

# Converting Colors

YUV(64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0A660A
RGB	10, 102, 10
RGB Percent	4%, 40%, 4%
CMY	0.9608, 0.6000, 0.9608
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.90, 0.60
HSL	120°, 82%, 22%
HSV	120°, 90%, 40%
XYZ	4.9313, 9.5892, 1.8782
YIQ	64.0040, -25.3000, -48.1160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

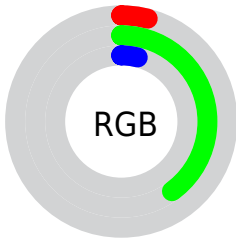
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	10, 102, 102
Decimal	681482
CIELab	37.09, -42.37, 39.87
CIELCh	37, 58.178, 136.744
Yxy	9.5892, 0.3007, 0.5848
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278871562 (0xFF0A660A)
YUV	64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615
Hunter-Lab	30.9664, -25.7655, 18.0805

# Details

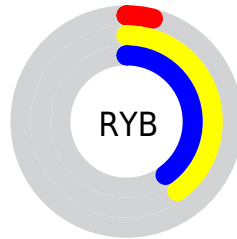
The YUV color **64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **47.9960, 26.6240, 47.3615**, and the grayscale version is **64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.3040, -28.2509, -38.8546**, and **31.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8740, -29.5179, -52.5095**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.1340, -23.7301, -42.2135**.

# Distribution



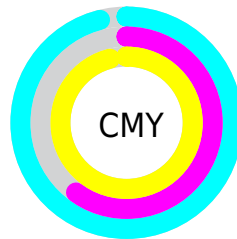
- Red (4%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615

■ 64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615

254.6580, -1.3104,  
0.2999

■ 45.1990, -22.2831,  
-39.6395

■ 120.3040,  
-28.2509, -38.8546

■ 31.1110, -15.3377,  
-27.2843

■ 147.0760,  
-29.1245, -38.6547

■ 18.7840, -9.2605,  
-16.4736

■ 174.8480,  
-29.9981, -38.4547


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 202.9080,  
-31.0136, -39.3843


■ 224.6360,  
-28.4145, -33.0068


■ 236.0860,


-20.7484, -18.4924


 248.3620,  
-12.5035, -2.9485


 64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615


 64.0040, -26.6240,  
-47.3615


 59.8740, -29.5179,  
-52.5095

 68.1340, -23.7301,  
-42.2135

 72.2640, -20.8362,  
-37.0655

 76.8070, -17.6529,  
-31.4027

 80.9370, -14.7589,  
-26.2547

 85.0670, -11.8650,  
-21.1068

■ 89.1970, -8.9711,  
-15.9588

■ 93.3270, -6.0772,  
-10.8108

■ 97.8700, -2.8939,  
-5.1480

■ 102.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.1090, -39.0007, 2.5354



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



69.5180, -2.7204, -60.9673

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



78.5190, 49.5371, -68.8612



74.4370, -5.6384, 82.0548

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



47.9960, 26.6240, 47.3615

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.4520, 15.0602, 69.7636



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



70.4970, 52.9990, -59.1949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



79.8920, 37.0282, -70.0653



88.7270, 31.1936, 28.3034



80.2690, -31.1916, 64.6621



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



73.8670, 11.4046, -64.7814



88.7270, 31.1936, 28.3034



73.9130, 2.5079, 82.5143

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



118.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328



91.5120, -40.1854, 9.1980



57.3270, -6.0772, -10.8108



194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615



78.0710, -38.4890, -68.4683



69.2480, -6.5313, -51.9605



48.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



67.5050, -33.2800, -59.2019



142.0540, -70.0326, -124.5814



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.9960, 26.6240, 47.3615



54.9290, 38.4890, 68.4683



42.7520, 6.5313, 51.9605



48.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



47.4950, 33.2800, 59.2019

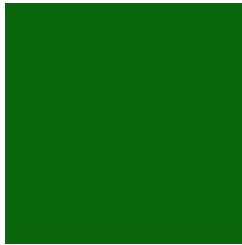


99.9460, 70.0326, 124.5814



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0040, -26.6240,

-47.3615.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615

### Protanopia

80.3710, -39.6229, 15.4606

### Deuteranopia

84.0480, -29.6037, 21.8829



## Tritanopia

80.3640, 11.1595, -32.7682

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615

## Protanomaly

74.1940, -34.6056, -7.1861

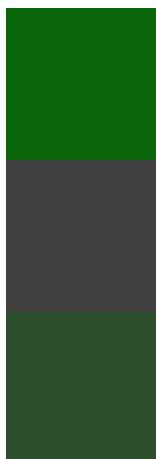
## Deuteranomaly

76.8230, -28.5067, -3.3528

## Tritanomaly

74.6610, -2.7909, -38.2907

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615

## Achromatopsia

64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

63.9580, -9.8393, -17.5032

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 102, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 102, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 102, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 102, 10) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 102, 10) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 102, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 102, 10)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 102, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 102, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 102,  
10) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 64.0040, -26.6240, -47.3615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 102, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 102,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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