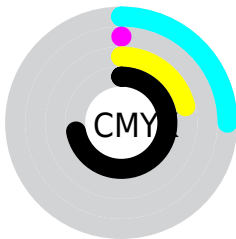
Blue (22%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (28%)

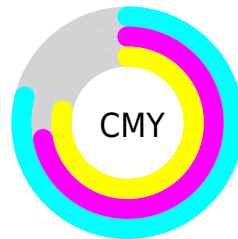


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 63.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

■ 63.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 42.0220, -3.4618,  
-9.6663

■ 111.4950, -4.1880,  
-10.0811

■ 20.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

■ 137.0820, -4.4774,  
-10.5959

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 163.6690, -4.7668,  
-11.1107

■ 190.6690, -4.7668,  
-11.1107

■ 218.2560, -5.0562,  
-11.6255

■ 246.6690, -4.7668,

-11.1107

■ 63.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

■ 63.9080, -3.8986,  
-9.5663

■ 61.1310, -5.4876,  
-13.2699

■ 66.6850, -2.3097,  
-5.8627

■ 58.3540, -7.0765,  
-16.9735

■ 69.4620, -0.7208,  
-2.1592

■ 55.5770, -8.6655,  
-20.6770

■ 72.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 52.8000, -10.2544,  
-24.3806

■ 75.0160, 2.4571,  
5.2480

■ 50.0230, -11.8433,  
-28.0842

■ 78.0920, 3.8986,  
9.5663

■ 46.9470, -13.2849,  
-32.4025

■ 80.8690, 5.4876,  
13.2699

■ 44.2840, -14.4370,  
-36.2061

■ 83.5320, 6.6397,  
17.0734

■ 43.0450, -15.3052,  
-37.7505

■ 86.3090, 8.2287,  
20.7770

■ 89.0860, 9.8176,  
24.4806

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2250, -7.9989, -1.0743



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



62.6450, 1.6540, -17.2287

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



65.8660, 9.9261, -10.4065



67.5460, -4.7062, 16.1842

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



60.0920, 3.8986, 9.5663

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3870, -0.1908, 14.5696



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



67.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



63.1100, 9.8058, -18.5135



68.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



67.3130, -8.0423, 12.8805



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



62.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876



68.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663



68.1870, -3.5432, 16.4990

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



88.9240, -1.4415, -4.3183



68.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447



44.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663



81.0060, -5.9190, -14.9143



64.9340, 0.0325, -10.4661



34.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



60.0510, -21.2241, -52.6647



137.5810, -49.0934, -120.6585



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.0920, 3.8986, 9.5663



74.9940, 5.9190, 14.9143



59.0660, -0.0325, 10.4661



33.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



39.0630, 21.6609, 52.5647

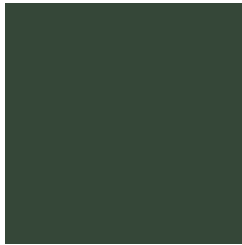


89.4190, 49.0934, 120.6585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

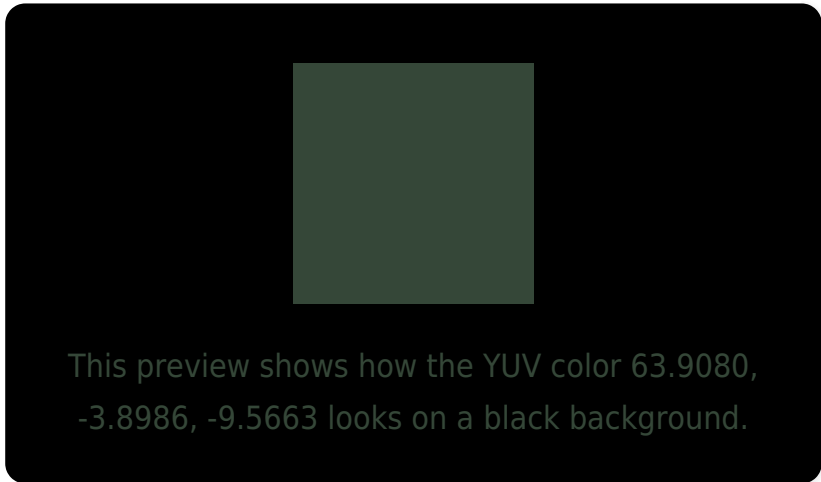
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

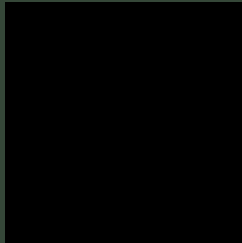
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663.



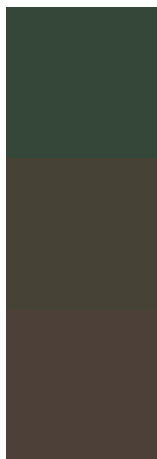
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663.

-9.5663.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663

### Protanopia

65.8280, -5.8312, 3.6588

### Deuteranopia

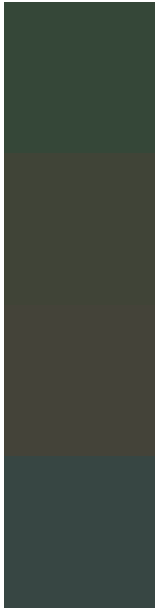
66.7900, -4.8265, 8.0772



## Tritanopia

65.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663

## Protanomaly

65.3220, -5.0887, -1.1594

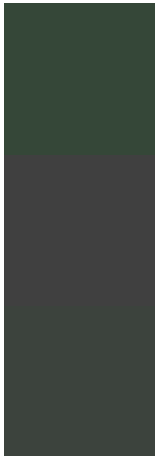
## Deuteranomaly

66.1590, -4.5154, 1.6146

## Tritanomaly

65.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663

## Achromatopsia

64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

64.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 71, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 71, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 71, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 71, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 71, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 71, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 71, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 71, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 71, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 71, 56)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 63.9080, -3.8986, -9.5663 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 71, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 71,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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