

# Converting Colors

YUV(64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582)  
contains.

<b>YUV(64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(64.0470, 1.9488,  
-18.4582)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B4A44
RGB	43, 74, 68
RGB Percent	17%, 29%, 27%
CMY	0.8314, 0.7098, 0.7333
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.08, 0.71
HSL	168°, 26%, 23%
HSV	168°, 42%, 29%
XYZ	4.4884, 5.8285, 6.3573
YIQ	64.0470, -16.5500, -8.4380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

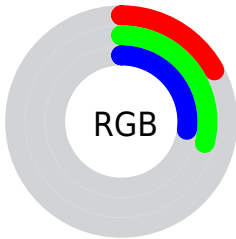
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	43, 60, 74
Decimal	2837060
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	28.98, -13.13, -0.04
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	29, 13.134, 180.196
Yxy	5.8285, 0.2692, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281027140 (0xFF2B4A44)
YUV	64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582
Hunter-Lab	24.1423, -9.0631, 1.2870

# Details

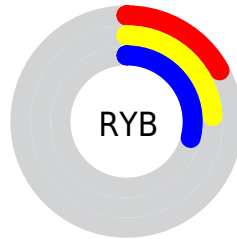
The YUV color **64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **52.9530, -1.9488, 18.4582**, and the grayscale version is **64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112.3350, 1.8068, -19.5878**, and **20.4600, 2.2382, -17.9434** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.8400, 2.5439, -22.6617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.2540, 1.3538, -14.2548**.

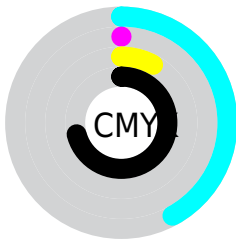
# Distribution



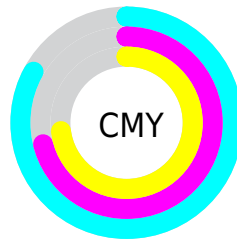
- Red (17%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



64.0470, 1.9488,  
-18.4582

64.0470, 1.9488,  
-18.4582

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

41.1610, 2.3856,  
-18.5582

112.3350, 1.8068,  
-19.5878

20.4600, 2.2382,  
-17.9434

138.0360, 1.9543,  
-20.2026

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

164.0360, 1.9543,  
-20.2026

191.6230, 1.6649,  
-20.7174

219.3240, 1.8123,  
-21.3321

245.0900, 3.4066,

-19.3729

254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 64.0470, 1.9488,  
-18.4582

■ 64.0470, 1.9488,  
-18.4582

■ 61.8400, 2.5439,  
-22.6617

■ 66.2540, 1.3538,  
-14.2548

■ 59.2200, 2.8495,  
-27.3799

■ 68.8740, 1.0481,  
-9.5365

■ 57.0130, 3.4446,  
-31.5834

■ 71.0810, 0.4531,  
-5.3330

■ 54.3930, 3.7503,  
-36.3017

■ 73.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 52.1860, 4.3453,  
-40.5051

■ 75.9080, -0.4476,  
3.5887

■ 50.2780, 4.7929,  
-44.0938

■ 78.2290, -0.6059,  
7.6922

■ 80.7350, -1.3484,  
12.5104

■ 82.9420, -1.9434,  
16.7139

■ 85.5620, -2.2491,  
21.4321

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.3100, -3.6038, -10.7959



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



63.6920, 7.0538, -22.5319

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



69.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595



68.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



52.9530, -1.9488, 18.4582

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.7310, -5.2904, 16.8989



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



70.2060, 4.3354, 9.4663

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



67.2790, 10.2155, -9.8917



69.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992



68.1120, -9.9152, 6.9178



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



64.6860, 9.5218, -20.7726



69.9850, -0.4856, 15.7992



68.7370, -7.7583, 15.1397

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



92.7710, 0.6059, -7.6922



62.9910, -9.8556, -12.2701



45.7930, 0.5951, -4.2035



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582



81.3230, 3.2918, -29.2243



59.4480, 7.1741, -14.4249



36.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



69.2220, 6.2996, -60.7077



156.1000, 14.2477, -136.8997



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.9530, -1.9488, 18.4582



63.7910, -2.8550, 29.1243



57.5520, -7.1741, 14.4249



35.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



32.7780, -6.2996, 60.7077



73.7860, -14.6845, 136.9997



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

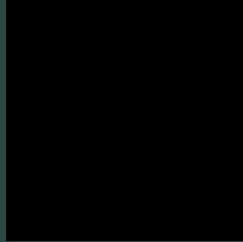
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582.

-18.4582.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582

### Protanopia

68.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

### Deuteranopia

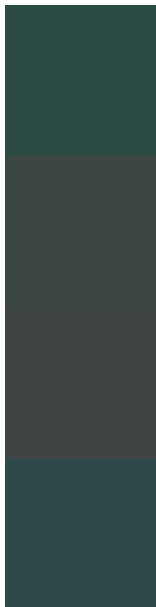
68.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



## Tritanopia

64.9100, 6.4534, -16.5841

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582

## Protanomaly

66.5540, -0.2731, -5.7479

## Deuteranomaly

67.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887

## Tritanomaly

64.7420, 4.5642, -17.3137

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582

## Achromatopsia

64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

64.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 74, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 74, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 74, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 74, 68) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 74, 68) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 74, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 74, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 74, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 74, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 74, 68)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 64.0470, 1.9488, -18.4582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 74, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 74,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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