

Converting Colors

YUV(64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(64.0840, -3.9854,
18.3433)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	553738
RGB	85, 55, 56
RGB Percent	33%, 22%, 22%
CMY	0.6667, 0.7843, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.34, 0.67
HSL	358°, 21%, 27%
HSV	358°, 35%, 33%
XYZ	5.8263, 4.9492, 4.3896
YIQ	64.0840, 17.5590, 6.6710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

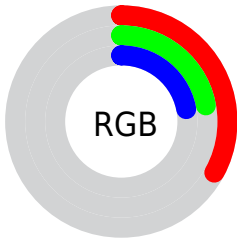
Format	Color
RYB	85, 55, 56
Decimal	5584696
CIELab	26.59, 13.57, 4.85
CIElCh	27, 14.412, 19.675
Yxy	4.9492, 0.3842, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283774776 (0xFF553738)
YUV	64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433
Hunter-Lab	22.2468, 7.8163, 3.8740

Details

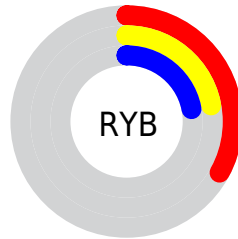
The YUV color **64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **75.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433**, and the grayscale version is **64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **112.2800, -4.5750, 20.8024**, and **20.1870, -3.5432, 16.4990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251**.

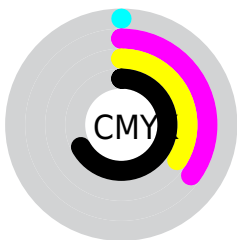
Distribution



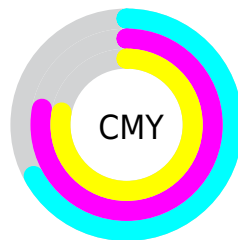
- Red (33%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 64.0840, -3.9854,
18.3433

■ 64.0840, -3.9854,
18.3433

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 41.6000, -3.2538,
17.0138

■ 112.2800, -4.5750,
20.8024

■ 20.1870, -3.5432,
16.4990

■ 137.5790, -4.7224,
21.4172

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 164.1770, -5.0173,
22.6468

■ 191.4760, -5.1647,
23.2615

■ 219.3620, -5.6015,
23.3615

■ 241.6810, -2.8007,

11.6808

■ 64.0840, -3.9854,
18.3433

■ 64.0840, -3.9854,
18.3433

■ 58.4760, -5.1647,
23.2615

■ 69.6920, -2.8062,
13.4251

■ 52.2810, -6.0545,
28.6946

■ 75.8870, -1.9163,
7.9921

■ 46.5590, -7.6706,
33.7128

■ 81.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 40.3640, -8.5605,
39.1458

■ 87.8040, 0.5896,
-2.4591

■ 34.7560, -9.7397,
44.0640

■ 93.9990, 1.4795,
-7.8921

■ 28.5610, -10.6296,
49.4970

■ 99.6070, 2.6587,
-12.8103

■ 25.7570, -11.2192,
51.9561

■ 105.3290, 4.2748,
-17.8285

■ 111.5240, 5.1647,
-23.2615

■ 117.7190, 6.0545,
-28.6946

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.4410, 1.2616, 15.3992



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



63.3350, -8.0532, 16.3692

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



60.0500, -5.9407, -7.9369



60.5880, 11.5421, -15.4247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



75.9160, 3.9854, -18.3433

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.1910, 10.2588, -23.8465



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



58.5910, 0.2016, -18.0583

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



61.1930, -9.4621, 1.5847



57.1540, 6.3331, -24.6911



62.9100, 9.9044, -3.4291

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



63.1450, -9.9315, 12.1508



57.1540, 6.3331, -24.6911



59.5660, 11.5530, -18.9134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



101.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



67.0910, 8.8291, 14.8292



51.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



77.8680, -6.3439, 28.1798



72.1880, -8.4737, 11.2361



40.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



32.4490, -14.0254, 65.3812



71.1770, -31.1463, 143.6728

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433



77.8680, -6.3439, 28.1798



67.8120, 8.4737, -11.2361



40.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



32.4490, -14.0254, 65.3812



71.1770, -31.1463, 143.6728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

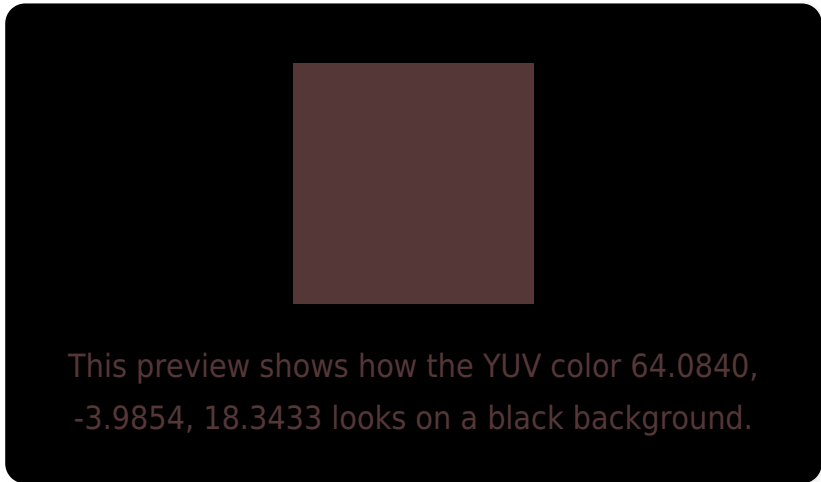
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

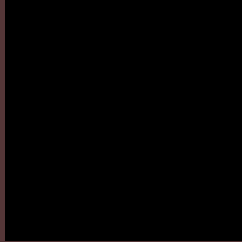
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433.

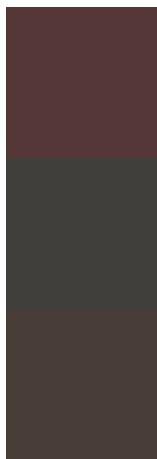


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 64.0840, -3.9854,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

Protanopia

63.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

Deuteranopia

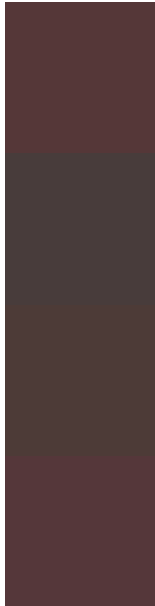
63.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624



Tritanopia

64.4260, -2.6750, 18.0434

Trichromacy



Original Color

64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

Protanomaly

63.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773

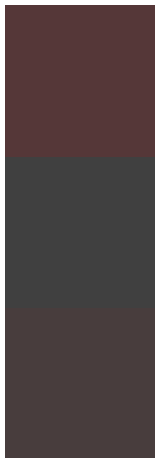
Deuteranomaly

63.9260, -4.4005, 11.4659

Tritanomaly

64.3120, -3.1118, 18.1434

Monochromacy



Original Color

64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433

Achromatopsia

64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

64.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 55, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 55, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 55, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 55, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 55, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 55, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 55, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 55, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 55, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 55, 56)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 64.0840, -3.9854, 18.3433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 55, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 55,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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